

## BEGINNER Student's Book

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	LESSON • OBJECTIVES	GRAMMAR	VOCABULARY	PRONUNCIATION	READING • LISTENING	SPEAKING • WRITING
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	LESSON • OBJECTIVES	GRAMMAR	VOCABULARY	PRONUNCIATION	READING • LISTENING	SPEAKING • WRITING
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OBJECTIVES	GRAMMAR	VOCABULARY	PRONUNCIATION	READING • LISTENING	SPEAKING • WRITING
ORY					
<b>finds</b> (p74) t past events	past simple: irregular verbs	time phrases	vowel sounds: <b>/ɔ:/</b> and <b>/əʊ</b> /	read A history of the world in 100 objects	choose 5 objects to represent the world today
<b>easures</b> (p76) t past es	past simple questions	life events	final consonant /t/ and /d/	listen to a podcast where people talk about treasured objects <b>KEY SKILL</b> Identifying reasons	<b>SPEAKING HUB</b> conduct a survey to find out about people's past experience
<b>azing!</b> (p78) t what you did ekend		react and show interest		watch people discuss what they did at the weekend	
<b>/IEW</b> (p80)	WRITING (p80) Wr	ite a paragraph about	t a past event   KEY S	KILL Using sequencing words	
FUN					
(p82) t things you like	like/love/hate/ enjoy + verb + -ing	leisure activities	verb + - <i>ing /ŋ/</i>	read a lifestyle article about staying in or going out	discuss what you like doing in your free time
<b>is</b> (p84) t favourite usic and films	object pronouns	entertainment	vowel sounds: <b>/ʊ/</b> and <b>/u:/</b>	listen to a radio interview with fans <b>KEY SKILL</b> Listening for opinions	SPEAKING HUB ask and answer questions to fir a super fan
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/IEW (p88)	WRITING (p88) Wr	ite a personal profile	KEY SKILL Using so		
WAY					
(p90) a journey	countable and uncountable nouns	travel	consonant clusters	read about journeys that go wrong	talk about a bad journey you went on
<b>oliday</b> (p92) t holiday plans	present continuous	types of holiday	vowel sounds: /I/, /i:/ and /aɪ/	listen to a competition winner on the radio <b>KEY SKILL</b> Listening for feelings	<b>SPEAKING HUB</b> Discuss and plan your dream holiday
'p94) d give opinions		ask for and give opinions		watch two friends talk about holiday destinations	
(p94)	١S		opinions	opinions	opinions holiday destinations

# MY LIFE

# Our life is what our thoughts make it. Marcus Aurelius

A collection of wellington boots.

## OBJECTIVES

describe everyday objects
 talk about your family
 describe people
 write a social media post

## Work with a partner. Discuss the questions.

- 1 Choose words that match the picture. family home job nationality school
- 2 Who do you think lives in the house?
- 3 Who is important in your life?

**3.1** That's my coat — Describe everyday objects

V – objects and colours

G- a/an and plural nouns; this, that, these, those

P-/s/, /z/ and /iz/

## CLOAKROOM



## VOCABULARY

Objects and colours

A Look at the picture. Write the letter (or letters) for these words.

a hat	
a phone	
a sweatshirt	
an umbrella	_
a bag	_q_,,,
a coat	
glasses	
headphones	

B Look at the picture again. Write the correct letter.

Which coat is ...

1	blue?	3	green?
2	red?	4	black?

C Go to the Vocabulary Hub on page 123.

## GRAMMAR

## a/an and plural nouns

A WORK IT OUT Read the examples. Choose the correct options for the sentences in the box.

In the picture, ...

letter j is a sweatshirt.

letter i is an umbrella.

letters k, l, m, and n are coats.

#### a/an and plural nouns

- We use a/an when there is one / more than one object.
- 2 We add s when there is one / more than one object.
- B Go to the Grammar Hub on page 102.

C SPEAK Work in pairs. Say the colour and name of an object in the picture. Your partner says the correct letter.

A: A blue bag B: Letter c! A: Correct. White glasses ...

PRONUNCIATION

/s/, /z/ and /1z/

A Listen and repeat the sounds and the words.

/s/ coats /z/ headphones /iz/ glasses

B Listen to the words. Choose the correct sound for the <u>underlined</u> letters.

1	umbrella <u>s</u>	/s/ /z/ /iz/
2	hat <u>s</u>	/s/ /z/ /1z/
3	bag <u>s</u>	/s/ /z/ /1z/
4	class <u>es</u>	/s/ /z/ /1z/

C SPEAK Work in pairs. Make a list of the objects from Vocabulary Exercise A that are in your classroom. Say how many.

A: an umbrella B: sixteen black bags

## LISTENING

A LISTEN FOR GIST Listen to the conversation. What is the problem?

- **B** LISTEN FOR KEY WORDS Listen again. Look at the picture above and circle all the objects that you hear.
- C LISTEN FOR DETAIL Listen again and answer the questions.
  - 1 What's the woman's ticket number?
  - 2 What colour is the woman's coat?
  - 3 What colour are the woman's bags?
- \_\_\_\_/-\_\_\_\_

## GRAMMAR

this, that, these, those

A Look at the pictures. Listen and complete the sentences from the conversation with this, that, these or those. 3.4



Cloakroom attendant: Is 1 your coat? Customer: No! My coat is blue. coat is green.



Customer:

bags are red and blue.

B WORK IT OUT Look at the pictures and sentences in Exercise A again. Match the numbers (1-4) with the letters (a-d) to complete the rules.

No!<sup>4</sup>

## this, that, these, those

- 1 We use this and that to talk about ...
- 2 We use these and those to talk about ...
- 3 We use this and these to talk about ....
- 4 We use that and those to talk about ...
- more than one object.
- b things that are not near.
- one object.
- d things that are near.

#### C Go the Grammar Hub on page 102.

D PRACTISE Write this, that, these or those and the name of the object for each picture.



## SPEAKING

#### A PRACTISE Work in pairs. Practise the conversation.

Can I have my hat, please?		
Is this your hat?		
No. That hat is blue. My hat is green.		
Is this your hat?		
Yes, that's my hat.		

B PREPARE Work in groups. You are going to ask for your own objects at a cloakroom.

One person is the cloakroom attendant. Go to the Communication Hub on page 129.

The rest of the group are customers.

- · Put some objects on the table. Try and put out more than one of the same type of object.
- Think about the names of the objects (hat, bag, headphones, etc).
- Think about the colours (red, blue, black, white, grey, brown, etc).
- Don't tell the attendant which object is yours.

Remember: that/those.

C DISCUSS Ask for your things at the cloakroom. Use the conversation in Exercise A to help you.

## D REPEAT Change roles and repeat.

- A: Can I have my glasses, please?
- B: Are these your glasses?
- A: No, they aren't. Those glasses are brown. My glasses are black.

- Describe everyday objects

3.1

S- finding key information

family
 P-schwa /ə/

G-have/has got

## READING

A PREPARE TO READ Look at the picture. Choose three words from the box to describe it.

cake family job party restaurant

## **100 YEARS YOUNG!**

Local woman celebrates her 100<sup>th</sup> <u>birthday</u> with her family.

Lilly Wenders is 100 years old this week, and there's a family party to celebrate. 'A lot of my family live in the same <u>town</u> as me,' says Lilly. 'Tm very lucky.' Lilly is not the oldest person in her family. She's got two **sisters**. Agatha is 103 and Hattie is 106.



Lilly has got two **children**, Sally and Emily, and three

grandchildren: Katrina, Olivia and Clara. 'I haven't got a son or a grandson,' says Lilly. 'My children and my grandchildren are all <u>women</u>.'

'Have you got any men in your family?' I ask Lilly. 'Yes, I have,' says Lilly. 'Tve got a **husband**, Arthur. It's his birthday this week, too, but he's only 84!'

### Finding key information

Finding the important information first can help you to understand a text.

Examples of important information are:

- names (people, places)
- numbers (age, time, date)

#### **B** SCAN FOR INFORMATION Read the article quickly. Match the people (1–4) with their ages (a–d).

1	Lilly	a	84
2	Agatha	ь	100
3	Hattie	c	103
4	Arthur	d	106

## C READ FOR DETAIL Read the article again. Complete the statements with the <u>underlined</u> words in the article.

- 1 The party is for Lilly's \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Lilly lives in the same \_\_\_\_\_\_ as a lot of people in her family.
- 3 Lilly has got a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ in her family.

#### D SPEAK Work in pairs. Answer the questions.

- 1 Do you know anyone who is 100 years old?
- 2 Do you live in the same town/city as your family?

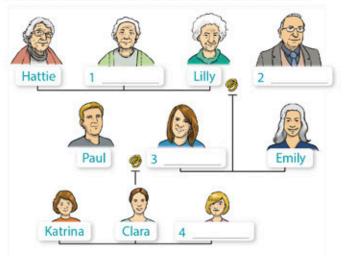
## VOCABULARY

## Family

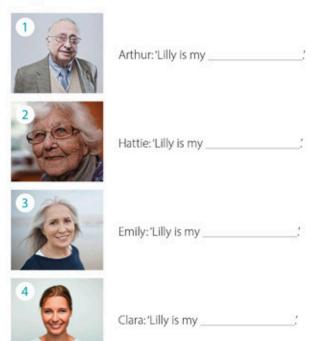
A Find the words in bold in the article. Put them in the correct place in the table.

Female	Male	
mother 1 daughter grandmother granddaughter wife	father brother 2 grandfather 3 4	
5000.F	nale and/or male	
	parents	
5	6	

B Complete the family tree with names from the article.



C Complete the sentences with words from Exercise A.



## PRONUNCIATION

schwa /ə/

3.5

3.5

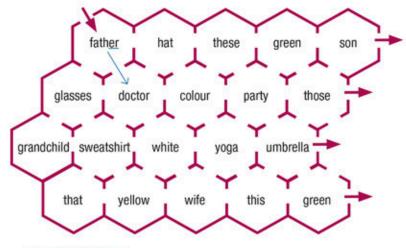
3.6

#### A Listen to the sentences. Notice how the <u>underlined</u> letters sound.

- 1 Lilly is my moth<u>er</u>.
- 3 Paul is my husb<u>a</u>nd.
- Arthur is my father.
- 4 I've got three children.
- B Listen again and repeat.

#### C Underline the letters with the schwa sound. Listen and check.

- 1 daughter 2 parents 3 grandfather 4 brother
- D Connect the words with the schwa sound to get out of the maze.



## GRAMMAR

have/has got

- A WORK IT OUT Read the phrases from 100 years young! Underline examples of have/has got. Then choose the correct option to complete the rule.
  - Lilly has got two children, ...
  - 'I haven't got a son or a grandson, ...'
  - 'Have you got any men in your family?'

'Yes, I have, …''I've got a husband, …'

#### have/has got

We use have/has got to talk about somebody's age / family members and things that we own.

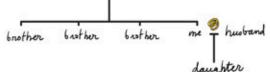
#### B WORK IT OUT Complete the table with the words in the box.

Has hasn't (x2) Have have haven't 've 's

have/has go	ot	
positive (+)	11ve She 2	got a sister got a brother.
negative (–)	3 He <sup>4</sup>	got a brother. got a granddaughter.
question	5 6	you got a daughter? she got a daughter?
answer	Yes, 17 Yes, she has/ N	/ No, I haven't. o, he <sup>8</sup>

C Go to the Grammar Hub on page 102.





#### B DISCUSS Work in groups. Follow the instructions:

- Fold your family trees and put them in a box.
- Take out another person's family tree.
- Ask and answer questions. Find out who each family tree belongs to.
- A: Have you got a sister, Nita?
- B: No, I haven't.
- A: Have you got three brothers?
- B: Yes, I have.
- A: Is this your family tree?
- B: Yes, it is!

#### C PRACTISE Ask each other more questions about the people in your families.

- A: What's your brother's name?
- B: His name's Hector.
- A: How old is he?
- B: He's 34.
- A: What does he do?
- B: He's a builder.



# Café Hub Geographic describe people

# 3.3 Guess who —

## COMPREHENSION

A Number the events (a-d) in the order you see them (1-4). Is it easy for Gaby to meet Lucy?



## B SAre the sentences true (T) or false (F)? Watch the video again and check your answers.

- T/F 1 Gaby sees Lucy's poster in Sam's Café.
- 2 Gaby texts Lucy first. T/F
- 3 Lucy's got a yellow jacket. T/F
- 4 Lucy is English. T/F
- C Correct the false sentences in Exercise B.

## D Ho

How ma	ny bags, chairs	s, etc can you see in the picture?			
bags	3	laptops	men	tables	
chairs		plants	people	women	

5 Lucy's got a green scarf.

7 Gaby says she's not OK.

8 Gaby is Lucy's new Spanish teacher.

6 At Sam's Café, all the women have got green jackets. T/F

T/F

T/F

T/F





3.7

3.7

## FUNCTIONAL LANGUAGE

Describing people

Subject + verb	Туре	Colour	Noun
l've got	long	brown	hair.
I have	light	brown	hair.
Gaby's got a		yellow	jacket.

- A Put the words in 1–5 in the correct order. Use the box to help you.
  - 1 got / a / jacket. / green / She's
  - 2 got / They've all / jackets. / green
  - 3 Lucy's / hair. / brown / light / got
  - 4 got/Lucy's/bag./black/a
  - 5 grey/got/Lucy's/a/scarf.
- B D1:39-02:20 Watch part of the video and check your answers to Exercise A.
- C Complete the descriptions with the words in the box.

blonde curly long straight



1 short \_\_\_\_\_ hair



3



.....



D SPEAK Work in pairs. Play a game of Guess who in the class.

4

A: She's got long brown hair. B: Is it Sandra? A: Yes it is.



## PRONUNCIATION

A Listen to the conversation. Notice how the <u>underlined</u> words are stressed.

Jessica:	Hi, Mark. Are you free at two o'clock?
Mark:	Yes
Jessica:	Do you know Sam's Caté?
Mark:	Yes. See you there at two o'clock. I've got

- light brown hair and a black coat. Jessica: OK. I have long black hair, a green coat
- and a yellow scarf.
- B Listen again and repeat the conversation. Copy the stress.
  - C SPEAK Work in pairs. Practise the conversation.

## SPEAKING

- A PLAN Work in pairs. You want to do a language exchange. Arrange to meet your partner – you don't know each other.
  - · Choose a time and a place to meet.
  - Make notes about your appearance.
- B PRACTISE Work in pairs. Write and practise a similar conversation to the one in Pronunciation Exercise A.
- C REPEAT Swap roles. Choose a new time and place to meet.

O- Describe people

## W- using but

A Read the social media post. Whose birthday is it today? Match the picture with the event.



#### Florence Duprey 24th January, 9.21 am



Happy birthday to my sister Martina! Here we are at home. She's got the yellow jumper and a big smile - she's one in this picture! Our mum took this photo. Today it's Martina's 30th birthday party! We've got the cake, but Mum is late 😅! Our little sister Talia is here, too - she's in the yellow top next to her husband Larry. Martina's got a husband, too. His name is Paulo - he's the one in the white jumper.



### Using but

We use but to join ideas that are different. We've got the cake, but mum is late!

- B Read the post again. These sentences are all false. Correct the sentences.
  - 1 Martina is two years old in the first picture.
  - 2 Martina's mum is at Martina's 30th birthday party.
  - 3 Martina's got one sister.
  - 4 Larry's got a white jumper.

## WRITING

- A PLAN You are going to write a social media post. Find a picture of people in your family on a special day. Plan what you want to say.
- B WRITE Write a social media post for the picture.

O-Write a social media post

# Unit 3 Review

## GRAMMAR

A Complete the sentences with this, that, these or those.





bags are blue.

#### B Complete the sentences with is or are.

- is 1 This bag green.
- yellow. 2 Those hats
- 3 Those headphones \_\_\_\_\_ black.
- 4 These glasses white.
- 5 This phone grey.
- 6 Those bags brown.
- C Choose the correct option to complete the sentences.
  - 1 I've got / I got a son.
  - 2 Have you got / Have got you a brown coat? Yes, I got / have.
  - 3 I not have / haven't got a brother.
  - 4 She hasn't / haven't got a granddaughter.
  - 5 Have / Has he got a brother? No, he not has / hasn't.

## VOCABULARY

## A Complete the words for objects and colours.

- 1 Myheadphonesare green.
- 2 This u b l is w
- 3 l've got a b \_\_\_\_\_ n
- s w \_\_\_\_\_ s h \_\_\_\_ are g
- 4 Mygl\_
- 5 That is a b u co t.
- 6 These are my \_\_\_ I \_\_\_ c k b \_\_\_ g s.
- B Use the information. Write the names of the people.

Angela is 6. Mary is 35. Cara is 70.

- 1 Cara :'Mary is my daughter.'
- : 'Cara is my grandmother.' 2
- :'Angela is my daughter.' 3
- Pietro is 10. Guillermo is 50. Giancarlo is 80.
- 4 :'Pietro is my grandson.'
- : 'Giancarlo is my father.' 5
- : 'Guillermo is my father.' 6

## 3.1

#### a/an and plural nouns; this, that, these, those

	Plural nouns
a hat	three hats
a phone	phones
a box	two boxes
a baby	three babies
an umbrella	two umbrellas

- We use a or an to talk about one object.
- We use an when the noun starts with a vowel sound (a, e, i, o, u). We use a when the noun doesn't start with a vowel sound.
- We don't use a or an with plural nouns (= more than one object).
- · We add -s to the end of most nouns to make them plural.
- We add -es to the end of nouns ending in -ch (e.g. watch watches), -s or -ss (e.g. class classes), -sh (e.g. brush brushes),
   -x (e.g. box boxes), and -o (e.g. potato potatoes) to make them plural.
- · For nouns ending in -y, we change the -y to -i- and add -es (e.g. baby babies).

#### this, that, these, those

• We use this and that to talk about one object.

#### Is this your bag?

· We use these and those to talk about more than one object.

#### Those actors are Italian.

- We use this and these to talk about things that are near.
   These are my shoes.
- We use that and those to talk about things that are not near.
   That's Khaled's house over there.

## 3.2

## have/has got

	Positive	Negative
l/you/we/they	I have got a phone. / I've got a phone. You have got a phone. / You've got a phone. We have got a phone. / We've got a phone. They have got a phone. / They've got a phone.	<ul> <li>I have not got a son. / I haven't got a son.</li> <li>You have not got a son. / You haven't got a son.</li> <li>We have not got a son. / We haven't got a son.</li> <li>They have not got a son. / They haven't got a son.</li> </ul>
he/she	He has got a phone. / He's got a phone. She has got a phone. / She's got a phone.	He has not got an umbrella. / She hasn't got an umbrella.
	Question	Short answers
l/you/we/they	Have I/you/we/they got children?	Yes, I/you/we/they have. No, I/you/we/they haven't.
he/she	Has he/she got a red bag?	Yes, he/she has. No, he/she hasn't.

• We use have/has got to talk about family members and things that we own.

## 3.1

### a/an and plural nouns

- A Choose a or an or no article (-) to complete the sentences and questions.
  - 1 My grandmother has got a / an / glasses.
  - 2 A / An / headphones are useful.
  - 3 Aisha hasn't got a / an / coat.
  - 4 Is there a / an / address on the letter?
  - 5 This is a / an / map of Turkey.
  - 6 Take a / an / umbrella with you!

#### B Complete the sentences and questions with the plural form of the words in brackets.

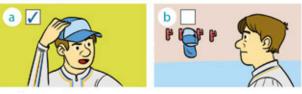
- 1 Put three <u>tomatoes</u> (tomato) in the salad.
- 2 Our \_\_\_\_\_ (family) live in the same street.
- 3 When are your English \_\_\_\_\_ (lesson)?
- 4 Which \_\_\_\_\_\_ (country) are on the map?
- 5 My answers aren't right there are red (cross)!

## this, that, these, those

- C Complete the sentences and questions with is or are.
  - 1 This phone \_\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_ great!
  - 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ that a map of Greece?
  - 3 These \_\_\_\_\_ my new shoes.
  - easy! 4 These exercises
  - 5 What \_\_\_\_\_\_ that thing over there?
  - 6 \_\_\_\_\_\_ these headphones Olivia's?

D Read the sentences and tick (✓) the correct pictures.

1 This is my new hat.



2 That is my book.





3 Those headphones are cool!





4 Are these your keys?





➤ Go back to page 19.

## 3.2

## have/has got

## A Complete the sentences with the correct form of have got.

- 1 Afua hasn't got a coat and she's cold! (-) 2 My friends and I \_\_\_\_\_ English
- classes on Sundays. (-)
- 3 My mother a new phone. (+)
- 4 | a brother. (+)
- 5 Akim \_\_\_\_\_a blue school bag. (+)

## B Put the words in order to make questions. Then write short answers.

1	my	phone.	/Have	/got	/you
---	----	--------	-------	------	------

A: Have	you got my phone	?
B: No,	I haven't	~

- 2 got / Carlo / a brother / Has
- A:
- B: No, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Have / they / a red car / got
  - ? A: B: Yes,
- ➤ Go back to page 21.

4 two grandchildren / Mary and John / Have / got

6 My dad \_\_\_\_\_ glasses. (-)

8 We a new car. (+)

10 Sarah a coat. (-)

9 They \_\_\_\_\_ grandchildren. (-)

7 She a brother and a sister. (+)

- ? A: \_\_\_\_\_
- B: Yes,
- 5 the waiter / Has / our food / got
  - A: \_\_\_\_\_? B: Yes,