**English Result Elementary Unit 11**

**Listening**

**Read the sentences in the table below. You are going to hear a teenager talking. Decide if the sentences (1-5) are true (T) or false (F).**

1. The speaker and her friend decided to look for another housemate because their house was too big for them.

2. Melanie was one of the three people who replied to the advert.

3. The speaker complains that she has to cook every evening.

4. The girls don't enjoy looking after the garden.

5. The girls are going to look for a house together next year.

**Vocabulary**

excellent accommodation washbasin self-catering available brilliant shed Slippers

1. He came to the door in his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. These potatoes are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for baking.

3. This was the only room \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a small simple building, usually built of wood or metal, used for keeping things in.

5. All prices are based on a week's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in shared houses.

6. We need overnight \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for four people.

7. He washed his shirt in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

8. This is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and fascinating piece of writing.

Complete the text with the opposite of given adjectives.

comfortable dirty cheap old cool small

My favourite place is near Edinburgh. It’s a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_apartment near the beach. It’s very \_\_\_\_\_\_ , and all the furniture is        . It’s always        in winter.

I don’t like staying in a tent because it’s too        . And I can’t stay in hotels because they’re too        .

**Grammar**

**Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives**

1. What’s the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (expensive) thing you’ve ever bought?
2. Kate Winslet’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (recent) film is very moving.
3. It’s the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (gripping) story I’ve ever read.
4. My new TV has a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (good) picture than my old one.
5. Today’s horror films are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (scary) than they were in the past.
6. Who do you think is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (good) actor in Hollywood?

**Complete the sentences with *too* , *enough*, too many , too much**

1. The new teacher isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ popular as the last one.
2. I don’t like it here. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tourists.
3. Wow! I’m sorry but it costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money.
4. Don’t drink that now. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hot.
5. We haven’t got \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money to buy three tickets.

**Complete the dialogue with too many, too much, or enough.**

**Lara** Where are we going today?

**Ramon** I don’t know. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(1) places to choose from.

**Emma** Why don’t we go to the Washington Monument?

**Ramon** Won’t there be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(2) people there?

**Emma** No, it should be OK.

**Lara** Yes, but it costs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(3) money.

**Ramon** Don’t worry. I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(4) money, I can lend you some.

**Lara** OK. Come on, let’s go.

**Ramon** Can we walk down by the river after that?

**Lara** Well, we don’t want to take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-(5) time.

**Emma** It’ll be OK. We have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(6) time.

**Ramon** Yes, and when we take the subway I don’t like it.

**Lara** Why not? Isn’t it fast \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(7) ?

**Ramon** It’s fast, but it isn’t interesting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (8) . I want to see things.

**Emma** Come on, let’s go. Otherwise we really won’t have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (9) time.

**Translate to Persian.**

1. Trains are the cheapest way to travel in Morocco. In the city of Marrakech, taxis are the easiest form of transport, but they can be expensive.

2. It is impolite to point your feet at other people when you sit on the floor. When you do this,it shows you don’t respect to them.

**Translate to English.**

1. تعطیلات تابستانی خود را درارزانترین اقامتگاه در زشت ترین و کوچک ترین دهکده اما ساکت و متروکه بگذرانید.

2. اقامتگاهی عالی در مجاورت روستایی جذاب و توریستی با اتاق های تک خوابه و دو خوابه مجهز به سرویس بهداشتی ، تلفن و تلویزیون.

Read the text.

**Busy roads**

Drivers in the UK are very angry at the moment! This is because they are soon going to have to pay more to use the roads.

In the UK, as in many countries, there are more cars on the roads every day and this is causing problems. People want to live in the country and travel to work in the towns and cities but the result is busier roads and more traffic jams.

One way to help the problem is for drivers to pay for the different roads they drive on. For example, a driver on a motorway will pay more than a driver on a country lane. But drivers are not happy. One driver, Harry Smith, says, ‘We have to use these roads to get to work. The trains and buses aren’t very good so we don’t have a choice. We have to drive. We already pay a lot for petrol. The government just wants more!’

Busy roads are definitely a problem but drivers certainly don’t think that this idea is the answer.

8 Are the sentences true or false?

1. Cars are going to be more expensive. \_\_\_
2. More people are using country roads. \_\_\_
3. A lot of people travel a long way to work. \_\_\_
4. Drivers think paying to use roads is a good idea. \_\_\_
5. The government is going to increase the price of petrol. \_\_\_

Mark: \_\_\_ /10

Writing

9 Write a leaflet about a famous city in your country (70-80 words). Include:

* a title to attract the readers’ attention
* information about interesting things to see or do there
* a suggestion for food to try there
* an interesting fact about it