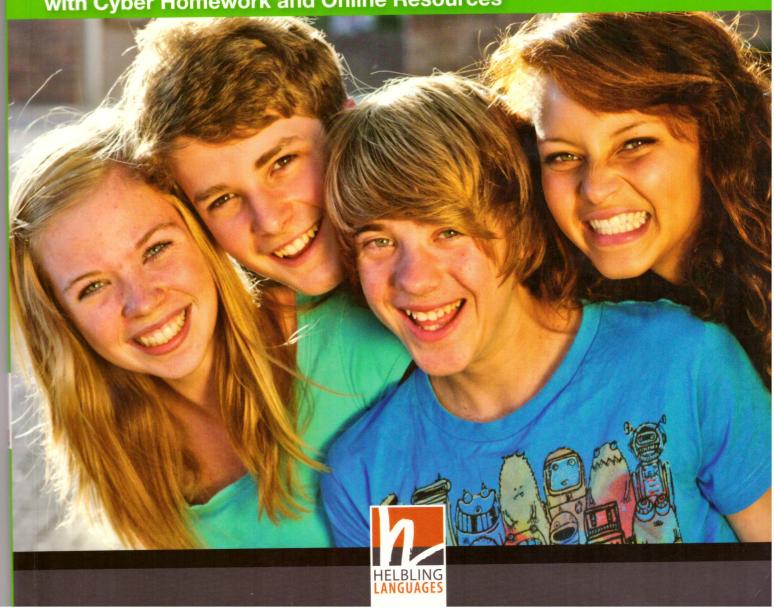


Herbert Puchta & Jeff Stranks
G. Gerngross C. Holzmann P. Lewis-Jones

Student's Book

with Cyber Homework and Online Resources



Vocabulary and Pronunciation

Skills and Communication

MORE!

STARTER

Welcome back!

- · subject pronouns
- present simple of be
- possessive adjectives
- · plural nouns
- classroom objects and language
- greetings
- saying hello
- numbersasking about age
- international words
- · colours
- days of the week

Sounds right the alphabet

- listen to and understand international words
- listen to and complete a dialogue to introduce yourself
- read about other people and where they are from
- listen to and complete facts about other people
- spelling
- talk about yourself and others

UNIT 1

How are you?

- subject pronouns (revision)
- present simple of be (revision)
 questions with Who
- (revision)possessive adjectives (revision)
- feelings
- numbers (1-20) (revision)

Sounds right

days of the week (revision)

- · introduce yourself
- · ask how people feel
- · ask about age
- read, talk and write about days of the week and feelings
- · listen and order a dialogue
- · complete a form

Culture

The United Kingdom

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: London

UNIT 2

Where's your book?

- prepositions of place
- questions with Who, Where, Why, What, What colour?
- imperatives
- · classroom objects
- prepositions of place

Sounds right

- · ask and say where things are
- · give instructions
- ask for words in English
- read about classrooms around the world
- listen to a description of classroom objects
- · ask and answer about classroom objects
- write a description of a friend

The Story of the Stones 1 DVD

They're here!

CLIL

Maths: graphs and charts

Check your progress 1

Units 1 and 2

UNIT 3

Your house is fantastic!

- there is/are
- questions with Whose...? and the possessive 's
- adjectives
- · adjectives
- furniture
- rooms
- describe things
- give information
- describe rooms and furniture
- · listen to a description of a room
- read and talk about your ideal bedroom
- · write a description of your ideal bedroom

Culture

Houses around the world

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: Berlin

UNIT 4

Is he French?

- · have got
- the article a / an
- · parts of the body
- countries and nationalities
- describe people

Sounds right

- · talk about nationality
- describe people
- talk about possessions
- read descriptions of people
- listen to and understand descriptions of people
- · describe famous people
- · write a profile for your best friend

The Story of the Stones 2 DVD

Don't worry - it's me!

CLIL

Geography: continents and nationalities

Check your progress 2

Units 3 and 4

UNIT 5

I never eat chips!

- present simple (positive)
- spelling: 3rd person singular
- adverbs of frequency
- · food
- in a restaurant
- Sounds right /I/ and /i!/
- reply to offers
- talk about favourite foods
- · listen and talk about what you eat
- read about different diets and foods
- · write about what you eat

Culture

School in England

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: Athens

Vocabulary and Pronunciation

Skills and Communication

MORE

UNIT

I go to bed at ten

- · present simple (negatives and questions and short answers)
- · object pronouns
- daily activities Sounds right
 - days of the week chant (revision)
- · ask and tell the time
- · talk about routines / times
- · read about other people's daily routines
- · listen and talk about daily routines
- · write about your day

The Story of the Stones 3 DVD

Don't be scared!

CIII

Science: a healthy diet

Check your progress 3

Units 5 and 6

UNIT

How much is this?

- demonstrative adjectives and pronouns
- · countable and uncountable nouns
- · How much? / How many?
- · some / any
- · clothes
- · talk about prices
- · talk about and describe clothes
- · buy clothes in a shop
- · listen, read and understand a story
- invent the ending to a story
- · write a text about unusual clothes

Culture

Sports in Great Britain

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: Madrid

UNIT 9

I love singing!

- · can for ability / permission
- · can questions and short answers
- · like | love | hate doing
- · family members Sounds right can
- · talk about ability
- · ask for permission
- · talk about things you like doing
- talk about family
- · read a text about an acrobat
- · listen and understand what activities people do
- · talk about fitness
- · write a text about sports

The Story of the Stones 4 DVD

Rats

CLIL

Music: the orchestra

Check your progress 4

Units 7 and 8

UNIT C

Where are you calling from?

- · telephone numbers present continuous
 - ordinal numbers · months of the year
 - · dates
- · talk on the phone
- · talk about birthdays
- discuss dates
- · say what people are doing
- · read about mobile phones
- listen and understand a phone conversation
- · write a postcard

Culture

TV or not TV?

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: Zurich

I'm surfing the web!

- · articles
- · present simple vs. present continuous
- · computers
- free-time activities
- Sounds right
- · make invitations
- · talk about your free time
- · listen and talk about technology
- · read about collections
- · write about a hobby

The Story of the Stones 5 DVD

Two more to go!

CLIL

Technology: mobiles

Check your progress 5

Units 9 and 10

The chocolates were delicious!

- · past simple of be (positive, negative, questions and short answers)
- past time expressions
- · furniture
- prepositions (revision) Sounds right
- was / were
- say where people were
- · say where things are / were · read, listen to and understand a mystery story
- talk and write about the past

Culture

British history

Extra Reading

International Crime Busters Europe: Norway

Where were you last night?

- · past simple
- · things to do
- · places to go
- Sounds right /t/ /d/ /ɪd/
- · say when you were somewhere
- find out information
- · read and listen to a story
- · write a short letter

The Story of the Stones 6 DVD

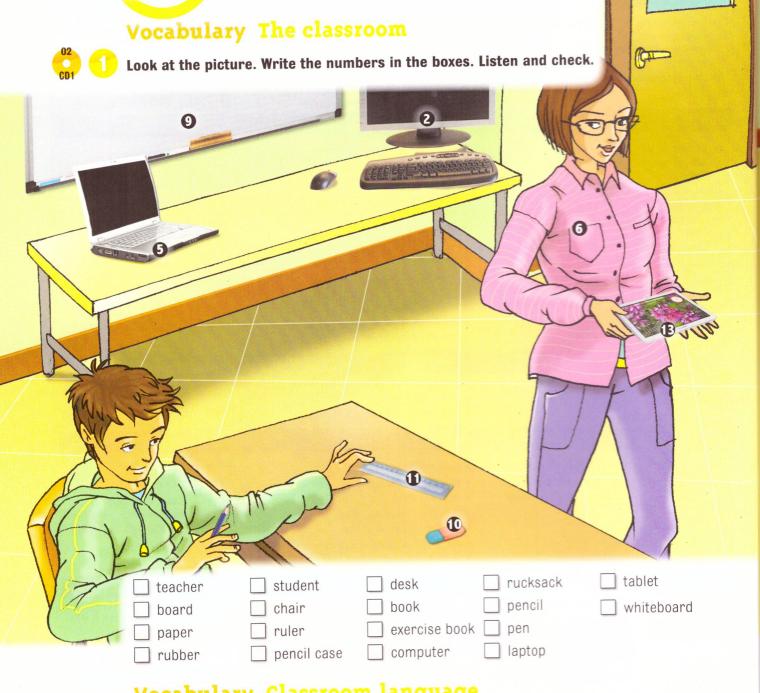
Three stones to rule the universe!

History: biography

Check your progress 6

Units 11 and 12

STARTER Welcome back!



Vocabulary Classroom language

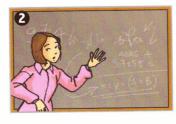


2

- a Listen and repeat.
- b Write S next to the phrases for students and T next to the ones for the teacher.



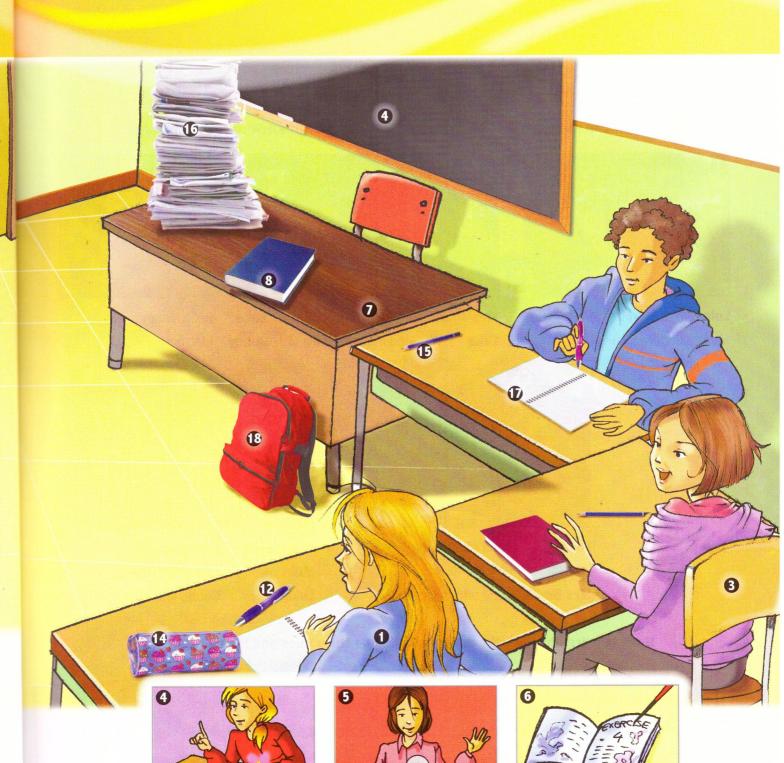




Look at the board.



Copy the sentence.



Can you repeat that, please?



Listen to the CD.



Do exercise four, please.



What's the homework, please?



Sorry, I'm late.



How do you spell 'ruler'?

Vocabulary

Greetings



3

Listen and repeat.



Luke Bye,

Mum

Bye, Mum! Goodbye, Luke.



Mrs Jones Good morning, Luke.

Luke Good morning, Mrs

Jones.



Luke Hello, Jenny.Jenny Hi, Luke.



Luke

Good afternoon,

Mrs Smith.

Mrs Smith Good afternoon, Luke.



Newsreader Good evening.

Mum Goodnight, Luke.

Luke Goodnight, Mum.



Saying hello



Listen and repeat.



Michela Hi Sue! How are you?

Sue Hi, Michela. I'm fine. And you?

Michela Great, thanks!

Ahmed Hello, Matt! How are you?

Matt I'm fine. How are you, Ahmed?

Ahmed I'm fine, thanks!



Communication

Asking about age

06 GD1

7

Listen and repeat. Write the words.

six
eight
seventeen
twelve
fifteen
two



- Listen and circle the correct names and numbers.
 - A Hi! What's your name?
 - B I'm Sarah | Susie.
 - A How old are you?
 - **B** I'm 13 / 14.
 - C Hi! What's your name?
 - D I'm Tom / Tim.
 - C How old are you?
 - **D** I'm 13 / 14.
 - Work in pairs. Practise the dialogues. Change the names and ages and invent new ones.



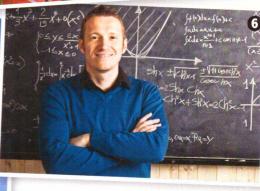
Simple present of be Positive

Subject pronouns	be	
I	am	
He / She / It	is	14.
You / We / They	are	











- 1 He is / am / are nine.
- 2 It is / am / are great.
- 3 | am / is / are thirteen.
- 4 She is / am / are fourteen.
- 5 We are / is / am students.
- 6 You are / is / am a teacher.
- 7 They are / is / am exercise books.

Subject pronouns



1

Listen and read. Circle the subject pronouns below.

Hi, I'm Jenny.

This is Sally. She is my friend.

This is Mark. He is my friend too.

They are my best friends.

We are students at Gateways School.

It is a great school.

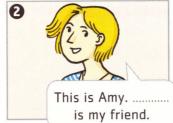




Complete the dialogue with the correct subject pronouns.

you he she it we you they













Complete the text for yourself. Then tell the class.

Hi, I'm	
This is	is my friend.
And this is	is my friend too.
We are students at	school.

Plural nouns

To make nouns plural, we add an 's'.

14 Reread the text in exercise 12 and complete the table.

Singular	Plural
friend	1
student	2
teacher	teachers

Some plurals are irregular:				
Singular Plural				
child	children			
man	men			
woman	women			
person	people			

- 15 Make the sentences plural.
 - 1 The ruler is blue.

 The rulers are blue.
 - 2 The child is 14.
 - 3 The pen is red.

- 4 The man is English.
- 5 My friend is great.
- 6 The book is about London.

Possessive adjectives

Subject pronoun	Possessive adjective
1	my
He / She / It	his / her / its
You / We / They	your / our / their



Listen and read. Use the table above. Circle the possessive adjectives in the text.

Hi! My name is David and this is my family.

My dad - his name is Alan.

My mum – her name is Christina.

Our surname is Spencer.

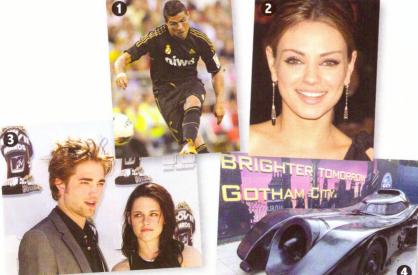
And the fish? Their names are Splish and Splash!

And the car? Its name is Betty.

What's your name?



Complete the sentences with the correct possessive adjective.



- 1 name is Cristiano.2 name is Mila.
- 3names are Robert and Kristen.
- 4 name is *The Batmobile*.
- 5 What's your name?

..... name is

6 What's the name / number of your class?

.....class is

(18) Complete the sentences about yourself and your family. Use the words below.

my our her your his

1 name is	
This is my mum. 2	name is
This is my dad. 3	name is
4surnam	e is
What's 5	surname?

Vocabulary Days of the week

10 CD1

19

Complete the days of the week. Then listen and repeat.

M D A _	FRAY
T _ E _ D _ Y	S_TDA_
WEES_A_	S D _ Y
T _ U D A _	

20 Answer the question. Then ask six friends. Write their names in the diary above.

What day is your birthday this year?

Vocabulary Colours

11 CD1

21

Write the colours under the correct picture. Then listen, check and repeat.

grey red green blue yellow orange pink purple black white

2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9 10





B My favourite colour is purple.



International words



Write the words under the pictures. Listen and check.

bus tennis hotel taxi hamburger pizza football supermarket















8

Sounds right The alphabet





Listen and repeat the alphabet.







Listen and circle the correct letter.

Spelling





- 26 a Listen and repeat.
 - A How do you spell 'hotel'?
 - **B** H-o-t-e-l / I don't know.



- **C** How do you spell your name?
- **D** M A R I 0

b Work with a partner. Choose different words and names. Ask and answer about spelling.

Reading

27

Read the texts and complete the table below.

Hi, my name's Michael. I'm from London. I'm twelve years old and I'm in Year 8 at school. My favourite colour is red. My favourite food is pizza. Hi, my name's Alice. I'm from Brighton. I'm thirteen years old and I'm in Year 9 at school. My favourite colour is purple. My favourite food is chicken.





	The state of the s	
NAME		
FROM		
AGE .		
YEAR		
FAVOURITE COLOUR		
FAVOURITE FOOD		

Listening



Listen and complete the dialogue.

Jake What's your 1.....? Sarah My name's Sarah. How old are you? Jake I'm ²..... years old. Sarah Where are you from? Jake I'm from ³...... Sarah What's your favourite colour? Jake My favourite colour is 4..... Sarah And what's your favourite food? Jake My favourite food is 5..... Sarah

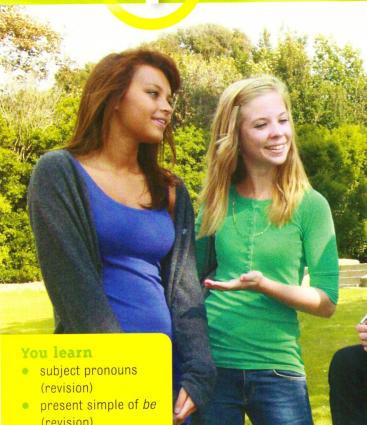


Writing and speaking

Complete the dialogue for yourself. Then practise it with a friend.



How are you?



- (revision)
- questions with Who?
- possessive adjectives (revision)
- words for feelings
- numbers (revision)

and then you can

- introduce yourself
- ask how people feel





Listen and read.

Hi, Joe, hi, Adam! Kelly Joe, Adam Hello, Kelly! How are you? **Kelly** Joe Fine, thanks. And you? Adam

I'm OK. This is Leah. She's Kelly

new.

Joe Hi, Leah!

Hi. Are you Joe? Leah

No, my name's Adam. And Adam

this is Joe.

Nice to meet you. Joe

Come on, Leah. We're late for Kelly

Meg's party.

Oh, a party? Who's Meg? Adam My sister. She's eight today. Leah Mmm - a party! With cake ... Joe

I'm hungry!

Sorry, boys. It isn't for you! Kelly

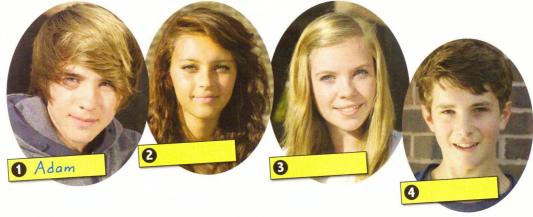
Guests only! Bye!

See you! Leah

Dialogue work

Write the names under the pictures.

Kelly Joe Adam Leah



3 Write the names in the spaces.

1	is fine.	4	is eight today.
2	is new.	5	is hungry.
3	is 0K.		

Introducing yourself



Listen and complete the dialogues.



Dialogue 1

Olivia Hello, Emma. How are you?

Emma Hi, Olivia. I'm fine, thanks.
How 1......you?

Olivia Great, thanks.

Emma Olivia, this 2......Lucas.
Lucas Hi, Olivia. Nice to meet you.

Olivia Hi, Lucas. Nice to meet you too.

Dialogue 2

Noah Hi, Tom. Meet Anna and Kim. They ³..... new here.

Kim Hi, Tom!

Tom Hi, Kim and Anna. Oh, sorry.

I ⁴.....late. Bye!

Kim and Anna Bye, Tom.

Noah Bye, bye!



6 Act out the dialogues from exercise 4.

Vocabulary

Feelings





a Listen and circle the correct word.



1 angry/bored



2 excited/sad



3 tired/hungry



4 bored/cold















5 hot/scared

6 angry/sad

7 hot/cold

8 sad/happy

9 nervous/hungry 10 angry/worried

b Now work with a partner and ask and answer.



Numbers (revision)





a Listen and circle the correct numbers.

- 1 three / nineteen books
- 2 six / sixteen pens
- 3 thirteen / fifteen pencils
- 4 twenty / four houses

- 5 *nine | nineteen* chairs
- 6 eleven / eighteen friends
- 7 twelve / twenty students
- 8 seven / seventeen computers



b Listen and write the correct numbers.

1	 taxis	5	 footballs
2	 laptops	6	 pencils
3	 friends	7	 buses
4	 books	8	 pens

Sounds right Days of the week (revision)

a Complete the days of the week. Number them in the correct order.

○ Th	1 Monday
Su	F
W	Tu
Sa	



b Listen and check.

Communication

Asking how people feel

24 CD1	4	Listen and	match	the	names	and	the	feelings
-----------	---	------------	-------	-----	-------	-----	-----	----------

1	Anna	а	angry
2	Fred	b	worried
3	Lucas	C	hot
4	Tina	d	happy
5	Peter	е	nervous
6	David	f	sad
7	Kate	g	hungry
8	Grace	h	scared
9	James	i	bored
10	Sarah	j	cold
11	Mike	1	tired

- 6 a Now interview four of your classmates.
 - A How are you today?
 - **B** I'm happy / OK / sad.
 - b Report back to the class.

Anna is happy today but David is sad. Sarah is happy today and Joe is too.

Asking about age

- 6 Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about the photos.
 - A How old is Mike?
 - B He's twelve.
 - A That's right. / That's wrong he's ...



Subject pronouns (revision)

All English sentences need a subject and a verb.

Look at the dialogue on page 14 and complete the examples with the correct subject pronouns.

1......'m hungry. 2......'s new. 3......'re late.

I'm Patrick.

You're in class 2A.

He's seven.

She's happy.

It's new.

We're friends.

You're hungry.

They're angry.

Circle the correct subject pronoun.

- 1 He / I / They are from London.
- 2 It / You / We is nice.
- 3 // You / They am thirteen.
- 4 We / They / She is fourteen.
- 5 // He / We are English.

Complete the sentences with the correct pronoun.



... are excited!



.....is a teacher.



... are twenty.



.... am late.



..... are scared.



. is a nice car.



.....is from London.

Present simple of be Positive (revision)

I'm (= | am) sad.

You're (= You are) cold.

He's (= He is) bored.

She's (= She is) in class 3B.

It's (= It is) blue.

We're (= We are) busy.

You're (= You are) happy.

They're (= They are) twelve.

Gomplete the text with am, is or are.

- 1 Hi, I'm Elina and I 1..... thirteen now. My pencil case 2..... blue. This is my friend, Bobby. He 3.... from Manchester. We 4..... in Year 8 at school.
- 2 Hello! I'm Shelly and this is Dean. We ⁵...... in Year 7. Look at our bags! They ⁶..... purple. Purple is our favourite colour!

Present simple of be Negative

Look at the dialogue on page 14 and complete the example.

It 1..... for you!

I'm not nervous. (= I am not ...)

You / We / They **aren't** happy. (= You / We / They are not ...)

He / She / It **isn't** hungry. (= He / She / It is not ...)

Circle the correct word.

- 1 He isn't / aren't happy today.
- 2 They isn't / aren't hungry.
- 3 It isn't / aren't Sunday it's Monday!
- 4 | isn't | 'm not hungry.
- 5 You isn't / aren't cold.
- 6 We isn't | aren't scared.

Present simple of be Questions and short answers

Complete the questions with Am, Is or Are.

Ques	tions	
1	I right?	
Are	ou happy?	
2	Sally nervous?	
Is it	Monday?	
Are	ve late?	
3	Fred and Dan hot?	

Short answers Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. Yes, he / she is. / No, he / she isn't. Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

Complete the questions with the correct word.

1 you happy?

2	he hungry?
3	I late?
4	they excited?
5	we in the correct
	class?
6	it Friday tomorrow

Now write the answers.

1	Yes,
2	No,
3	Yes,
4	Yes,
5	No,
6	Yes,

Questions with Who?

Look at the dialogue on page 14 and complete the example.

1..... Meg?

To ask about someone, use Who?

- A Who's (is) he? B He's (He is) David.
- A Who are they? B They're (They are) David and Maria.

Write the questions.

1	Who's he	PHe's Mark.
2)	P She's Mrs Page.
3	3	? We're the new students
4	1	P I'm Frances.
5		? They're <i>One Direction</i> !

Possessive adjectives (revision)

my / your / her / his /our / their sister. Dawn is I'm the singer in a band. Its name is Be Bop.

Listen and repeat the rap.











This isn't our dog.





Of course not. It's their dog.

That's right, I'm their dog.

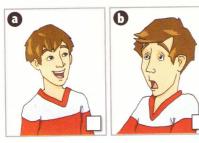


oof, woof!

Reading



Read and tick (\checkmark) the correct pictures.



Monday

It's Monday morning and Kevin's scared. He's got an English test.

It's Tuesday afternoon. Kevin's bored.

It's Wednesday evening. Kevin's hot.

It's Thursday evening. Kevin's angry. He's got a lot of homework.

It's Friday afternoon. Kevin's excited. Tomorrow's Saturday.

It's Saturday. Kevin's very happy.

It's Sunday. Kevin's sad. There's school tomorrow.













Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday













Friday

Saturday

Sunday

Listening and speaking





- a Listen and number the dialogue in the correct order.
 - A OK. Here's a slice of pizza.
 - A How are you, Julia?
 - ☐ A Hungry? OK here's an apple.
 - **B** An apple? Yuk. No, thanks.
 - **B** A slice of pizza! Thanks. Now I'm happy!
 - **B** I'm hungry. I'm really hungry.
- b Work in pairs. Practise the dialogue below. Invent new ones.
 - A How are you, (name)?
 - **B** I'm happy. I'm really happy! | I'm worried. I'm really worried.
 - A That's great! | Oh no!

Speaking

a Look at Dave's diary. Say how he feels.





- b Now complete the diary below for yourself and discuss in pairs.
- A On Monday, I'm happy.
- B Why?
- A It's school!

Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	

Writing Completing forms

a Complete the form.

About me Name: Age: Nationality: From School: My friends: I am happy / sad / excited etc today.



b Write a short text about you.



The United Kingdom

Look at the map and complete the table.

London beijas	THE Dann	DELI INCALD FOCI	111000 (419)	2
	ENGLAND	SCOTLAND	WALES	N. IRELAND
Mountains		1	Snowdon	
Rivers	The Thames	The Tweed		2
Lakes	Windermere	3		
Capital cities	4	Edinburgh		6

Bolfast The Bann Ben Nevis Loch Ness Cardiff

COUNTRIES

England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland

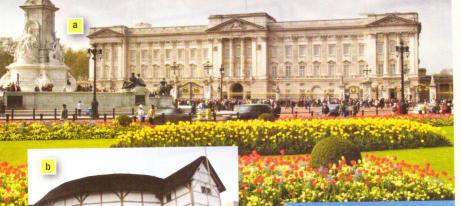
LANGUAGES

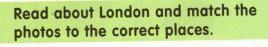
English, Welsh, Gaelic and Irish

POPULATION 63,002,000

Northern Ireland

A view over London





Wales

CARDIFF

EDINBURGH

York

England 5

- The London Eye is the biggest wheel in Europe. It is 135 metres high with 32 capsules for 25 people.
- Buckingham Palace is the home of the Queen of England. It is big with 600 rooms. There are 400 servants and 39 royal guards here.
- The Globe Theatre is one of London's most famous theatres and a copy of Shakespeare's Globe Theatre. It is a round theatre with no roof.
- Covent Garden is a market with shops and stalls and nice clothes and crafts.

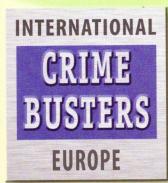
MORE! Online Action Box

Listening and Quiz online. Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.

Go to www.cambridge.org/elt/more for extra CULTURE

Extra Reading

























UNIT 2 Where's your book?







Listen and read.

Mr Jones Good morning, class!

Class Good morning, Mr Jones!

Mr Jones Who's this?

Leah I'm Leah.

Mr Jones Ah, yes, Leah - the new girl.

Leah Yes, that's right!

Mr Jones I'm Mr Jones, your English

teacher. Sit here, Leah, next to

Kelly.

Take out your books, please.

Adam, where's your book?

Adam It's in my bag, Mr Jones.

Mr Jones Well, open your bag then!

Adam But my bag isn't here, Mr Jones.

Mr Jones Where is it?

Adam I don't know, Mr Jones.

Mr Jones Don't laugh, Joe. It isn't funny.

What colour is your bag, Adam?

Adam It's black and white.

Mr Jones Is that your bag under Joe's

chair?

Adam Yes, it is!

Mr Jones Joe, give Adam his bag. Be quiet,

everyone, and open your books.

Dialogue work

- Circle the correct answer.
 - 1 Leah sits next to Joe / Kelly.
 - 2 Mr Jones is a teacher / student.
 - 3 Joe's / Adam's book isn't on his desk.
 - 4 Adam's bag is black and red / white.
 - 5 Mr Jones is *happy / angry* when the class laughs.
 - 6 Adam's bag is under Leah's / Joe's chair.

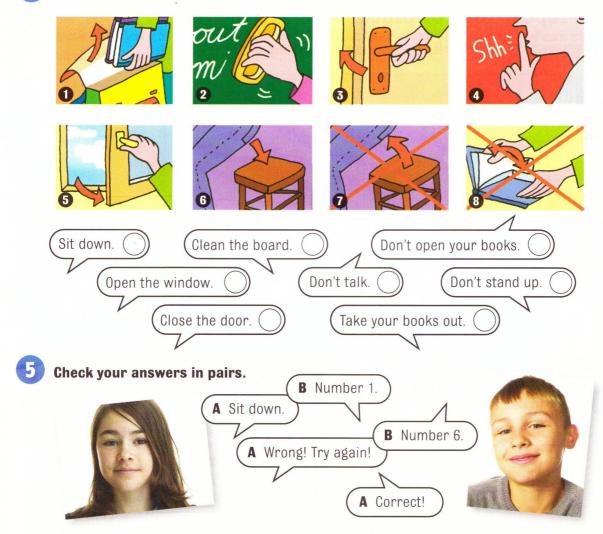
Saying where things are

- Work in pairs and make dialogues about school objects.
 - A Where's my rubber?
 - **B** I don't know. What colour is it?
 - A It's white.
 - **B** Look! It's there under your chair.



Giving instructions

Match the pictures to the speech bubbles and write the correct number.



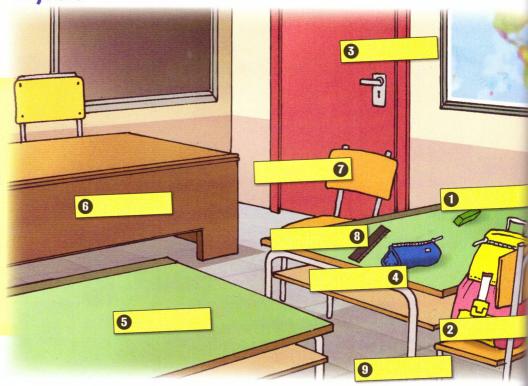
Vocabulary

Classroom objects

Read and label the objects in the picture.

In my classroom, the floor is grey and our desks are green. Our chairs are orange. The teacher's desk is brown. The door is red. My bag is yellow and pink. Yellow and pink are my favourite colours. My pencil case is blue and my ruler is black.

My rubber is green.



Prepositions of place

Where is the dog? Write the correct preposition under the picture.

in on under next to in front of behind













3 Work in pairs and talk about different objects in and around the classroom.

A Where's the computer?

B It's on the table behind the door.



26

Communication

Sounds right /ə/





a Listen and repeat.

1 teacher 2 computer 3 player 4 under 5 number 6 colour



- b Listen and repeat.
- 1 Why is the teacher under the desk?
- 2 What colour is the teacher's computer?

Asking for words in English

- 6 a Complete the sentences with the correct word from your language.
 - 1 What's in English? It's 'rucksack'.
 - 2 What's in English? It's 'pencil case'.
 - 3 What's in English? It's 'rubber'.
 - b Work in pairs and ask and answer about other objects in the classroom.

Saying where things are

Work in pairs. Look at the picture for 1 minute then close your books and ask and answer about the objects in the list below.



Giving instructions

Work in pairs. Tell each other things to do around the classroom.



Prepositions

Write the prepositions under the correct picture.

next to in under

1	on	2	3	in front of	behind

Complete the text with the words below.

in (x2) behind on next

Hi, my name is Zena. I'm fourteen and I'm
1 class 5A. My desk is 2
to the window and my friend Anna's desk is
³ my desk. My exercise book is
4 my desk. My pencils and pens ar
⁵ my pencil case .

Look at the picture and complete the sentences.

in on under next to on next to



Look at the chair 1	the
window. There's a dog	² the
chair and a cat 3	the chair!
And my school bag is i	n the corner. There's a
ruler 4	the bag. My English
book is 5	the floor,
6 my	bag.

Questions with Who, Where, Why, What, What colour?

Look at the dialogue on page 24 and complete the table.

1's your book?
² is your bag, Adam?
Who's she?
Why are you under the desk?
What's the capital of Peru?

Translate the question words into your own language.

5	Circle	the	correct	word
When the	011 010		••••	

- 1 What / Where is your English teacher's name?
- 2 Who / What colour is your rucksack?
- 3 Who / Why is your best friend?
- 4 Where / What is he from?
- 5 Why / What is he here?
- 6 Where / What is your dog now?

6	Complete the sentences with the correct
- Colon	question word.

1		is your name?
2	A	is your pen?
	B	It's red.
3	A	is in your class?
	B	Sue is.
4		is your pencil?
5		are you in this class? This is 4D
	no	t 4A!
0		is the teacher? He's late

Read the answers then complete the questions.

1	is my tablet?
	It's on the table next to the window.
2	class is he in?
	7A.
3	are you with?
	Sarah.
4	is the teacher late today?
	She's with the headmaster.

Imperatives

8 Look at the dialogue on page 24 and complete the table.

+	-
1here, Leah	Don't put your books in your bag.
² out your books, please.	Don't run!
³Well, your bag then!	4laugh, Joe.

Complete the phrases.

	Don't	Clean	Sit	Take	Stand	Close
1			. out y	your boo	oks.	
2			. the v	window,	please. I	'm cold!
3			. oper	n your b	ooks!	
4			. up!			
5			. dow	n!		
6			the I	ooard.		

Match the sentences from exercise 9 with the pictures. Write the numbers.













111 Reorder the words and write sentences.

1	the / close / door	5	the / window / open / don't
2	your / books / open	6	open / don't / door / the
3	up / stand / don't	7	pairs / in / work
4	down / don't / sit	8	board / clean / the / please

Reading



a Read and match the person to the correct classroom.



• Hi, my name's Catalina.

I'm eight years old and I'm from Chile. My classroom is a blue and white bus with desks and chairs and pictures on the walls. It's great! My desk is next to the bus door. My favourite exercise book is orange and my favourite pencil is red and green.



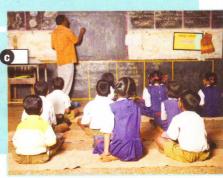
2 Hi, my name's Alhad.

I'm eleven years old and I'm from India. There are mats on the floor in our classroom. My schoolbag is green and my pencil case is yellow. My favourite colours are yellow and green. They are the colours of my favourite football team.



Hello, my name's Arro.

I'm ten years old and I'm from Finland. There is a whiteboard in our classroom and the desks are orange with black chairs. My schoolbag is red and my pencil case is black. Our exercise books for English are blue.



b Answer the questions.

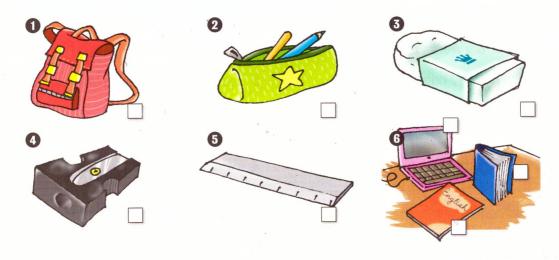
- How old is Catalina?
- 2 Where is her classroom?
- 3 What colour is her favourite pencil?
- 4 Who is from India?
- 5 How old is he?

- 6 Where are the mats in his classroom?
- 7 What are his favourite colours?
- 8 Where is Arro from?
- 9 What colour is the board in his classroom?
- 10 What are blue?

Listening



Listen to Ben and tick (\checkmark) the objects he talks about.



Speaking

- Work in pairs. Interview your partner. Then change the words and invent new dialogues.
 - Boy What colour's your pencil case?
 - **Girl** It's blue and green.
 - **Boy** OK. What colour's your *rucksack*?
 - Girl My rucksack? It's yellow.
 - **Boy** What's your favourite colour?
 - Girl Yellow!

A What colour's your pencil case? B Blue.

Writing Descriptions

4 a Complete the text with the adjectives below.

This is
Her ey
She is
She is
This is
Her pe

парру	sad	yellow	brown	green	blue	pink	purpl

This is Emma. Her hair is ¹...... Her eyes are ²...... She is ³.....today.

She is not ⁴.....

This is her rucksack. It is $^5\dots$.
Her pencil case is $^6\dots$

Her ruler is 7...... Her favourite colour is 8......







Note!

Adjectives always come after the verb be.

b Now write a description of a friend and his or her schoolbag.



The Story of the Stones 1 They're here!

Watch Episode 1 and match the pictures to the phrases.

1 Let me see. 2 How strange! 3 At last!



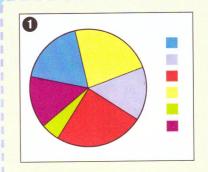




CLIL Maths

Graphs and charts

Read the key facts and label the diagrams.



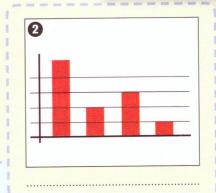
Key facts!

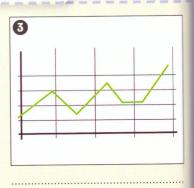
Data is another word for information.

Data can be shown on graphs and charts.

Here is a pie chart, a bar chart and a line graph.

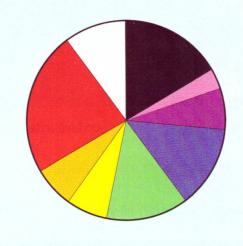
Which one is which?





2 30 students talk about their favourite colours. Answer the questions below.

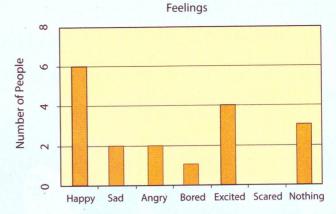
- 1 What is their favourite colour?
- 2 Does anyone like pink?
- 3 Does anyone like black?
- 4 Do more students like purple or green?
- 5 How many colours do they like in total?





1 The students make a bar chart to show how they feel. Answer the questions below.

- Use the chart to find out how many students feel sad.
- 2 How many feel happy?
- 3 How many are excited?
- 4 Do any students feel scared?
- 5 How many students are in the class?



WEBQUEST

- Draw a graph or a pie chart for the students in your class on a computer. Choose one of the topics from exercise 2 or 3.
- Print it out and present it to the class.

Check your progress I

Units 1 and 2

eventeen	form.
ght	1 I'm new here.
nirteen	
venty-five	2 They are hungry.
velve	
ourteen	3 It's very hot today.
3	
rite the objects.	4 My teachers are friendly.
c 4 CD	
c 5 d	5 Yellow is her favourite colour.
b 6 w	
	6 We are late for school.
omplete the questions.	
you bored?	Complete the dislocate
your pen on your desk?	Complete the dialogue.
Steve scared of dogs?	A 1 morning, Mrs Carter.
Sue and John happy?	B Hello, Tim. How ²
your sister 12 years old?	3?
	A ⁴ fine, thanks.
latch the answers to the questions in	This 5 Jane.
xercise 3.	B Hi, Jane. Nice ⁶ meet
No, she's 13.	7
Yes, I am.	3 Translate the sentences.
Yes, he is.	
Yes, it is.	1 My pencil is under my desk.
Yes, they are.	O O o o o o io in frant of the coheal
	2 Our car is in front of the school.
omplete the questions and answers.	7 The est is on the chair
2 points each]	3 The cat is on the chair.
colour is your pencil case?	4 Don't look at your book!
	4 Don't look at your book:
is your favourite actor?	5 Sit next to the window.
	o of float to the window.
is your rucksack?	6 Don't be sad!
	o bon t bo odd.
is your English teacher?	
is the capital of your country?	TOTAL
ald are you?	
old are you?	

MY PROGRESS SO FAR IS... brilliant! ■ quite good. ■ not great. ■



UNIT 3 Your house is fantastic!







Listen and read.

Kelly What's your new house like, Leah?

Leah It's great.

Adam Is it big?

Leah Umm – well, yes, it is. There are six bedrooms and three bathrooms.

Adam Six bedrooms? Wow! Is there a TV in your bedroom?

Leah Yes, there is. And there's a DVD player too, and a computer on the desk.

Kelly Really?

Leah Yes. But there isn't a wardrobe.

Kelly So, where are your clothes?

Leah In the room next to my bedroom.

Adam Your wardrobe is a room?! Wow, your house is fantastic! Are there any good posters on the walls? In your bedroom, I mean.

Leah Of course! There are posters of all my favourite singers and bands.

And there are lots of bookshelves, too. But there aren't a lot of books!

Kelly Wow. What an amazing house. Can we come and see it?

Leah Sure! You can see it now. Look. There it is.

Kelly But that isn't a big house ... Whose is it?

Adam It's Leah's house! It's a joke!

Leah You're right! It's my house. It isn't big really. There are two bedrooms and a bathroom. There's a desk in my room and posters on the wall, but no computer or TV. And there isn't a garden. But that's OK. We're happy!

Dialogue work

- Read the dialogue again and write Yes or No.
 - 1 Is Leah's new house big? ... No...
 - 2 Are there six bedrooms?
 - 3 Is there one bathroom?
 - 4 Are there posters on the walls?
- 5 Is there a desk?
- 6 Is there a computer in Leah's room?
- 7 Is there a garden?
- 8 Is Leah happy in her house?

Describing things

a Work with a partner. Find the opposites.

small ugly early friendly good old beautiful unfriendly bad new

























b Complete the questionnaire for yourself then ask and answer with a partner.









- What's your bedroom like?
- B It's small with a window.

What's he/she/it like?
your bedroom
your mobile phone
vour house / flat

your parent's car your computer

your best friend

Me	My partner
	1

Giving information

Complete the dialogue with the words below. Listen and check, then practise it with a partner.

where accident please spell fire

A Quickly! There's a 1..... in Horton Street!

B Can you ².....that, please?

A Yes, it's H-O-R-T-O-N Street.

B OK, an ³..... in Horton Street.

B OK, sorry! And ⁴..... are you now?

A I'm 5..... Winchester Street.

B Can you spell that too, 6.....?

A W-I-N-C-H-E-S-T-E-R Street! OK? B OK.

A No, there isn't an accident there! There's a fire!

Vocabulary

Furniture and rooms

3	-	14	h	
A		i		



Write the correct number for the rooms and furniture in the list below, then listen and check.

	kitchen hall living room garage toilet	bathroom bedroom bed sofa stereo	washbasin bath cooker fridge wardrobe	desk armchair cupboard table	curtains cushion rug bookcase chair		
		1		2			
		2	3	6	8 8 9 9		
	E B		8	23	25 #	+ + +	
Moran	A STATE OF THE STA			man Sport		Z3°	Curie Comme

Work in pairs. Cover up the list in exercise 1. Your partner says a number. You say the word.



B living room.

Communication

Describing rooms and furniture

- Work in pairs. Describe one of the rooms in exercise 1. Your partner guesses which one it is.
 - A There's a purple sofa and pink cushions.
- **B** It's the living room.
- Now describe your house or flat to your partner.

There are four rooms in my house / flat, a kitchen, bathroom, etc.

6 Look at the picture and complete the text with the correct words.



- 6 Circle the correct words then check your answers with a partner.
 - A What's your bedroom like?
 - **B** Well, there's a blue 'cooker | rug and white curtains.
 - A Is there an armchair?
 - **B** No, there isn't, but there's a ² sink / chair by my desk. It isn't an armchair. What about yours?
- **A** Well, there's an armchair and a TV in my *sofa / bedroom.
- **B** What colour's your armchair?
- A It's green, the same as my bed. But the ⁴rug / bath is blue and yellow.
- **B** My bed's blue the same as the rug.
- Practise the dialogue in exercise 6 with a partner then use it to describe your bedroom at home.
- **8** Work with partner. Talk about your favourite rooms.



A What's your favourite room in your house?



There is/are

Look at the dialogue on page 34 and complete the table below.

Positive	Negative	Questions	Positive	Negative
There is a nice big wardrobe.	² a wardrobe.	³ a TV in your bedroom?	Yes, ⁵	No, there isn't.
1six bedrooms and three bathrooms.	There aren't curtains.	4 any good posters on the walls?	Yes, there are.	No, there aren't.

- 2 Circle There is or There are.
 - 1 There is / There are a poster of a horse in my room.
 - 2 There are / There is two blue chairs in the room.
 - 3 There is / There are a computer on the table.
 - 4 There is / There are a pencil case on the floor.
 - 5 There are / There is six books in the room.
 - 6 There are / There is twenty children in the class.
- 3 Put the words into the correct order and write sentences.
 - 1 bag/a/the/in/book/is/There/.
 - 2 are / bags / the / There / floor / on / three / .
 - 3 in / the / white / living room / There / are / curtains / .
 - 4 a stereo / There / in / is / room / my /.
 - 5 armchair / in / red / the / There / hall / a / is /.
 - 6 in | two | are | garage | the | There | cars | .
- Write a description of the room in the photo.

	 	• • •	 												
•	 		 												



______ questions with Whose...? and the possessive 's

Look at the dialogue on page 34 and complete the table below.

Use Whose..? to ask who something belongs to:

1.....is it? It's Leah's house.



Bob's dog. (This is Bob. This is his dog.)



Nigella's pizza.(This is Nigella. This is her pizza.)

- Rewrite the sentences. Use the names of the people in brackets with the possessive 's.
 - 1 Is it her desk? (Sandra)

 Is it Sandra's desk?
 - 2 This MP3 player is hers. (Lucy)
 - 3 It's his pen. (Tim)
 - 4 It's her cat. (Martha)
 - 5 Steak is his favourite food. (Ken)

- 6 They're her CDs. (Sandy)
- 7 What's her favourite colour? (Annie)
- 8 Where's her schoolbag? (Jane)
- 9 Is this his? (Mike)
- 10 Are they his pictures? (Tom)

.....

Follow the lines and write sentences using the possessive 's.

des	k books	smartphone	rucksack	camera	tablet
1	Meg Noe	l Sarah	Ben	Sue	David
	/hose smartphone	is it? 3 Whos	e books are the	ey? 5 Whos	e desk is it?
	<i>l's Meg's.</i> Ihose camera is it	? 4 Whos	e rucksack is it	:? 6 Whos	e tablet is it?

Questions with Whose...? and the possessive 's

5 Look at the dialogue on page 34 and complete the table below.

Use **Whose..?** to ask who something belongs to:

1..... is it? It's Leah's house.



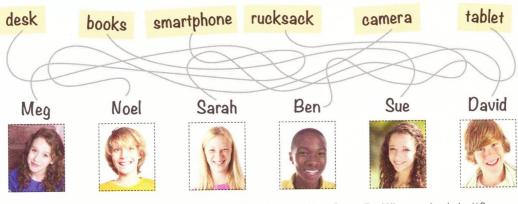




Nigella's pizza. (This is Nigella. This is her pizza.)

- Rewrite the sentences. Use the names of the people in brackets with the possessive 's.
 - 1 Is it her desk? (Sandra)
 Is it Sandra's desk?
 - 2 This MP3 player is hers. (Lucy)
 - 3 It's his pen. (Tim)
 - 4 It's her cat. (Martha)
 - 5 Steak is his favourite food. (Ken)

- They're her CDs. (Sandy)
- 7 What's her favourite colour? (Annie)
- 8 Where's her schoolbag? (Jane)
- 9 Is this his? (Mike)
- 10 Are they his pictures? (Tom)
- Follow the lines and write sentences using the possessive 's.



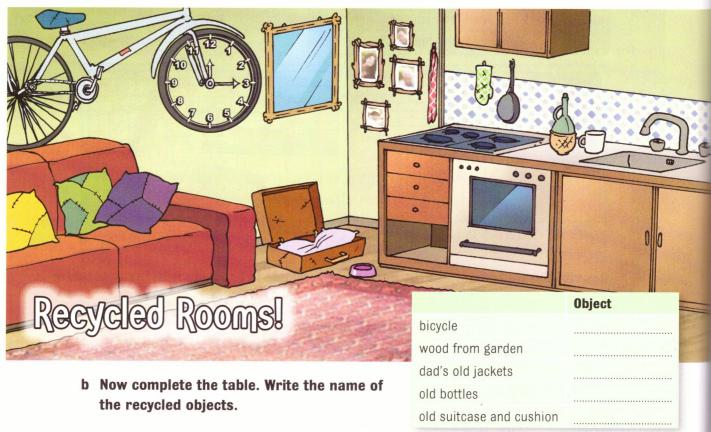
- 1 Whose smartphone is it? It's Meg's.
- 2 Whose camera is it?
- 3 Whose books are they?
- 4 Whose rucksack is it?
- 5 Whose desk is it?
- 6 Whose tablet is it?

Listening

35 CD1

1

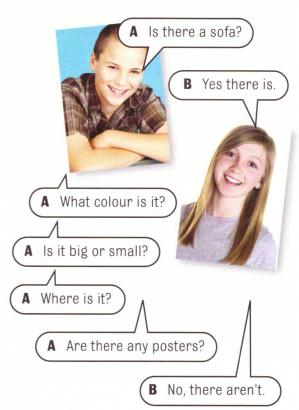
a Listen and circle the recycled objects in the picture below.



Speaking

What is your ideal bedroom like? Tick the items below then interview your partner.

	Me	My partner
big		
desk		
posters and photos		
sofa		
curtains		
photos		
cupboards		
rug		
TV		
computer		
DVD player		
wardrobe		
bookcase		



Reading

Read the description of Hannah's bedroom and circle T (True) or F (False).

My bedroom is fantastic!

There are five photos of my friends in frames on the wall and there is a small green armchair with red and green cushions. The material for the cushions is my mum's old curtains!! There are two big red cushions on the floor and a small white rug. There is a wooden desk with my computer on it and there are two big bookcases for all my books and CDs.



1	There are three photos on the wall.	T / F
2	There is a red armchair with cushions.	T / F
3	There is a TV.	T / F
4	There are two big cushions on the floor.	T / F
5	There is a blue rug on the floor.	T / F
6	There are two bookcases.	T / F

Writing Order of adjectives

Tip Remember!

Number size/shape colour object(s) two big blue picture frames

a Complete the text with the words on the left.

isn't
is
films
books
cushions
bed
sofa
bedroom

In my ideal 1	, there ²	a big TV so
I can watch my fav	vourite 3	There are lots of
4	, but there ⁵	a computer. There is a nice red
6	with five big ⁷	
8	and blue curtains.	

b Now write a description of your ideal bedroom.



Read the texts and match them to the correct photo.

- The Mongolian people are from central Asia. They are 'nomads'

 they move to find food for their sheep. Their houses are 'yurts'.

 They are made of wood and felt. Yurts are easy to move. Camels or yaks carry parts of the yurt on their back. There is only one room in a yurt. You can build a yurt in about two hours.
- This is a house in Vietnam. It has got long legs 'stilts'. The house isn't on the ground because there is a lot of rain here. The kitchen is usually in the middle of the house. The family sit and talk there. Sheep, pigs or cows often live under the house.
- The Uros people are from Lake Titicaca in Peru. There are about two thousand of them on fifty floating islands of long grass (reeds). Some Uros families have motor boats and solar panels. There is also a floating radio station! The reed is very important to the Uros they eat it, make tea from it and use it as a medicine.
- The Ndebele women are from South Africa. Their houses have bright colours and geometrical designs. Every woman has her own designs and teaches them to her daughters. The designs can have a message someone in the house is getting married, for example. The women work for a long time to finish their designs.

MORE! Online Action Box

Listening and Quiz online. Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.



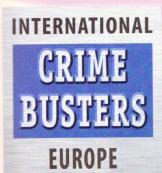
6 Camels carry the yurts their back.

7 The Ndebele are South Africa. 8 Some Uros people have panels.

Go to www.cambridge.org/elt/more for extra CULTURE

Extra Reading

Story time 👶























Dialogue work

Read the dialogue again and correct the mistakes in the sentences below.

1 Dave has got blonde hair.

2 His eyes are brown.

3 He's short.

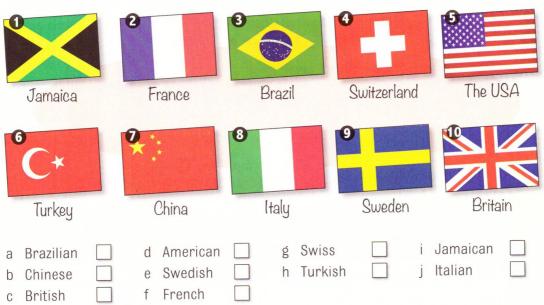
4 He's got a basketball shirt.

5 Kelly's got a camera.

Talking about nationalities



Match the flags to the nationalities, then listen and check.



Look at the photos of these Olympic Champions and say where you think each person is from.

A Where's number 1 from?

B I think she's from Britain. She's British.

A That's right! | That's wrong!









Work in pairs. Think of some other famous sportspeople and describe them.

A He's tall, and he's got fair hair and blue eyes.

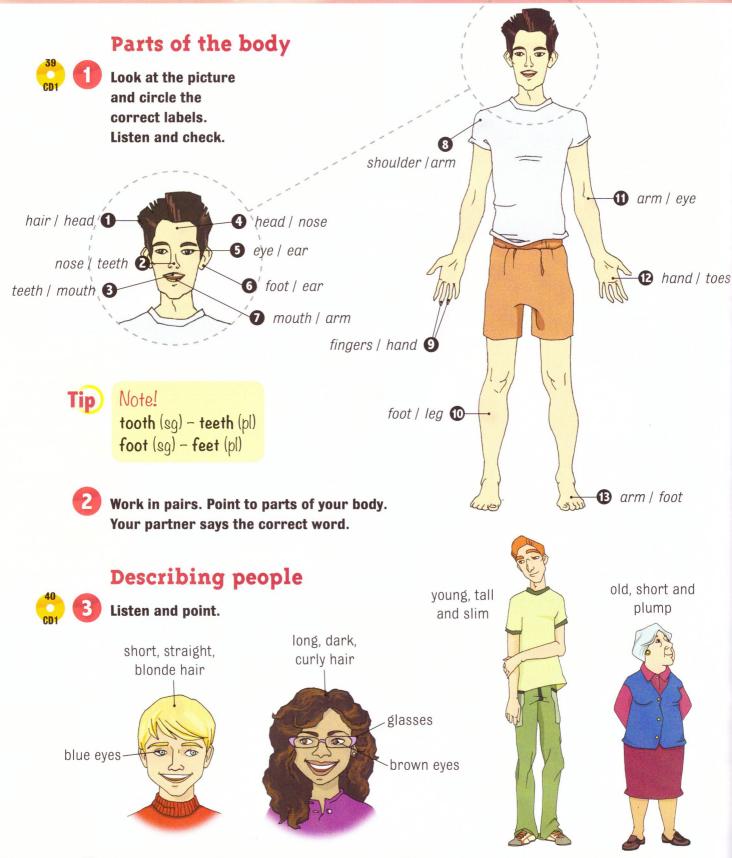
B Is he British?

A I think so. | No, he isn't. He's

B Is it ...?

A Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.

Vocabulary



- 4 Work with a partner. Describe someone in the class. Guess who it is.
 - A He's tall with glasses. He's got short, curly hair.
 - B It's Jorge.
 - A Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. Try again!

Communication

Sounds right /h/



a Listen and repeat.

1 hand

2 **h**appy



- **b** 1 Put your hands on your head.
 - 2 Is he happy or hungry?

Describing people



- 6 a Work in pairs. Listen and repeat.
 - A Has Tom got blue eyes?
- A Has Maria got dark hair?

4 **h**ungry

3 head

B Yes, he has.

B No, she hasn't. She's got blonde hair.

6 her

5 hair

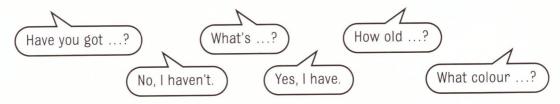
- b Now talk about other students in your class.
- A Has Mario got blue eyes?
- **B** No, he hasn't. He's got brown eyes. / I don't know.

Talking about possessions

Interview three other students in your class about possessions and tick the things they have got. Then tell the class.

lave you got	Name	Name	Name	
a computer?				
a camera?				建建程
a tablet?				
a smartphone?				
?				
?				
?				

Work in pairs. Ask and answer about other things you have got like pets, a mountain bike etc.



0

have got



Look at the dialogue on page 44 and complete the table below.

Positive			
I / you / we / they	have / 've	dot	dark hair.
He / she / it	¹ / 's	got	blue eyes.

Negative			
I / you / we / they	have not / 3	det	a camera.
He / she / it	has not / hasn't	got	big feet.

Questions		Short answers					
			Positive	Negative			
Have I / you / we / they	404	long hair?	Yes, I / you / we / they have.	No, I / you / we / they haven't .			
² he / she / it	got	long hair? a football shirt?	Yes, he / she / it 4	No, he / she / it hasn't.			

2 Complete the sentences with the positive short form of have got.

- 1 My mum a new car.
- 2 They a big house.
- 3 I a nice little dog.
- 4 My grandma a very small garden.
- 5 She a new digital camera.
- 6 We a garage.

3 Look at the picture of the pirate. Circle the correct verb.

- 1 He's got / He hasn't got a beard.
- 2 He's got | He hasn't got a wooden leg.
- 3 He's got / He hasn't got a parrot on his right shoulder.
- 4 He's got | He hasn't got a hat.
- 5 He's got / He hasn't got blonde hair.
- 6 He's got / He hasn't got a hook.

Gircle the correct word.

- 1 Have / Has you got a car?
- 2 Have / Has he got blonde hair?
- 3 Have / Has they got a house in London?
- 4 Have / Has she got a butterfly on her left shoulder?
- 5 Have / Has you got a euro for me?
- 6 Have / Has your sister got brown eyes?

Match the questions and answers.

- 1 Have you got a computer, Maria?
- 2 Has your sister got a camera?
- 3 Has your dad got a car?
- 4 Have your brothers got mobile phones?
- 5 Has your dog got brown eyes?
- 6 Has your computer got a DVD drive?
- 7 Have you got two tablets, Lisa and Hannah?

- a Yes, he has.
- b Yes, we have.
- c Yes, it has.
- d Yes, they have.
- e Yes, I have.
- f Yes, he has.
- g Yes, she has.



The article a / an

6 Look at the dialogue on page 44 and complete the table.

	football shirt
	photo
1	camera
	pen
	room

	a pple
	e ye
2	ice cream
	old one
	u mbrella

- Look at the table above and complete the rule.
 - 1 Before a noun that starts with a consonant use
 - 2 Before a noun that starts with a vowel use
- Reorder the words and write sentences and questions.
 - 1 cat / I've / a / got / .
 I've got a cat.
 2 dog / is / There / the / in / garden / a / .

 - 3 father / teacher / My / is / a / .
- 4 house / in / live / a / We / small / .
- 5 apple / he / Has / got / an / ?
- 6 a / you / Have / bike / got /?

- Oircle the correct word.
 - 1 He's got a / an red car.
 - 2 I've got an / a banana.
 - 3 Let's have a / an party!

- 4 Gloria's got a / an blue T-shirt.
- 5 It's a / an umbrella.
- 6 That's a / an egg!
- (10) Circle the correct word or phrase.
 - 1 **A** Have | Has you got a green car?
 - B Yes, I have.
 - 2 A Has she got a smartphone?
 - B Yes, she has / have.
 - 3 A Has / Have he got long hair?
 - B Yes, he has!

- 4 A He haven't / hasn't got blue eyes.
 - B No, he hasn't.
- 5 A Have / Has I got something on my head?
 - **B** No, you haven't.
- 6 A Have / Has that woman got brown eyes?
 - B Yes, she has.

1 Complete the dialogue.



- Boy
 1
 2
 smartphone?

 Girl
 Yes, I 3
 smartphone?

 Boy
 4
 it good?
- **Girl** Yes, ⁵...... very good. I ⁶..... got about 200 apps for it now!
- Boy Wow!



Reading

Read the text and complete the profiles on the right.



I've got four new friends on my
Social networks page! They're
all from the summer course in
Cambridge. Their names are
Gunilla, Mark, Riccardo and
Flavia. Gunilla's got short blonde
hair and blue eyes. She's from
Sweden and she's 15. Flavia's got
long black hair and brown eyes
and she's from Brazil. Riccardo's
got short black hair and glasses.
He's 16 and from Italy. Mark is
British. He's got curly brown hair
and green eyes. He's got a very nice
accent! He's an English teacher!

Name: Nationality:	12	Joreksonn
Nationanty. Hair:	short, ³	
Eye colour:	blue	
Age:	4	
Name:	1	Braga
Nationality:	2	
Hair:	long, ³	
Eye colour:	4	
Age:	15	
Name:	1	Rossi
Nationality:	2	
Hair:	3	
Eye colour:		
Age:	5	
Name:	1	Thompson
Nationality:	2	
Hair:	3	., brown
Eye colour:	4	
Age:	34	

Listening



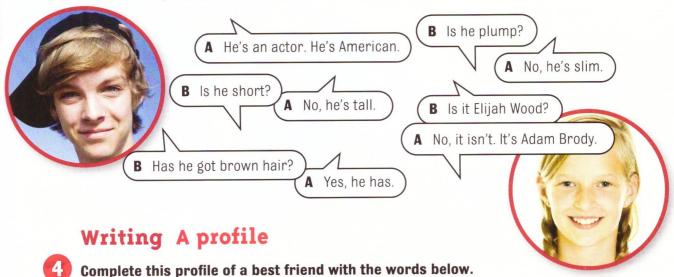


Listen to these interviews and complete the table below.

Name:	Lizzy Reed	Tom Brooks
Age:		
Colour of eyes:		
Colour of hair:		
Tick the boxes:	tall short slim plump plump	tall short slim plump
Brothers or sisters?		
Pet?		
Favourite colour?	,	
Favourite singer?	Robbie Williams	Bruno Mars

Speaking

Work in pairs and describe a famous person to your partner. Your partner can ask you three more questions about him or her and then they guess the name!



- Tip Names of people, places, football teams and nationalities have capital letters.
- 10 Now write your own profile for a best friend.

-DVD

The Story of the Stones 2 Don't worry - it's me!

Watch Episode 1 and match the pictures and the phrases.

1 Try it! 2 Let go! 3 What's going on?



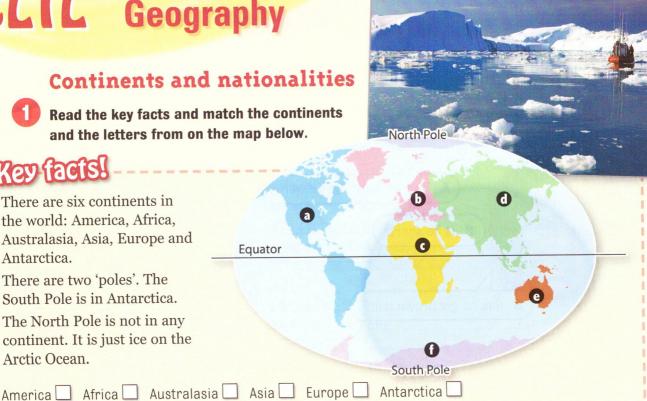




CLIL Geography

Continents and nationalities

Read the key facts and match the continents and the letters from on the map below.



a There are many countries in each continent. In which continent do you think these countries are? Discuss your answers with a partner.

I think Japan is in ...

Key facts!

Antarctica.

Arctic Ocean.

There are six continents in

the world: America, Africa, Australasia, Asia, Europe and

There are two 'poles'. The South Pole is in Antarctica. The North Pole is not in any continent. It is just ice on the

Japan

Morocco

Germany

Nigeria

Spain

l agree. / No, I think it's in .

New Zealand

Brazil

Canada

India

Argentina

- b Now check your answers on a map.
- c Look at the nationality words below and complete the sentences. Then check with a partner.

Spanish 1 People from Japan are <u>Japanese</u>.... German 2 People from New Zealand are Canadian 3 People from Morocco are Brazilian 4 People from Brazil are Indian 5 People from Germany are Moroccan 6 People from Canada are 7 People from India are New Zealanders Japanese 8 People from Spain are

Now circle the continent and country you are from on the map and complete the sentence.

WEBQUEST

- Pick a continent and find out about two countries in it.
- Talk about the geography of the countries and what the people look like.

Check your progress 2

Units 3 and 4

/rite the opposites. [$lac{1}{2}$ point each]	4 Sally glasse
big	5 you the Eng
2 early	books?
3 unfriendly	DUUKS:
1 bad	6 it a garage:
5 old	
3 happy	
Write the nationalities.	6 Write the sentences using the negative 1
	1 She has got a big dog.
1 Britain	
2 France	2 They have got a mobile phone.
3 China	2 moj nate get a mesme p
4 Italy	3 I have got black hair.
5 Switzerland	o Thave Set Stack han
6 The USA	4 You have got a sister.
Complete the sentences with <i>There is</i> /	
There are / There isn't / There aren't	5 We have got a new DVD.
1a desk in my bedroom. 🗹	C. Dad has dat blue aves
2 many posters in my room. 🗷	6 Dad has got blue eyes.
3a green rug. 🗷	
4blue curtains. 	O Laba the disladue
5a big bookcase. 🗹	Complete the dialogue.
□ 5	A 1 car is this?
Reorder the words.	B It isn't Jack's. Jack ² a c
1 two / I've / brothers / got / .	A ³ you a car, Mo
[[WO / I Ve / DIOTHELS / got / .	B Yes, I ⁴ and I ⁵ and
O bean't / Gandon / a / Got / She /	bicycle, too.
2 hasn't / garden / a / got / She / .	A 6 bicycles are they?
7 had now 1 dot 1 llog 1 oon 1 o 1 o	B 7 Ben and Jenny's.
3 he / new / got / Has / car / a / ?	
4 fet / They / computer / hove / o /	Translate the sentences.
4 got / They / computer / have / a / .	1 There is a big dog in the garden.
5 Have / eyes / got / green / you / ?	
	2 Is there a computer on the desk?
□ 5)	3 There aren't any bags on the floor.
Complete the questions and answers.	o There aren't any bags on the hoor.
[2 points each]	4. Hove you get a ned umbhalla?
1 a mobile	4 Have you got a red umbrella?
phone?	F. J.
<u> </u>	5 John hasn't got any brothers or sist
2 they an umbrella?	6 What colour hair have you got?
X	o Wilat colour Hall Have you got:
3 you brown hair?	
<u>✓</u>	

UNIT 5 I never eat chips!



You learn

- present simple
- spelling 3rd person singular
- adverbs of frequency
- words for food / in a restaurant

and then you can

- make and reply to offers and requests
- talk about favourite food

Adam Um, can I have a cheeseburger, please?

Waitress Would you like chips with that?

Adam Yes, please! And a coke, thanks.

roo, proade. And a done, triainto.

Waitress OK. And for you? Would you like a

burger too?

Leah No, thanks. Can I have an egg salad,

please, and some water?

Adam What about chips?

Leah I never eat chips!

Adam Well, I never eat salad.

Leah But it's good for you! I try and eat

healthy food every day, Adam.

Adam Really? I try and eat chips every day!

Leah They're aren't very good for you, Adam!

Waitress Here you are!

Leah Mmm, this salad is

delicious. And it's so

healthy!

Adam Mmm, this burger is

delicious. And the chips

are great, too ... Hey, those are my chips!

You never eat chips,

remember?

Leah Sorry, Adam. But they're

delicious. Have some

salad!

Adam OK. Mm. It's very good.

54

Dialogue work

2	Circle T	(True)	or F	(False)	for th	e sentences	below.
	OII OIC I	(II uc)	01 1	(I disc)	101 111	C SCIILCIIOCO	B010111

1	Leah doesn't want a cheeseburger.	T / F
2	Leah wants a coke.	T / F
3	Leah has salad once a week.	T / F
4	Adam wants chips.	T / F
5	Adam likes Leah's salad.	T / F
6	Leah hates Adam's chips.	T/F

a Read the dialogue on page 54 again and complete the dialogue below.

Waitress	What would you like to eat?	
Adam	Can I have a 1	, please?
Waitress	Would you like 2	with that?
Adam	Yes please! And a coke thanks.	

b Act out other dialogues using different foods.

Replying to offers



Listen and circle the words you hear.

- 1 A banana / apple **B** Yes, please. / No, thanks.
- 2 A orange / apple
 - **B** Yes, please. / No, thanks.
- 3 A sandwich / hamburger
 - **B** Yes, please. / No, thanks.
- 4 A ice cream / yoghurt
 - **B** Yes, please. / No, thanks.

Talking about favourite foods



Listen and tick the	food you hear, then ta	ilk about Kate and Mark.
Kate likes:		Kate likes
apples	salad	00
oranges	spinach	
bananas	carrots	
kiwis	potatoes	She eats
	Mark likes:	Mark likes
9.5	hamburgers	fish
	rice	chicken
	pizza	oranges
	noodles	grapes He always eats

Vocabulary

Food





Listen and repeat.







rice





bread

fish







eggs



chicken

oranges

milk

potatoes

coffee



cherries













sausages

grapes

spinach

apples

carrots

orange juice



Write the words from exercise 1 in the correct category.

Drinks	Vegetables	Fruit	Meat	Others

In a restaurant





Write the numbers next to the correct word, then listen and check.

bottle	
fork	
spoon	L
knife	
plate	
napkin	
tablecloth	
glass	
cup and saucer	





Communication

	1 he she meet cream fourte	een 2	it his fish six	ch i cken
	b Listen and repeat.1 His name's Steve. He's fourteer	n. 2	Meet his dog — sh	ıe's six!
	Talking about what y	ou eat		
5	a Complete the questionnaire. How healthy are	vou?		
	How often do you eat:	often	sometimes	neve
	apples?			
	chocolate?			
	pizza?			
	spinach?			
	fish?			
	oranges?			
	chicken?			
	sausages?			
	How often do you drink:			
	tea / coffee?			
	herbal tea?			
	water?			
	fruit juice?			
	Good!	No	t so good	Ā
	Foods that are good for you:	Foods that are	not so good for you	ı:
	apples, spinach, fish, oranges, chick		Marie and the second of the se	
	Drinks that are good for you:		not so good for yo	
	water, herbal tea	cottee, tea, truit	juice (often contains	a lot of suga
	b Discuss your answers with a p	artner.		1
	A Toften eat apples. What about	ut you? (B Somet	imes. / No, never. /	Yes, alway
	A Follen eat <i>apples</i> , what about	ut your		

What's your favourite food?

Present simple Positive

Read the examples and complete the table.

I eat salad every week.		y dad loves it.	She eats it every day.
I / you / we / they	love	salad.	
He / she / it	1	Salau.	

- 2 Circle the correct word.
 - 1 | wash | washes my bike on Fridays.
 - 2 She *loves* / *love* curry and rice.
 - 3 We hate / hates football.
 - 4 You *teach / teaches* Italian at our school.
- 5 He studies / study French with me.
 - 6 They watch / watches TV at the weekends.
 - 7 We go / goes to the cinema on Sundays.
 - 8 She takes / take the bus to school.

Spelling 3rd person singular

Notice th	Notice the spelling.		
Relax	My dad always relax es after Sunday breakfast.		
Kiss	She kiss es her mum goodbye every morning.		
Wa sh	He wash es his bike on Saturdays.		
Do	Mary do es the shopping.		
Carry	Steve carr ies the shopping for his mum.		
Wat ch	Jenny watch es DVDs every day.		

Complete the third person singular form of these verbs. Use the Present simple.

1	l eat	he <u>eats</u>	5	Hike	he	9	l pass	he
2	l work	she	6	I mix	he	10	Istudy	he
3	Itidy	she	7	I cry	she	11	l play	it
4	I on	it	8	ldo	she	12	I watch	she

Reorder the words and write sentences in the Present simple.

1	Paul / on / Saturday / mornings / visits / grandparents / his / . Paul visits his grandparents on Saturday mornings.
2	parents / My / in / France / spend / their holidays / .
3	brother / goes / to work / His / eight o'clock / at / .
4	wears / that / T-shirt / every day / She / to / school / .
5	play / on / football / They / in the park / friends / with / their / Sundays / .

Adverbs of frequency

5 Read the examples and complete the rule.

I often play football. I am never late.	Frequency adverbs usually go 1 the main verb.
	But they go ² the verb <i>be</i> .

100%	l always I usually	
	I often	eat popcorn at the cinema.
	I sometimes	
0%	Inever	

6 Write the words in the correct place on the scale.

sometimes never always often usually

0%				→ 100 %
1	2	3	4	5

Reorder the words and write sentences.

- 1 beef / eat / never / I
- 2 She's / hungry / always
- 3 take / an / I / to school / always / apple
- 4 for school / late / usually / He's
- 5 go / to a restaurant / They / sometimes
- 6 She / on Sundays / often / goes / to the cinema
- 7 do / I / on Saturdays / homework / never
- 8 $\,$ are / We / at school / on Mondays / usually

8 Write the sentences correctly using the words in brackets.

- 1 We to a restaurant. (go sometimes)
- 2 He fish. (eats never)
- 3 | on Sunday. (curry eat usually)
- 4 I'min the morning. (hungry never)
- 5 She bananas. (eats always)

Reading

Read t

Read the texts and write: unhealthy, healthy or very healthy under them.



Max I usually have a burger and chips for lunch! I sometimes have chicken and chips. I never eat vegetables. I hate them. My sister likes spinach but I hate it. I often drink coke. It's bad for you, I know. I don't like water. It's boring!



Healthy Eating!



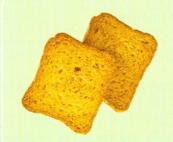
Olga My mum usually makes soup for dinner. Then we often have meat or chicken with vegetables and potatoes. My favourite vegetable is beans. I don't like spinach or broccoli. For pudding, we often have ice cream. We sometimes have cake. My favourite is chocolate cake. My sister's favourite is carrot cake. My mum makes really good cakes!



Richard My mum always cooks dinner. My favourite dish is fish pie. That's fish with potatoes. We usually have it twice a week. We always have vegetables with it. My favourite vegetable is spinach. I also like fruit. I love cherries. I usually drink water.

Katy For lunch, I usually have vegetable soup or I sometimes have chicken with salad. I don't like chips and I don't like red meat. Oh, and I always eat fruit. I love oranges. I usually drink water. I hate fizzy drinks, especially coke.





Eva I usually have warm milk for breakfast and I always have an egg with some toast. I never have butter on my toast. Then I have some fruit. I sometimes have a banana but I usually have an apple.

2

Now circle the correct words.

- 1 Eva always / never has an egg for breakfast.
- 2 Katy loves / hates coke.
- 3 Max often / never eats vegetables for lunch.
- 4 Olga often / sometimes has ice cream for dessert.
- 5 Richard has fish twice a week / every day.

Gircle T (True) or F (False).

Max never eats vegetables.	T / F
Katy sometimes has salad at lunch.	T / F
Eva never has fruit for breakfast.	T / F
Olga often eats spinach.	T / F
Richard never drinks water with his meals.	T / F
	Max never eats vegetables. Katy sometimes has salad at lunch. Eva never has fruit for breakfast. Olga often eats spinach. Richard never drinks water with his meals.

Listening and speaking





Listen to the students below, then listen again and complete the table with the correct adverb of frequency.

always usually often sometimes never







	Sarah	Ben	Chris
chicken			
meat			
burger			
chips			
salad			
vegetables			
fruit			
ice cream	,		
rice			
fish			
cake			

Now ask a friend about what they eat.

A	What do yo	u usually	have for	breakfast,	lunch,	dinner?

B I usually have ...

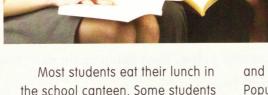
Writing A short text

6 Complete the paragraph for yourself. Use adverbs of frequency.

The Food I Eat	
I fish. I	vegetables.
fruit.	biscuits and cakes.
For breakfast, I usually have .	
For dinner, I usually have	

CITUITE: School in England

In Britain, children go to school between the ages of 5 and 16. This is called compulsory education and it is free. Schools teach the National Curriculum, which is divided into Key Stages. Students do tests at the end of each Key Stage.



Most schools encourage sports

bring their own lunch, others buy a

meal in the canteen.

and have their own teams.
Popular sports are football,
hockey, basketball and athletics.

Students don't usually wear a uniform at Sixth Form College.







Primary School

Children go to primary school between the ages of 5 and 11.

Age 5–7 Key Stage 1

Age 7–11 Key Stage 2

At the end of Key Stage 2, students choose a secondary school.

Secondary School

Age 11–14 Key Stage 3 Age 14–16 Key Stage 4

At the end of Key Stage 4, students do GCSE (General Certificate of Secondary Education) exams.

When they are 16, students can choose to leave school or to stay at school for another two years and study for their A-levels. You usually need three A-levels in order to go to university. You can study for A-levels at secondary school or at Sixth Form College.

Work in pairs and answer the questions.

- 1 What age do children start school in your country?
- 2 What types of schools are there?
- 3 When does compulsory education stop?
- 4 What tests must students do?

Public schools

In Britain, 'public schools' are private and students have to pay fees in order to study there. There are more than 250 public schools and they are usually very expensive. The fees can cost up to £10,000 a term.

More! Online Action Box Listening and Quiz online.

Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.



Extra Reading



INTERNATIONAL CRIME BUSTERS **EUROPE**





The ship is under the sea, here. We know there is treasure on it, but every time we send down a minisub, it never comes back. Someone doesn't want us to find the treasure!

2



















UNIT 6 I go to bed at ten







Listen and read.

Mr Jones Who's got the answer to question 5? Joe?

(Joe snores)

Mr Jones Joe! Wake up! You're in the classroom! You aren't at home in bed!

Joe Sorry, Mr Jones. I'm tired!

Mr Jones What's the matter? Are you ill?

Joe No, I'm not. But my life is very hard.

Mr Jones Oh dear. Why? What do you do every day?

Joe Well, I get up early every morning. I wake up at seven o'clock, and have

breakfast. Then I go to school. I work hard at school every day, and after lunch, I do sports. Then I go home and do my homework. I help my mum in the house, and tidy my room. Then I have dinner and finish my homework.

I go to bed at ten o'clock.

Mr Jones But why do you go to bed so late? Do you have a lot of homework to do?

Joe No, I don't have a lot of homework, Mr Jones.

Mr Jones What do you do every night, then, until ten?

Joe I watch TV and play computer games for three hours.

Mr Jones That sounds like a very hard life!

Dialogue work

- Read the dialogue again and circle the correct answer.
 - 1 Joe is tired / sad.
 - 2 He wakes up / gets up at seven o'clock.
 - 3 He goes to bed / watches TV at ten o'clock.
 - 4 He does / doesn't have a lot of homework to do.
 - 5 He does / doesn't have time to watch TV and play computer games.
- 3 Work in pairs. Invent dialogues.

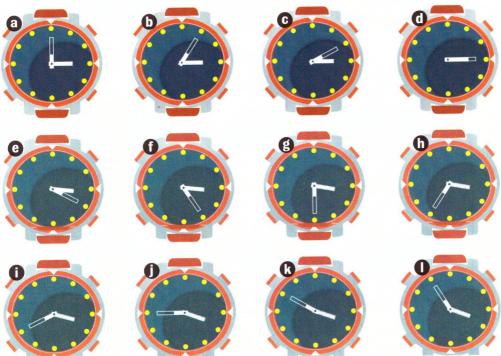
A What's the matter with you?

B I'm bored / tired / hungry.

Asking and telling the time



4 Listen and repeat the times.



6 Work in pairs. Point to a clock and ask and answer about the times.

A What's the time?

B It's half past three.

6 Say what you usually do at the times below.

9-10 pm

7 pm

8.30 am 1 pm 4 pm 6 pm

I usually get to school at 8.30 am.



Note!

am = in the morning (before 12 am) pm = in the afternoon (after 12 am)

Vocabulary

Daily activities





CD1	sten a	na write the number of	the correct picture	next to the ver	·D.
watch TV read a book take the dog for a walk play the piano			2		
hang out with friends surf the web do homework listen to music	000 01	4			
play football go rollerblading play computer games go shopping		7	8		
		10	10		2 TODAY'S NEVS

Sounds right! Days of the week (revision)





Listen and repeat.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday - sad! Thursday, Friday – they aren't bad! Saturday and Sunday - great! Tomorrow's Monday – don't be late!

Work in pairs. Ask and answer. **A** Today's Friday. What day is tomorrow?

B Saturday

B Today's Tuesday. What day is tomorrow?

Communication

Talking about routines

- 4
- a Complete the questionnaire, then ask three other students.
 - A Do you surf the web every day?
- **B** Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Do you:	Me:	Name:	Name:	Name:
surf the web every day?				
go shopping with your mum on Saturdays?	2000		310W-3001	100.087.810113
play any sports at the weekend?				
play an instrument?				
play computer games every day?				
listen to music every day?		TETRUMBED		
watch television every evening?				081112
read a lot?				

b Talk about your answers with the class.

Marco surfs the web every day, but he doesn't play any sports at the weekend.

Talking about time



- 5
 - Circle the correct words, then listen and check. Practise the dialogues in pairs.
 - 1 A What's the time / clock?
 - **B** It's twenty-five to eight.
 - 2 **A** It's half past / to three in the afternoon.
 - B Oh, no! I'm late!
 - 3 A What time is it in / for London?
 - B It's 7 pm.
 - 4 A Excuse me, what time is it?
 - **B** It's quarter to / at eleven.
 - 5 A Is it early / midday now?
 - **B** Yes, it is. It's two minutes past twelve.
 - 6 A What time is it, please?
 - **B** I don't know. I can't see the *clock | half an hour*.



Present simple Negative

Look at the dialogue on page 64 and complete the table.

Present simple negative					
I / you / we / they	1 have a lot of				
	homework.				
He / she / it	doesn't live here.				

Circle the correct word.

- 1 They don't / doesn't like fish soup.
- 2 | don't / doesn't eat a lot of chocolate.
- 3 Emily don't / doesn't know how to cook an egg!
- 4 Harry and Ron don't *play / plays* computer games.
- 5 Dad doesn't know / knows how to drive.

Gircle the correct negative form.

I always go rollerblading in the park at weekends. My best friend, Tina, ¹don't / doesn't like rollerblading. She plays football but I ²don't / doesn't like that! My brothers ³doesn't / don't do a lot of sport. They watch it on TV but they ⁴don't / doesn't play or do anything! I ⁵don't / doesn't want to spend all my time in front of the TV so I go out! My mum 6don't / doesn't watch TV either — she reads, all the time!

Complete the text with the words below.

	cooks	live	make	S	works	,
	buys	doesn't	(x2)			
li,	I'm Eam	on from	Dublin	in Ir	eland.	

1 my three brothers and
two sisters. My mum ² work.
She's always at home. My dad ³
three days a week. When he's at home, he
4
he ⁵ is lovely! My mother
6cook. She 7

a lot of meals from the supermarket!

Present simple Questions and short answers

5 Look at the dialogue on page 64 and complete the table.

Questions				
1	I / you / we / they	have a lot of homework to do?		
Does	he / she / it	go to bed at 9 o'clock?		

Short answers				
Positive	Yes, I / you / we / they do .			
	Yes, he / she / it does .			
Negative	No, I / you / we / they don't .			
	No, he / she / it doesn't.			

6 Circle the correct word.

- 1 Do / Does you play an instrument?
- 2 Does / Do Shane like computer games?
- 3 Do / Does your brother go rollerblading?
- 4 Does / Do your sister play football?
- 5 Do / Does you like your new trainers?
- 6 Does / Do they go shopping at weekends?

Write answers for the questions in exercise 6.

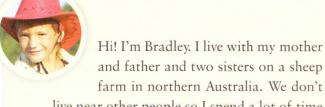
1	Yes,
2	No,
3	Yes,
4	Yes,
5	Yes,
C	No



W	rite questions and answers.	Object pronouns					
1	you / know / how to speak German (X)	11 Com	Complete the table with the words below.				
0	Advisors / speck / English / ()	hi he	m them	us it	me you		
2	Adriano / speak / English (🗸)		ject pronoun		Object pronouns		
7	the boys / go / to the sports centre / at the	1		→			
3	weekend (✓)	you		→ 3	?		
	Wookena (V)	he	_	→	5		
		she	_	→			
		it	_	→	j		
4	your teacher / explain / everything (X)	we	_	→	3		
		you	_	→	3		
		they	_	→ {	3		
5	your parents / like / computer games (X)						
		12 Circl	e the correc	ct obj	ect pronoun.		
1 2 3 4 5	the lesson / finish / at 4 pm ()? complete the sentences with Do or Does.	2 Lo 3 Lo yo 4 Th 5 W ho 13 Com obje 1 Th M 2 A B	ook at these not don't know ho ou help her / he dog's hung e're tired noveme, please? plete the seret pronouns his is Mike. He y sister is may where is Su Paul is at he She isn't w	ew phow to me, pgry! Fow. Car ntend e's miarried arried ie? ome ell.	thow him / her? otos!! We love them / h do this exercise. Can lease? eed it / them, please. n you take us / we ces with the correct y brother-in-law. I to		
		4 A B 5 TH	ithout	.eo. en't h !	ere. We are going		
		th	ie theatre; Mu	um, D	nt takesall ad, my brothers and n ney with		
			can't pay!	Ty TITC	TIGY WITH		

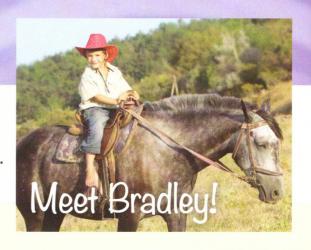
Reading

Read the text and circle T (True) or F (False).
Correct the sentences that are false.



live near other people so I spend a lot of time on my own, but it's fun. There is a river near my house and I've got a horse so I can ride when I want. It's cool living here. The big city is one and a half hours away by bus.

I get up at half past six, then have breakfast. At seven, I leave the house and walk for ten minutes to the school bus stop.



School starts at nine and ends at four. I get home at half past five. Then I help my father, ride my horse or play ball with my sisters.

Dinner is at seven. After that, I do my homework, play computer games or watch TV with Mum and Dad.

On Saturdays or Sundays I go to the river to fish. I often catch barramundi. Sometimes, we have barramundi for dinner!

1	Bradley lives in the north of America.	T / F	
2	He gets up at half past six.	T / F	
3	His dad takes him to school.	T / F	
4	School starts at nine o'clock.	T / F	
5	He comes home at six pm three days a week.	T / F	
6	He rides his horse after school.	T / F	
7	Dinner is at eight o'clock.	T / F	
8	At weekends, Bradley goes fishing.	T / F	



Listening





Listen and circle the correct word(s).



- 1 Kate gets up at quarter past seven / six.
- 2 She takes the dog for a walk at *half | quarter* past six.
- 3 Kate practises the piano for one hour / two hours in the morning.
- 4 They eat breakfast at *half / twenty* past seven.
- 5 Kate finishes school at half past *five* / three.
- 6 Kate practises the piano for one hour / two hours in the evening.

Speaking



- **3** Listen and repeat, then interview your partner.
 - A Can I interview you for a school project?
 - **B** Yes, go ahead.
 - **A** OK, first question. When do you get up in the morning?
 - **B** At quarter to seven.

- A And when do you leave for school?
- **B** At quarter past eight.
- A And when do you do your homework?
- **B** Usually from five to six.
- A Thanks!

Writing Connecting words



Remember!

We use words like 'and' and 'then' to make connections in a text.

Read the text and circle the connecting words.





I get up at half past five and I have breakfast at quarter past six. My dad goes to work at half past six and he takes me to school in his car. Then I wait in the cafeteria for school to start. Our school starts at eight o'clock and it ends at half past one. In the afternoon, I do my homework, then I hang out with my friends, read or play computer games. I watch TV from five to six. We have dinner at seven. At nine o'clock, I go to bed.

Write a text similar to the one above about your day.



The Story of the Stones 3 Don't be scared!

Complete the dialogue. Watch Episode 3 again to check.

Go on But it's true Well done Promise



CLIL Science

A Healthy Diet

Read the key facts. What are the four main food groups we need to stay healthy?

Key facts!

Our bodies need a balanced diet to work well. The four main food groups are carbohydrates, proteins, fats and fibres. There are vitamins and minerals in these foods. Each of them does a specific job for our bodies.

To stay healthy, drink enough water and eat the correct amount of food from the four groups.

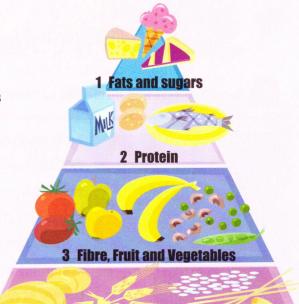
- a Look at the food pyramid below. This shows the correct amount of each food group we need for a healthy diet.
 - b Complete the sentences with the name of the correct food group.

andlike tomatoes, beans and bananas help us digest our food.

2like bread, cereal and potatoes give us fuel and energy.

3like meat, milk and nuts helps us grow and repair our body.

4 like butter, oil, cakes, sweets etc and cheese give us energy.



4 Carbobydrates

Draw the foods you eat for breakfast, lunch and dinner.

Now compare them with a partner. Whose diet is healthier?



I usually have toast, tea and an egg for breakfast. What about you?

I have ...

WEBQUEST

Find out:

- What is genetically modified food? Do you think it is a good idea?
- What is a Mediterranean diet? How healthy is it?

Check your progress 3

Units 5 and 6

0		eorder the letters to write food words. 2 point each]	5	your friend like football?
	1	kncehci 4 ihsnpca	6	you and your friends like
	2	egsusaa 5 topatpo		computer games?
	3	edarb 6 innoo		
6		□ 3	A w	
4	Co	omplete the daily activities.		rite the sentences using the negative arm.
	1	a book		
	2	computer games	. 1	They like fish.
	3	with friends	0	Double of the character by the company day
	4	music	2	Paul eats a healthy lunch every day.
	5	the web	7	Lucated TV event evening
	6	the dog for a walk	3	I watch TV every evening.
3	Re	eorder the words and write sentences.	4	We play volleyball twice a week.
	1	walk / park / They / to / usually / the / .	5	Dad does the shopping on Saturday.
	2	late / never / school / She / for / is / .	6	She walks to work.
	3	cinema / go / sometimes / Saturday / We /		
		the / on / to / .	67 C	omplete the dialogue.
	4	Mark / day / vegetables / eats / every / .	A	1you like pizza?
			В	Yes, ²
	5	dinner / for / pasta / often / eat / We / .	A	3 you and Adam like
				hamburgers?
-		_ 5	В	⁴ No,
4	Ci	rcle the correct word.	A	5 Dave eat rice?
	1	We doesn't / don't play football every day.	В	Yes, 6 but he 7 eat
	2	Does / Do Sally go to the cinema every Friday?		pasta.
	3	Harry does / doesn't have a new car.	S Te	ranslate the questions and sentences.
	4	Do / Does they study English at school?		
	5	I doesn't / don't like rollerblading.	1	Do you tidy your bedroom every week?
B	C	by mulate the guestions and answers	2	Does your sister play computer games?
U		omplete the questions and answers. points each]	Ī	book your crotor play compater games.
	1	you usually walk to school?	3	They don't go to school on Sunday.
	'	you usually walk to school:		
	2	your teacher speak English?	4	He doesn't know her.
	3	you eat pizza once a week?	5	Do they live in Dublin?
	4	your English lesson finish now?	6	She doesn't like fish.
				□ 6
				TOTAL 50

brilliant!

quite good.

MY PROGRESS SO FAR IS...

UNIT 7

How much is this?



You learn

- demonstrative adjectives and pronouns
- countable and uncountable nouns
- How much? / How many?
- some | any
- words for clothes

and then you can

- talk about prices
- talk about clothes

Adam I want to buy a present

for my sister. It's her birthday tomorrow.

Kelly This is a nice picture.

Adam How much is it?

Kelly £7.99. How much money

have you got?

Adam £10.00. But I want to buy

this T-shirt. Can I try this

on, please?

Assistant Of course.

Kelly Why do you want to try it

on? It's for your sister.

Adam No, it isn't for her. It's

for me!

Kelly But it's £6.99!.....

(10 minutes later)

Now you've only got £3.01 left! There aren't any nice clothes for

that price, Adam!

Adam Hold on, these socks are nice.

Excuse me, how much are these

socks?

Assistant They're £3.99.

Adam Oh dear ...

Adam

Assistant But those red ones are £2.99!

Great! So I've got a new T-shirt, and my sister's got some red

socks!

Let's go and buy the card now!

Erm, can you lend me some

money?

Dialogue work

1		Dood the dislague again and connect the whong information in each contance
1	37	Read the dialogue again and correct the wrong information in each sentence

1	Adam wants to buy	a present for his mother .	

- 2 It's her birthday today.
- 3 The picture is £6.99.
- 4 Adam's got £20.00.
- 5 The T-shirt is for Adam's sister.
- 6 The red socks are £3.99.

Tip	Σ = pound	p = pence	\$ = dollar	€ = euro
-----	------------------	-----------	-------------	----------

Talking about prices



Listen and repeat the prices.

£28 £52 \$73 \$39 **€**47 £65 £81 €99 €100

Guess the price of the objects, then listen and check.





Listen to the dialogues and act them out, then invent another.

Dialogue 1

How much are the trainers? Boy

Shop assistant They're £29.99.

And the T-shirt?

Shop assistant It's £6.99. Or two for £9.99. **Shop assistant** They're all £12.99.

Boy Thank you.

Dialogue 2

Shop assistant Yes, please?

How much is the DVD? There's no Girl

sister

price on it.

Girl Thank you.

Vocabulary

Clothes



Listen and write the missing words, then listen and repeat.



Describing clothes

2 Ask and answer questions about the clothes in the picture above.

A What colour's the dress?

(B It's green, pink and white ...

A What colour are the jeans?

B They're ...

a Describe the photos below.



He's got a top with a hood ...



b Now describe your clothes to a partner.



Communication

Talking about clothes

1nterview your partner.

Questions:

Do you buy your own clothes?

Do you get clothes for your birthday?

Do you wear T-shirts with animals?

Do you wear pink clothes?

Do you wear jeans with holes?

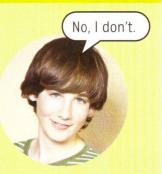
Do you wear caps?

Do you wear a ring?

Do you like red / blue / ...?

Answers:





6 Ask and answer questions about someone in your class. B must guess who it is.



- A Does he sometimes wear blue jeans?
- B Yes, he does.
- A Does he often wear brown shoes?
- B No, he doesn't.
- A Does he always wear T-shirts?
- B Yes, he does.
- A Is it John?
- B Yes, it is / No, it isn't.



Buying clothes in a shop



6 Listen and circle the correct words to complete the dialogue.

- **A** Excuse me. How 'much / lot are these jeans?
- **B** They're £50.00. ²Do / Does you like them?
- A Yes, I 3 do / does! But I haven't got £50.
- **B** I have got jeans for £25.
- **A** 4Where / What are they?
- **B** Look! ⁵*Those | That* jeans in the window are £25.
- **A** Oh! They're nice! I'd like a black ⁶pair / one, please.
- Write a new dialogue and act it out for the class.



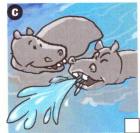
Grammar

Demonstrative adjectives and pronouns

- Match the sentences and the pictures.
 - 1 I like these trainers.
 - 2 I like those trainers.
 - 3 How much are these DVDs?
 - 4 How much are those DVDs?
 - 5 Don't drink that water!
 - 6 Don't drink this water!





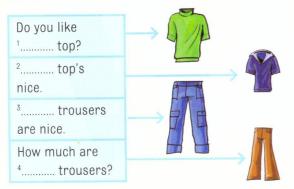








2 Look at the pictures and complete the table.



Countable and uncountable nouns

Look at the examples and circle the correct word to complete the rule.

Countable: boys, houses, trousers, tops.

Uncountable: money, food, ham. (NOT: moneys, foods, hams)

We *do | do not* add an *-s* to uncountable nouns to make them plural.

Uncountable nouns always use the verb in the singular:

The money is in my pocket.

Countable nouns use both singular and plural forms of the verb depending on whether they are singular or plural.

The cap is here.

The caps are on the floor.

Write if these nouns are C (Countable) or U (Uncountable).

1	money	 5	T-shirt	
2	book	 6	shoe	
3	water	 7	sock	
4	nasta	8	food	

6 Complete the sentences with is or are.

1	The pasta ready.
2	The socks on the floor.
3	The water in the bottle.
4	Those houses new!
5	This food delicious!
6	Those trainerscool!!



Grammar

0

How much? / How many?

6 Read the examples and complete the rule with *How much* and *How many*.

How much money have you got? **How many T-shirts** have you got?

We use ¹ nouns.	with	countable
We use ²	with	
uncountable nouns.		

Complete with *How much is* or *How much* are.

1	A	the DVD?
	B	lt's £11.80.
2	A	the jeans?
	B	They're £43.88.
3	A	the T-shirts?
	B	They're £6.
4	A	the CD?
	B	It's £14.50.
5	A	the shoes?
	B	They're £42.99.
6	A	the sweater?
	B	lt's £23.00

some / any

8 Look at the examples and complete the rules with *some* or *αny*.

I haven't got any nice clothes.
Have you got any money?
She always gives me some money.
I want some new trousers.

With uncountable and countable plural nouns	
use 1 in positive sentences.	
use ² in negative sentences.	
use ³ in questions.	

O Complete the text with some or any.



My brother's room is so messy! There
are clothes all over the floor. There are
1shirts near the window and
² T-shirts under the bed. Are
there ³ trainers? Yes, there
are! Three pairs behind the door. There
aren't $\ensuremath{^4}$ shoes and there aren't
5 sweaters. But there are
$^{\rm 6}$ jeans and trousers on the bed
He needs to tidy up his room before Mum
comes home.

Complete the dialogue with the words below.

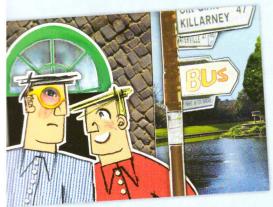
	much some (x2) any (x2)
	Have you got 1 money, Sue?
В	Yes, how ² do you want?
A	Well, I want to buy 3 new jeans
	so I think about £30.
B	Have you got 4 change? I've
	got a £50 note.
A	Just a minute. Yes, I've got 5
	notes here – two £20s. Here you are.
B	And here you are!
A	Thanks!

Circle the correct word.

What's in this suitcase? Ah! There are ¹any / some books and there's ²some / any money – lots of money! But there aren't ³any / some clothes and there aren't ⁴some / any documents. Are there ⁵any / some photos? No, I can't see any. I need to go and talk to someone about this!

Reading

Read the text from *The Clever Woman* and circle the correct answer below.



One day Sean Murphy is at the bus stop with a friend. He looks very sad.

"What's wrong?" asks his friend.

"I've got a big problem," says Mr Murphy.

"When I go home I'm tired. I want to sit on the sofa and read my

book and relax.

But I never relax. I never read my

book. When I come home my mother plays the guitar. My wife plays the piano. My two younger children fight and my two older children argue about the television. And the pots and pans are on the cooker." Mr Murphy's friend listens to him carefully.

Then he says: "Go and see Linda McCormack! She's a very wise woman. She knows the answer to everything."

Linda McCormack listens carefully.



"Have you got any chickens?" she asks him.

Mr Murphy looks confused.

"Yes," he answers. "I've got two chickens!"

"Then bring the chickens into your house," says the wise woman and smiles.

Sean thanks her. Then he rides back home on his bike. He is much happier now.

As soon as he gets home he goes to the hen house and he brings his two chickens into the house.

- 1 Sean Murphy relaxes at home.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say
- 2 There are six people in Sean's family.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say

- 3 Sean has four chickens at home.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say
- 4 Sean also has four dogs.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say

- 5 Sean rides a bike.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say
- 6 When he gets home, he brings three chickens back into the house.
 - A Right
 - **B** Wrong
 - C Doesn't say

Listening



- 2
- Listen to the next bit of the story and answer the questions.
- 1 How many instruments are there in the house?
- 2 How many geese does Sean bring into the house?
- 3 How does Sean get to Linda's house?
- 4 Which animal does Sean bring into the house at the end?
- 5 How much noise is there in the house?
- 6 Who is asleep?

Speaking



3

Work in groups of three. Read the text. How do you think the story finishes? Listen and check.

Linda says: 'Put the chickens back in the hen house.'

Writing Describing appearance

- Use adjectives. Adjectives make sentences interesting.
- Read the text below and circle the adjectives.

My Unusual Friend

My friend loves clothes. Her favourite T-shirt is small and red with a picture of a balloon on it. She often wears it with a denim jacket and skirt and a black cap. She never wears shoes, just pink spotted trainers. She's got long, blonde hair and big, blue eyes and she sometimes paints her nails blue!

She always looks great!

1 Invent a friend with unusual clothes. Write your own text.

He's / She's got pair and eyes

and he / she sometimes

He / She always looks

CILTURE

Sports in Great Britain





▲ Diane, 15, Swansea, Wales

I play football with the school team. I love football. We train twice a week, three times if there's a match. We usually train after school. Our coach makes us work hard. We start with warm-up exercises and then we practise dribbling or tackling. At the end, we sometimes play a short match. I'm a striker, which means it's my job to score goals. Defenders will do anything to stop you from scoring.

◆ Phillip, 13, Croydon, England

My favourite sport is cricket. Cricket is a team sport and there are 11 players in each team. The teams take turns batting and bowling. You need to be strong and fast to be a good bowler. When you bowl, you throw the ball to the person on the other team who is batting. They hit the ball as far as they can, then run between 2 sets of sticks called stumps to score runs. The team that is bowling tries to 'bowl out' the batting team by throwing the ball to the stumps before the player finishes a run. The team with the highest number of runs wins. Easy? No!

◀ Emma, 13, Croydon, England

My favourite sport is golf. I practise for two hours every day and I play matches on Saturdays too. I also go to the gym for an hour every day before school. I've got a handicap of four (most adult players never get their handicap under 10). I take part in tournaments all over the country. I play against adults and teenagers of my own age.

Match the names to the definitions below.

1 striker a a number given to a player to show how good he/she is

2 coach b a person who trains a team

3 bowler c a stick used to hit a ball

4 defender d kick the ball past another player without losing control

5 dribble e a person who scores goals

6 bat f a person who throws the ball to the person batting

7 handicap g a person who stops players from scoring

MORE! Online Action Box

Listening and Quiz online. Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.

Answer the questions about cricket.

- 1 How many players are in a cricket team?
- 2 What are the sticks on the cricket field called?
- 3 How do you 'bowl someone out'?
- 4 How do you win a match?



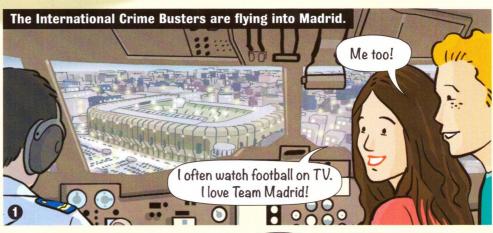
Extra Reading

Story time 👶



It's our star player, Fernando Man. He doesn't want to play for us.













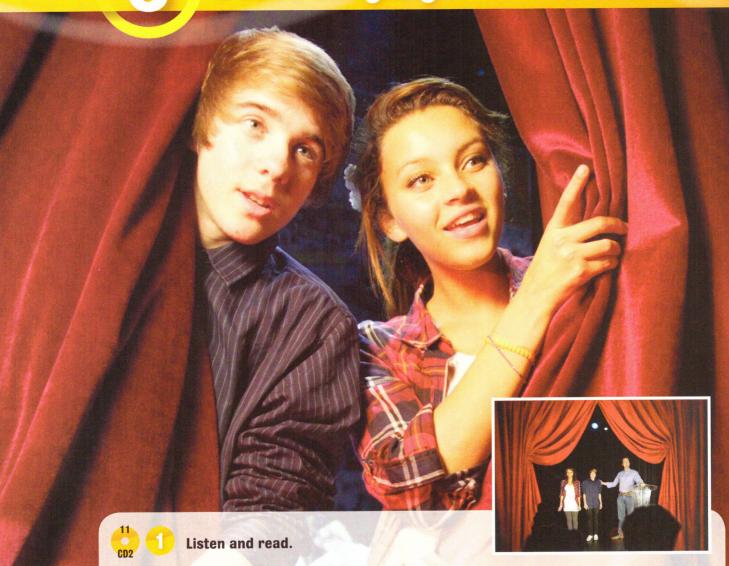








UNIT 8 I love singing!



- can for ability / permission
- can questions and short answers
- like | love | hate doing
- words for family members

and then you can

- talk about ability
- talk about things you like doing
- ask for permission

talk about family

Adam Leah

end-of-year school show. Are your parents here, Leah? Yes, there they are. Can you see them? That's my mum, in the front row, and that's my dad next to her. And the girl next to him is my sister. Oh, good, Grandpa is here too!

Leah and Adam are in the

Adam Leah

Why? Well, he can't hear very well, and he hates listening to pop music! Is your mum here? Yes. She's just behind your parents! But my dad isn't here. He's working in

That's a surprise.

another country.

Leah Adam

Adam

Is that your brother? Yes. He plays in a band, you

Leah

Really? What does he play? He plays the guitar, but he can sing too, and he can dance really well ... he can do

everything!

He's lucky. I can't dance at all. Leah

But I love singing.

Hove singing too. But I don't like Adam doing it in front of everyone!

Don't worry. We're the best! Leah Mr Jones (whispers to kids) OK, are you

ready to start?

(loudly) Welcome to our show, everyone! Here are Leah and Adam, with a song!

Adam

Dialogue work

Circle T (True) or F (False) for the sentences below.

1	Leah's parents aren't at the show.	T / F
2	Leah's grandpa loves listening to pop music.	T / F
3	He can't hear very well.	T / F
4	Adam's dad isn't at the concert.	T / F
5	Adam's brother can sing well.	T / F
6	Adam's brother can't play the guitar.	T / F
7	Leah can dance well.	T / F
8	Adam doesn't like singing.	T / F

Talking about ability

Look at the pictures and say what you can and can't do.

I can ride horses, but I can't drive a car







tell jokes



drive a car



play an instrument



take good photos



speak German

Talking about family

- Work in pairs. Bring photos to the class and present members of your family. Say what they can and can't do.
 - A That's my uncle / aunt. He | She likes riding horses.
 - B How old is he / she?
 - A He | She's 32.

- **B** What can he / she do?
- A He | she can play the piano.

Asking for permission



- Listen and repeat, then work in pairs and invent other dialogues.
 - **A** Can I go to the *toilet*, please?
 - B Yes, of course.
 - A Can I open the window, please?
 - **B** No, please don't.

- A Can I borrow your *pen*, please?
- **B** Sure, here you are.
- **A** Can I borrow your *computer*, please?
- B Sorry, it doesn't work.

Vocabulary

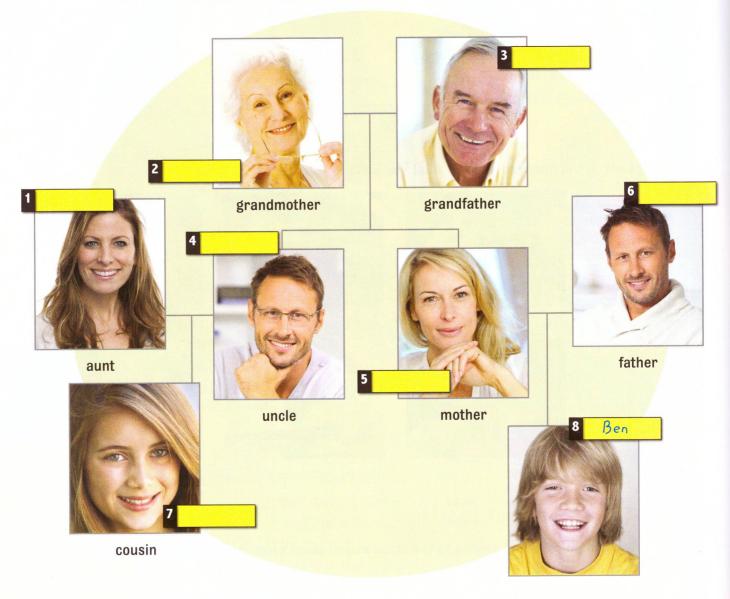
Family members





Listen and write the names.

Lisa Fred William Juliette Susan Anthony Natasha



Complete the sentences. Use the words below.

daughter
wife
husband
mother-in-law
father-in-law
brother
sister

1	Ben is Natasha's
2	Lisa is William's
3	Fred is Natasha's
4	Juliet is Susan's
5	Natasha is William's
6	Anthony is William's
7	William is Natasha's
8	Natasha is Fred's

86

Communication

Talking about family

Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the family in exercise 2.

A Is Lisa William's mother-in law?

B Yes, that's right.

A Is Juliette Susan's sister?

B No, she's her daughter.

 \bigcirc Work with a partner. Write a list of names of people in your family then ask and answer.

A Who's Suzanne?

B She's my aunt.

A Who are Cindy and Jane?

B They're my cousins.

Sounds right Can



Listen and repeat.

Can you carry fifteen cans?
Can you drink them in one go?
Can you eat a hundred apples?
Can you really? Is that so?



I can't carry fifteen cans. I can't drink them in one go. I can't eat a hundred apples. I'm not a hippo, no no no!

Talking about ability

6 Ask three students the questions below then tell the class.

Marco can count to 100 in English but he can't ...

The Challenge Game	Name:	Name:	Name:
1 Can you say the alphabet backwards? 2 Can you count to 100 in English? 3 Can you draw a horse? 4 Can you dance salsa? 5 Can you speak another language? 6 Can you drive a car? 7	Yes No	Yes No	Yes No

Grammar

Can for ability

Read the dialogue on page 84 and complete the examples and table below.

- 1 He plays the guitar, but he sing too.
- 2 I dance at all.

	+/-	
I / you / we / they / he / she / it	can / can't	speak French.

Can is the same for all subjects, both singular and plural.

Circle the letter of the correct sentence.

- 1 Company of the second of the
- a Gregory can play the drums.
- b Gregory can't play the drums.
- 2
- a Mel can't drive.
- b Mel can drive.



- a Bryan can juggle.
- b Bryan can't juggle.
- 4
- a They can't walk on their hands.
- b They can walk on their hands.
- BONJOUR!
- a She can speak French very well.
- b She can't speak French very well.
- 6
- a Kevin can't read braille.
- b Kevin can read braille.

Complete the sentences with can or can't.

- 1 I can't come now, but I come tomorrow.
- 2 I haven't got a computer, so Isurf the web.
- 3 She's a really good runner sherun a marathon in around 3 hours.
- 4 My cat can't swim but it climb
- 5 My little sister's three years old. She walk but she can't read.

Can Questions and short answers

4 Read the dialogue on page 84 and complete the table below.

Questions		
1	I / you / we / they / he / she / it	see them?

Short answers ✓ Yes, I / you / we / they / he / she / it can. X Yes, I / you / we / they / he / she / it can't.

Gomplete with Can, can or can't.

1	you climb trees?
	Yes, I
2	you ride a horse?
	No, I
3	he play the piano?
	No, he
4	she speak French?
	No, she
5	they rollerblade?
	Yes, they
6	our dog swim?
	Yes, it



Grammar

Can for permission Complete the phrases in the table. 1...... I go to the party this evening? Yes, you can. / No, you can't. ²...... I see her at the weekend? Match the questions and answers. 1 Can I borrow your camera? a Sorry, I haven't got a computer. 2 Can I send an email? b No, it's hot in here. 3 Can I come to dinner at your house? c Sorry, not tonight. 4 Can Kate stay for the weekend? d Yes, of course. Do you like curry? 5 Can I go out tonight? e Sorry, not now. I'm taking pictures. 6 Can I close the window, please? f Yes, but ask her parents first. Like / love / hate doing Read the dialogue on page 84 and complete the examples below. 1 1..... sing**ing** too ... Spelling rules and he 2..... listening to pop music! · change the final 'e' to 'ing'-He likes telling jokes. hide → hiding in one-syllable words, double the final Do you like meeting up with all your family? consonant if there is a single vowel before it - win -> winning After the verbs like / love / hate, we often use verb + ing. Write the -ing form of the verbs. watching 4 go 2 ride 5 run 3 swim 6 rollerblade Complete the sentences with the -ing form of the verb in the box. talk look meet tell get up sit cycle play eat walk 1 | love early! 2 We hate and waiting. It's boring!! 3 My dad likes at old films on TV. 4 Giulia lovesjokes. She's very funny! 5 Do you like to different people? 6 They love their friends in town on Saturdays. 7 He hates meat! 8 She likes on her bike at weekends. 9 Does he liketennis at the weekend? 10 He hates to school.

Reading

1

Read the text and circle T (True) or F (False) for the sentences below.

A Day In the Life of...

Hi! My name is Isabelle and I'm from America. I'm an acrobat. I can juggle, do tightrope-walking and unicycle and I am also a contortionist. I can sit on my head!!

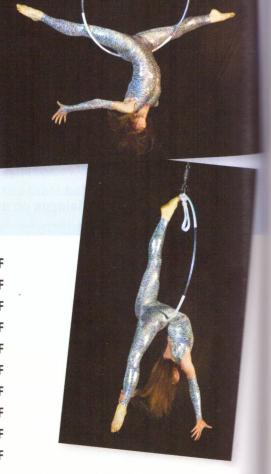
I'm a member of an acrobatic group. There are 150 of us from 40 different countries. At the moment, we're in London so my hotel room is my home.

I get up at 10.55 am and order breakfast. Then I have a shower and

email my friends in America and chat to them.

During my routine, I am 10 metres above the ground. There is no safety net and sometimes I'm nervous but I love performing. It's amazing. Once my routine is over, I go to the cafeteria and have dinner. I'm always hungry!

I love dancing and, after the show, I often go to a club. I sometimes go to bed at 6 am!



1 Isabelle is from Europe. T/F 2 Isabelle can juggle and walk a tightrope. T/F 3 There are 140 people in the acrobatic group. T/F 4 At the moment, she is in London. T/F 5 Isabelle gets up very early in the morning. T/F 6 Isabelle's routine is on the ground. T/F 7 She is sometimes nervous during a performance. T/F 8 She never eats after a show. T/F 9 She goes straight to bed after a show. T/F 10 She always goes to bed early. T/F

Listening and speaking





Listen and tick (\checkmark) the sports Katie can do.



ice skating



skiing



horse riding



rollerblading

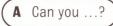


swimming



football

Now ask a friend and tick or cross the pictures.



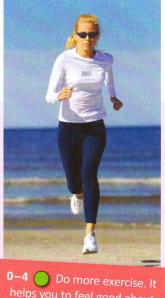
B Yes, I can. / No, I can't.

Reading and speaking

Complete the questionnare and see how fit you are then interview another student.

How Fit Are You?

		yes	110
1	Can you run 1 kilometre easily?		\triangle
2	Can you do 20 press-ups without feeling tired?		\triangle
3	Do you do exercise every day?		
4	Do you walk for 30 minutes at least three times a week?		
5	Do you walk or cycle to school?		
6	Have you got a good pair of trainers?		
7	Can you play a sport well?		
8	Do you like playing sport rather than watching it?		
9	Can you swim 20 lengths of the pool?	0	



helps you to feel good about

5–7 Well done – you are quite fit. Perhaps do another

8-10 You are extremely fit! Good for you! Keep up

Writing More connecting words

10 Are you a member of a sports team?

and - adds an idea | but - contrasts ideas | so - tells you the consequence of something



Read the text and circle the correct linking word.

My name's Joe. I'm twelve years old and / sollove sports. I can swim and / but I can't dive. I can play football very well but / and I'm in the school football team. I like basketball too and / but we don't play basketball at school. I can rollerblade and / but I haven't got any rollerblades but / so I don't often go rollerblading.

b Now write a similar text about yourself.

The Story of the Stones 4 Rats!

Complete the dialogue. Watch Episode 4 again to check.

Let's get out of here Good idea

Rats

Emma	
Sarah	

I've got an idea. You morph and then you free us.

1...... Darkman

Sarah	Well done, Danie
Daniel	Ouick. 3

Quick. 3.....

Reading and speaking

Complete the questionnare and see how fit you are then interview another student.

How Fit Are You?

		yes	no
1	Can you run 1 kilometre easily?	0	Δ
2	Can you do 20 press-ups without feeling tired?		
3	Do you do exercise every day?		
4	Do you walk for 30 minutes at least three times a week?		
5	Do you walk or cycle to school?		
6	Have you got a good pair of trainers?		
7	Can you play a sport well?		
8	Do you like playing sport rather than watching it?		
9	Can you swim 20 lengths of the pool?		
10	Are you a member of a sports team?		



5-7 Well done – you are quite fit. Perhaps do another sport so you can be very fit for next year!

8–10 You are extremely fit! Good for you! Keep up the good work!

Writing More connecting words

- Tip and adds an idea but contrasts ideas so tells you the consequence of something
 - A Read the text and circle the correct linking word.

 My name's Joe. I'm twelve years old and | so | love sports. I can swim and | but | can't dive. I can play football very well but | and I'm in the school football team. I like basketball too and | but we don't play basketball at school. I can rollerblade

and / but I haven't got any rollerblades but / so I don't often go rollerblading.

b Now write a similar text about yourself.

DVD

The Story of the Stones 4 Rats!

Complete the dialogue. Watch Episode 4 again to check.

Let's get out
of here
Good idea
Rats

Emma	I've got an idea. You morph and then you free us.
Sarah	1
Darkman	2!
Sarah	Well done, Daniel!
Daniel	Quick. 3!

CLIL Music

The orchestra

1	Read the key facts below and write the letter	next to the correct word
	noud the ney ruete below and make	

1	Keyboard	2	Brass	3	Percussion	4	Strings	5	Woodwind	- THOM
	Noyboar a	_	Di acc		1 01 001001011		0			

The word orchestra comes from a Greek word meaning 'dancing place'.

An orchestra has five different instrument families:

- A horn, trombone, trumpet, tuba
- B violin, guitar, cello, harp, viola
- c recorder, flute, oboe, clarinet, saxophone
- **D** tambourine, bell, drum, cymbals, gong, triangle
- E harpsichord, piano



a Reorder the letters and write the correct words for the instruments.

1	umdr		5	lufte	
2	hpar		6	petrumt	
3	bymacls		7	iartgu	
4	olvini		8	rinetcla	



b Listen and tick the instruments you hear in exercise 2.

A famous composer

Read about Mozart and complete the notes with the dates and ages on the left.

6	Wolfgan	g Amadeus Mozart
1791	Born:	January 27th, ¹ , Salzburg, Austria
35	Father:	Leopold Mozart (a musician)
1756	Age:	5, writes his first music
12		2, is an excellent pianist and violinist
		7, publishes his first piece of music
		3, writes his first opera
		Writes many famous operas: <i>The Marriage of Figaro, The Magic Flute, Don Giovanni,</i> etc
		4, becomes very ill, writes his <i>Requiem</i>
		Dies in 5 and the <i>Requiem</i> is unfinished.

WEBQUEST

Find out about one of the Mozart operas below and do a presentationon for the class.

- The Marriage of Figaro
- The Magic Flute
- Don Giovanni



Check your progress 4

Units 7 and 8

Write the names of the clothes. [½ point each]	5 your friend like playing footb
1 t_a 4 jk	6 you and your friends like goi
2 s r 5 t _ 0 3 s t 6 b	to the cinema?
Reorder the letters and write the	Write complete and
members of the family.	Write complete sentences using the wo
1 tudhgrae	1 They / like / juggle
2 rebhotr 3 fngaahrtdre	2 Wa / hata / play computer for
4 sinuco	2 We / hate / play computer games
5 bhnsuda6 rtemho	3 Mum / like / rollerblade
	4 You / love / go out
Complete the sentences with <i>is</i> or <i>are</i> . The money on the table.	5 I / like / use the computer
2 The shoes under the bed.	C. Cho./ hata./ d
The rice ready. The milk in the cup.	6 She / hate / dance
The trousers with holescool!	
Complete the questions with <i>can</i> and	Complete the dialogue.
write the answers.	A 1 you swim very well? B Yes, 2
Harry rollerblade? 🗹	A 3 your dad play the piano?
Ben swim?	B ⁴ No, your brother speak French?
	B Yes, 6 but he 7 speak
they cook?	German.
she cycle? 🗹	Translate the questions.
	1 How much are the trainers?
we speak English? 🗹	2 How many CDs have you got?
<u> </u>	gobs have you got?
omplete the questions and answers. 2 points each]	3 Have you got any money?
you drive?	4 Can she ride a horse?
your friend dance?	5 Can we have pizza tonight?
How much pizza you eat?	6 Do you like reading?
you like skiing?	
	TOTAL 5

Where are you calling from?



- present continuous
- telephone numbers
- ordinal numbers
- months of the year

and then you can

- talk on the phone
- talk about birthdays
- say what people are doing





Listen and read.

Joe Hello, is that the police station?

Police Yes, it is. Who's calling?

Joe My name's Joe. I'm phoning you about a problem in the shopping centre. A young man's running out of a music shop. Everyone's running after him. He isn't stopping! I think he's a thief. People are taking photos of him.

Police I see ... where are you calling from?

Joe The Blue Mountain Shopping Centre. I'm standing outside the music shop, on the second floor.

Police What's your phone number, Joe?

Joe It's 07894 558 321.

Police OK, a police car is going to the shopping centre now. Wait there. (next day)

Is that today's newspaper? Joe Perhaps the story about the thief's in it.

Adam Let's see. Yes, it's today's date ... May 7th. Here's the story: Star Mark Diamond At The Blue Mountain Shopping Centre! Look at the photo! He's running away from all the fans! Your thief is a famous pop star!

Oh no! Joe



Dialogue work

- Read the dialogue again and circle the correct words or expressions.
 - 1 Joe is standing *in / near* the shopping centre.
 - 2 He is talking to the police at the police station / on his mobile phone.
 - 3 A man is running out of / into the music shop.
 - 4 The music shop is on the *second / third* floor.
 - 5 People are taking photos of / writing stories about the man.
 - 6 Perhaps the man is a policeman / thief.
 - 7 A police car is coming to the shopping centre tomorrow / now.
 - 8 The next day, the story is / isn't in the newspaper.

Telephone numbers



- Listen and circle the numbers you hear.
 - 1 721 580 / 712 508
 - 2 299 5043 / 299 5034
 - 3 6619 5832 / 6119 5832
- 4 2305 5727 / 2350 5727
- 5 1682 5522 / 1682 2255
- 6 2867 501 / 2877 501
- Work in pairs and read the dialogue, then invent others.
 - A Have you got Jack's phone number?
 - B Yeah, I have. Just a moment. Ready? It's 8693 2210.
 - A 8693 2210. Thanks. I'm trying to send him a text message.

Talking on the phone

Work in pairs and invent dialogues using the words below.

Tom Hi, Tom speaking.

Sandra Hi, Tom. It's Sandra here. What are you doing?

Tom I'm playing Super Hero III. It's great.



Vocabulary

Ordinal numbers



1 Listen and repeat.

gt	the first	9 th	the ninth	17th	the seventeenth
2nd	the second	10th	the tenth	18 th	the eighteenth
3rd	the third	11 th	the eleventh	19th	the nineteenth
4th	the fourth	12th	the twelfth	20^{th}	the twentieth
5th	the fifth	13th	the thirteenth	21st	the twenty-first
6th	the sixth	14th	the fourteenth	30th	the thirtieth
7th	the seventh	15 th	the fifteenth		
8th	the eighth	16th	the sixteenth		

Read and complete the ordinal numbers on the right.

1	third	3	5	twelfth	12	9	sixth	6
2	ninth	9	6	tenth	10	10	thirtieth	30
3	second	2	7	twenty-first	21	11	fourteenth	14
4	first	1	8	eighteenth	18	12	twentieth	20

Months of the year

3 Complete the months of the year.

January	1		5	May	9	September
April	2	February	6	June	10	October
November	3	March	7	July	11	
August	4		8		12	December



We write 'on 7th May'.

We say 'on May the seventh' or 'on the seventh of May'.

Dates



4 Listen and tick the dates you hear.

1	11 th February	4	21 st December	7	5 th November	
2	12 th October	5	19 th March	8	13 th January	
3	4 th August	6	2 nd May	9	6 th June	

5 Now read the dates below.

3 rd September	10 th August
1 st May	2 nd February
4 th July	21st November
30 th December	19 th June

Communication

Discussing dates

6 Look at the festivals below. Do you celebrate them in your country? If so, work in pairs and discuss the date for each.



Hallowe'en Mother's Day Father's Day

Independence Day

International Workers' Day / May Day

New Year's Day

The 4th of July is Independence Day in America.

Yes, that's correct. / No, I think it's ...

Talking about birthdays





- a Listen and complete the dialogue.
 - A How old are you, Julie?
 - **B** I'm ¹.....
 - **A** And when's your birthday?
- **B** On ².....
- A What day is it this year?
- **B** A ³....., I think.
- b Now interview four other students in the class and complete the table below.

Name	Birthday	Age	Day

Saying what people are doing



Listen and circle what you think each person is doing.

- 1 **Dan** riding a bike / playing football
- 2 Conrad reading a text message/ skateboarding
- 3 **Frazer** looking after the dog / cooking spaghetti
- 4 Kate watching TV / playing computer games
- 5 **Gabby** ice-skating / playing the piano
- 6 **Sherry** sending a text message / riding a horse
- 7 **Dave** riding a bike / playing tennis
- 8 **Chris** watching television / using the computer
- 9 **Maria** playing volleyball/ cooking
- 10 **Ted** swimming / driving



Grammar

Present continuous Positive

- Read the dialogue on page 94 and complete the examples below.
 - 1 I'myou about a problem in the shopping centre.
 - 2 He's away from all the fans!
 - 3 People are photos of him.

ľm	doing some homework now.
He / She / It's	playing football at the
	moment.
You / We / They're	trying to find something.

Use the **Present continuous** to talk about actions happening at the moment of speaking.

Circle the correct word.

- 1 They *are / is* playing basketball.
- 2 | am / is walking the dog.
- 3 We are / am watching TV with Mum.
- 4 Samantha is / are riding her new bike.
- 5 Tamsin and Jade are / is feeding their pets.
- 6 Michael *is | am* cooking dinner in the kitchen.
- 7 You are / is writing a text message.
- 8 He are / is standing near my dad!
- 9 Mark and Steve *are / is* working together at the moment.
- 10 Sarah are / is running a marathon!
- 3 Complete the text with the correct form of *be*.

What 1	happening in my house
at the moment	? Well, Dad ²
making lunch i	n the kitchen and he and
Mum ³	talking. My brother
4	watching TV in the living
room. Tilly and	Twister, my two cats,
5	playing with their toys. And me?
6	waiting for my friend to come.

4 Complete the text with the verbs below.

play skate ride learn send

The children are all busy in the park today. Josie is ¹...... basketball with her friends and Martin and John are ²..... their bikes. Grace and Nina are ³..... and Karen is ⁴..... to skateboard. What's Ben doing? Oh, he's ⁵..... another text message to Suzy! He likes Suzy! That was quick! Suzy's reading the text message right now!

Complete the sentences with the verbs then match them to the correct picture.

riding watching sending cooking playing looking

- a They're football. 3
 b He's a text message.
 c She's her bike.
 d She's at her cat.
 e He's spaghetti.
- f They'reTV.













Grammar

Present continuous Negative

- Read the dialogue on page 94 and complete the example below.
 - 1 He stopping!

		Short form	
ľm			playing
He / She / It is	not	isn't aren't	computer games right
You / We / They are			now.

7 Write the verbs in the negative form.

1	They're making a lot of noise.
2	I'm writing an essay for my English teacher.
3	David's travelling to France today.
4	He is talking to me.

- 5 They are playing football.
 6 We are having a good time.
- 7 They are watching TV.
 8 I'm waiting for my friend.
- 8 Complete the sentences with the negative form of be.

1	lt	snowing.
2	1	sad.
3	You	reading my book
4	She	watching TV.
5	He	writing an email
6	They	listening to
	the teacher!	
7	It	working!
8	We	playing that
	computer game!	

- Present continuous
 Questions and short
 answers
- 9 Read the examples and complete the table.

Am disturb	No, you aren't	
Are you liste	Yes, ∣am.	
is am	are is	n't aren't

Questions	Short answers									
	Positive	Negative								
disturbing you?	Yes, you are .	No, you								
you listening to me?	Yes, I am .	No, I' m not .								
she watching TV?	Yes, she is .	No, she								

10 Match the questions and answers.

1	A	Tom and Cindy, are you listening	
		to music?	
2	A	Is she reading a book?	
3	A	Are you watching TV, Tim?	
4	A	Is Mark eating spaghetti?	
5	A	Are they drinking hot chocolate?	
6	A	Are you writing a message, Rita?	

- a **B** Yes, I am.
- b B No, I'm not.
- c **B** Yes, they are.
- d **B** No, we aren't.
- e **B** Yes, she is.
- f **B** No, he isn't.



Reading and speaking

Read the texts and the sentences below and circle T (True) or F (False).

Karl

I can't live without my mobile. I use it all the time. In fact, at the moment I'm sending a text. I send about 15 texts every day to my friends. I hate getting texts from my mum. It's so embarrassing. But most of all I hate

not having credit. When I haven't got any credit, I can't speak to my friends and that's terrible! I've got some great pictures of my friends on my phone. This is one of my friend, James. He's sending a text message. And this is a picture of me playing with my dog. Cool!



Cheryl

I haven't got a mobile phone and I don't want one. I hate talking on the phone. My friends have all got phones

and they text all the time. At the moment, my friend is talking on the phone and I'm waiting for her to stop. We're standing outside a new clothes shop in town and I want to go in and buy some new things but she is still talking!

1	Karl is sending a text.	T / F
	_	
2	Cheryl is standing outside a clothes shop.	T / F
3	Karl has got photos on his phone.	T / F
4	Cheryl loves talking on the phone.	T / F
5	Most of Cheryl's friends haven't got phones.	T / F
6	Karl's mum never sends him texts.	T / F
7	Karl always has credit.	T / F
8	Karl sends a lot of texts.	T/F

Work in pairs and ask and answer the questions below.

How much money do you spend on your phone every week?

Have you got a mobile phone?

How many messages do you send/receive every day?

What do these text messages mean?



- C U L8R = See
- Can U w8 4 me? =
- R U OK? =
- **d** Gr8 2 C U ! =
- Can you write other text messages in English?

Listening



Listen to what Caroline says and circle the correct answer.



1 How many phone calls does Caroline make?

2 Does she talk to Jude? Yes / No







Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 What is Jude's phone number?
- 2 Is Jude at home?
- 3 Are Jude and Matthew studying?
- 4 What are they doing?
- 5 Has Matthew got an MP3 player?
- 6 Who likes Caroline?

		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•			• •				 •	• •		• •						•	•
																				 		 		٠.			
975																2000											
		•						•		•		•	•										•				
		 ٠																									

Writing A postcard

Read Tony's postcard and circle the verbs in the Present continuous.

Hi Billy,

I'm sitting in a restaurant. I'm drinking an orange juice and eating a pizza.

The food here is great!

I'm watching the people on the street.

I'm having a lot of fun. Rome is wonderful.

I love this city!

See you soon,

Tony



Now write your own postcard. Use the words and phrases from above.

Hi	
l'm and	
The is great.	
I'mthis city! See you soon.	



80% of teens in the UK say that watching TV is one of their favourite pastimes. Over half of them say that they that would like to be a TV presenter when they grow up. Their favourite programmes are reality TV shows such as *Big Brother* and *X Factor*, and soaps such as *EastEnders* and *Neighbours*.

What are soaps?

Soaps, or soap operas, are TV and radio programmes in episodes. Most soaps follow the lives of a group of characters who live or work in the same area. Popular soaps are on television for years. You can see the characters as they grow up, get jobs, fall in and out of love, etc. The stories are usually very dramatic and every episode has a surprise event. Soap operas got their name because the first soaps had advertisements from soap companies.

Read the text quickly and find out:

the percentage of teenagers whose hobby is watching TV
dream jobs for more than 50% of teenagers
the favourite programmes of British teenagers

Read the words and translate them into your own language.

1	characters
	surprise event
	grow up
5	advertisements
	fall in love



Now listen to Tracy from London and circle T (True) or F (False) for the sentences below.

- 1 Tracy is an actress in a soap opera. T / F
- 2 Tracy studies soap operas at school. T / F
- 3 The class discusses the theme of the soap opera. T / F
- 4 They watch lots of different soap operas. T / F
- 5 Not many young people watch soap operas. T / F
- 6 Tracy thinks that studying soap operas is a good idea. T / F

What do you think?

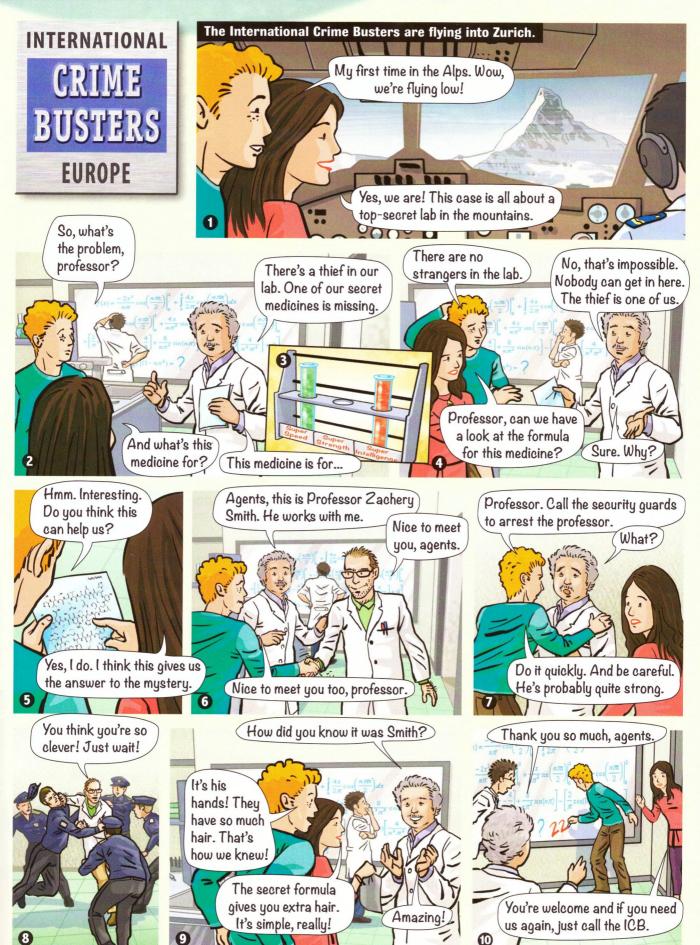
A new invention called Squareeyes will encourage young people to do exercise by giving them extra time watching TV. You simply put Square-eyes into your shoe and it records how many steps you take in a day. Square-eyes then sends the information to the television and it calculates how much watching time you have earned. The more you walk the more TV you can watch in the evening.

MORE! Online Action Box Listening and Quiz online.

Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.



Extra Reading



UNIT 10 I'm surfing the web!

You learn

- articles
- present simple vs. present continuous
- words for free-time activities and computers

and then you can

- make invitations
- talk about your free time



Adam Hi, Kelly, what are you doing?

Are you playing computer games again?

Kelly

No, I don't always play computer games! Right now, I'm surfing the web! But I've got a problem with my computer. I can't print this page ...

Adam Let me see. Are you sure the printer cable is connected to the computer?

Kelly Yes, but it still isn't working.

Adam Well, there's something wrong with your printer then. Send it to me by email. Then come to my house and we can print it out there. I can download some new music too. We can watch a

DVD or something later if you want.

Kelly

OK ... hold on, look at this. There's no paper in the printer tray!

Adam Silly you! You need to fill it up!

Kelly Yes, I know!

Dialogue work

Match the sentence halves.

- 1 Kelly is
- 2 Kelly doesn't always
- 3 Kelly can't
- 4 Adam thinks there is
- 5 Kelly needs

- a print the page.
- b surfing the web.
- c something wrong with the printer.
- d play computer games.
- e to add paper to the printer.

Making invitations

- **3** Work in pairs and practise the dialogue, then invent new ones.
 - A What are you doing right now?
 - **B** I'm surfing the web and listening to music.
 - A Can you come over to my place?
 - **B** Why? What's going on?
 - A Steve and I are playing a computer game.



4

a Listen and circle the correct words, then listen again and repeat.



1 Jim

Would you like to come to the 'match / cinema with me

this evening?

Sue

I'd love to.

Jim

Shall we meet at ² school / the youth club?

Sue

Sure. Let's meet there at ³7 pm / 8 pm.

- 2 **Mel** Would you like to go for a 4bike ride / run?
 - Mark Sorry, I can't.

Mel What about tomorrow?

Mark OK, let's go in the morning at about ⁵9 / 11.

Mel OK, great!

b Invent new dialogues using the other words.



Vocabulary

Computers

Comparer

Complete the expressions with the words on the left.

burn	1	to <u>create</u> a backup of your files
check	2	to your hard disk for viruses
click	3	to an email to a friend
create	4	to your files on your hard disk
run	5	toa program
save	6	to with a mouse
send	7	to the web
surf		to a CD



Free time activities

Write the correct expression under the picture.

have a pizza meet friends have an ice cream go for a run walk the dog go rollerblading go skateboarding exercise in the gym go swimming go for a walk play football go for a bike ride

























Communication

Sounds right /w/



Listen and repeat.

We can hang out with friends, We can watch TV, We can walk, we can talk — Have a weekend with me!

Talking about your free time

4 Ask and answer in pairs.

What do you like doing in your free time? How often do you do it? How much time do you spend on it? Who do you do it with?

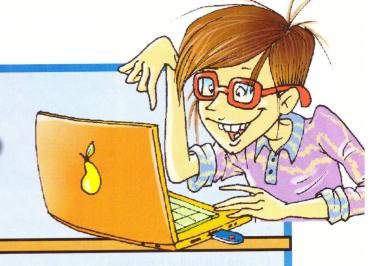
Complete the questionnaire, then interview your partner.

an hour a day / two hours a week

once a month / every day

my friend(s) / my brother / on my own

Are you a Computer Whizzkid?



8888888888

- 1 Are you connected to the web at the moment?
- 2 Do you spend more than 3 hours on your computer each day?
- 3 Do you play a lot of computer games?
- 4 Can you upload music and photos?
- 5 Have you got your own blog?
- 6 Can you make links from one page to another?
- 7 Can you use more than 10 computer software programs?
- 8 Can you fix your computer when it goes wrong?
- 9 Do you watch films on a computer?
- 10 Are you on any social networks at the moment?
 - 1–3 You are not a computer whizzkid and probably don't like computers and technology that much.
 - 4-7 You are a bit of a computer whizzkid and use your computer sometimes but not all the time.
 - 8-10 Vou are a computer whizzkid!

Grammar



Articles



Read the examples and complete the rules below.

Steve and I are playing a computer game.

How often do you run an anti-virus program?

There's something wrong with the hard disk.

The indefinite articles are **a** and **an**.

1......is used before nouns that begin with a consonant.

 2 is used before nouns that begin with a vowel sound.

The definite article is the.

Complete the sentences with a, an or -.

- 1 She's having lunch with her friends.
- 2 Look! There'sice cream bar!
- 3 He lives in old house.
- 4 She is working in company in the centre of town.
- 5 I'm phoning man from Italy.
- 6 They're eating hamburger with cheese.

Circle the correct answer.

- 1 I am surfing a / the web.
- 2 Have you got an / the laptop?
- 3 She is fixing a / an old computer.
- 4 We are washing an / the car.
- 5 They are having a / an pizza.
- 6 He is walking an / the dog.



4	Complete	the	sentences	with	α,	an or	the

1	theatre in our town is closed on
	Sundays!
2	That's great film!
3	He's got orange computer!
4	house at the end of the road is my
	grandma's.
5	man who lives opposite us is my
	Maths teacher.
6	It's portable laptop, not
	tablet!

Present simple vs. present continuous

What are you do ing right now?
I'm looking at the computer.
Steve and I are play ing computer games.
How often do you run an anti-virus program?
I don't eat meat.
He often wear s jeans.
Does she like tennis?
I only read about TV programmes.

Study the examples and complete the rules with the Present simple or Present continuous.

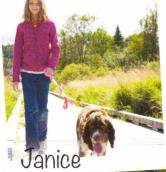
To talk about habit, routines and general information, we use the ¹
To talk about what's happening at the moment of speaking we use the $^2\dots$
We always use the verb be in the Present 3
We use \emph{do} and \emph{does} to make questions in the Present 4
We use don't and doesn't to make negative sentences in the Present ⁵
We add an -s to the third person singular in

Grammar

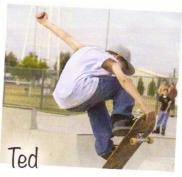
Gomplete the sentences with the Present simple or the Present continuous.

you for the bus? (wait)

- 1 Brian usually the computer to do his homework. (use)
 2 I'm lost. I to find Tim's house. (try)
 3 to come to the cinema with us? (want)
 4 Iris a very good day today! (not have)
 5 The teacher always we're good students. (say)
- What are these people doing? Look at the photos and write questions and answers.













- Janice / rollerblading?
 Is Janice rollerblading?
 No, she's walking the dog.
 Mike / swimming
 ?
 Ted / skateboarding
 ?
- 4 Jake and Tim / meeting friends
 ?
 5 Joe / swimming
 ?
 6 Jill and Jack / having an ice cream
 ?

6 Circle the correct sentence.

- 1 **a** Mum washes her hair at the moment.
 - **b** Mum's washing her hair at the moment.
- 2 **a** I spend a weekend in the country.
 - **b** I'm spending a weekend in the country
- 3 **a** Ben is sometimes staying at our house.
 - **b** Ben sometimes stays at our house.

- 4 **a** Are you working at the moment?
 - **b** Are you work at the moment?
- 5 **a** Sheena is liking living in Scotland.
 - **b** Sheena likes living in Scotland.
- 6 a I'm printing this essay.
 - **b** I print this essay.

Skills

Reading



Read the texts. Then read the sentences below and write the name of the person they refer to.

- 1 She is wearing a T-shirt with an owl on it.
- 2 He takes photos of graffiti art.
- 3 She's got sixty key rings.
- 4 He is making a poster.
- 5 She is looking for a particular type of key ring.
- 6 She is choosing photos.



Mark

I collect photos of graffiti.

I take the photos on my mobile phone. I stick all the photos together on my laptop. Then I make posters of graffiti art and I give them to my friends. Today I am making a poster for my sister. She is choosing the photos at the moment.



I collect key rings.

I've got sixty key rings in my collection. Today I'm in a gift shop. I'm looking for a key ring with a zebra on it. I love zebras. I make my own key rings too. I've got a beautiful one with different coloured beads.



I collect owls.

I love Harry Potter's snowy owl, Hedwig. Every time I go to a new place, I buy an owl. I've got lots of different things with owls on them. I've got a mug with an owl on it, a T- shirt with an owl on it and a bracelet with an owl on it. I am wearing my owl T-shirt now. My friend Hermione is wearing an owl bracelet.

Listening





Listen to what Robbie is doing at the moment and circle T (True) or F (False).

1	Robbie is playing a computer game on his tablet now.	T / F
2	Robbie uploads music for his friends.	T / F
3	He is uploading some music now.	T / F
4	Robbie's sister rides a bike.	T / F
5	Jake and Lucas are playing volleyball in the photo.	T / F
6	Robbie's friend Lucas is calling him now.	T / F

Skills

Speaking

What do you do on your computer/tablet/phone? Tick the boxes for you. Then ask a friend.

	Me	My friend
download music and films?		
call friends?		
play online games?		
post photos on social networks?		
research projects?		
do homework?		
blog?		

		1
A	Do you	?

B Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Writing Describing a hobby

Read the text, then write about your own hobby or the hobby

My hobby is collecting tea bags. I have a large collection from all over the world. Every time my dad or friends go away on holiday, I ask them to bring back different ones for me. They are all lovely colours. I like looking at them. I have over 5000 in my collection now.



My hobby / My friend's hobby is	
I have / She / He has	

DVD

The Story of the Stones 5 Two more to go!

Complete the dialogue. Watch Episode 5 again to check.

Oh, come on I'm not sure be careful Just a minute

Emma	This message is from?
Daniel	I don't know. Sunborn I guess — but
Emma	I'm sure it's a trap. Let's not go!
Sarah	
	What do you think, Daniel?
Daniel	I'm not sure Remember the net! Remember Darkman! He's bad
	and he's clever.
Sarah	Listen. I can fly. Nothing can happen to me. I want to check it out, OK?

Emma OK. But Sarah –!

CLIL Technology

Mobiles!

Where are all the old mobile phones? Read the key facts below and find out.

Key facisi

- There are six billion mobile phones in use in the world today.
- That's more than ten billion mobiles in the world since 1994.
- Many people change their mobiles every 12-18 months, even if the phone works well.
- Only 5% of people recycle their old phones.



- C What can I do with my old mobile phone?
- B Does it work?
- C No.
- **B** You can keep it in a drawer. Sell it. Give it to a charity or recycle, but please don't it throw it in the bin.
- **C** What happens if I give it to a charity?
- **B** Some phones are given to people who need them, others are sold for recycling. Most of the chemicals can be used again to make new phones!
- C What happens if I throw my phone in the bin?
- **B** It will go to landfill and the chemicals in it will leak into the water in the ground!
- **C** What chemicals? Isn't a phone just plastic and metal?

chromium (Cr)

mercury (Hg)

cadmium (Cd)

B No!

4	3	1	A
	K		
	CI	02	

What is inside a mobile phone? Listen and tick (\checkmark) the boxes below.

glass lithium (Li) plastic wood lead (Pb) paper nickel (Ni)

Discuss with a partner.

- 1 Do you ever use a mobile? What do you do with it?
- 2 How many times do you use a mobile in one day?

WEBQUEST

Find out:

- Where can you sell or give away old mobile phones near your home?
- How are modern mobile phones different from the first mobiles?



Check your progress 5

Units 9 and 10

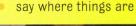
1	W	rite the ordinal numbers. [½ point each]	6	I / read 🗷 / sleep 🗹
	1	12 th 4 23 rd		
	2	4 th 5 2 nd	A	L 12
	3	1 st 6 21 st	1	ircle the correct sentence.
		3	1	a They are running now.
2	W	rite the computer words.		b They run now.
	1	b a disk 5 c on the mouse	2	a She sends emails every day.
		s the web 6 e some text		b She is sending emails every day.
		r _ a program 7 s to the hard disk	3	a We read a book at the moment.
		c a file		b We are reading a book at the moment.
		7	4	a Ellie and Kirsten play tennis at the
3	Co	omplete the questions in the Present		moment.
9		ontinuous. Use the verbs in brackets.		b Ellie and Kirsten are playing tennis at
				the moment.
		he a horse? (ride)	5	a I do my homework now.
		we English? (study)		b I am doing my homework now.
	3	she an email?	6	
		(write)	ŭ	b You are eating pizza every Sunday.
	4	they in the sea?		
		(swim)	9 c	omplete the dialogue.
	5	to music?	4000	
		(listening)	A	1 Jack
-				every week? (swim)
4	M	atch the answers to the questions in		Yes, ²
	e	kercise 3.	A	³ he at the
	а	Yes, I am.		moment? (swim)
		No, we aren't.		,
		Yes, she is.	A	⁵ What he
		Yes, they are.		(do)
			В	He ⁶
	е	No, He isht.		(watch TV)
R	VA/	rite questions and answers in the		<u> </u>
U		resent continuous. [2 points each]	Tr	ranslate the questions and sentences.
	PI		1	Are you phoning your mum?
	1	Jenny / eat pizza 🗷 / eat pasta 🗹		, a c year proteining year manning
			2	They are travelling to London now.
	2	Your brother / play the piano 🗷 / play	2	They are travelling to conden now.
		the guitar 🗹	3	Does she live in France?
			U	Does she live in 11 ands:
	3	Mark and Lucy / swim 🗷 / cycle 🗹	1	Ha is wearing a blue T-shirt
			4	He is wearing a blue T-shirt.
	4	You and Tony / go to the park 🗷 / go to	-	And the state of t
		the stadium 🗹	5	Are you eating an ice cream?
			_	la constitución de la constitución de constitu
	5	They / drink milk 🗷 / drink hot	6	Is your friend playing with her dog?
		chocolate 🗹		
				<u> </u>
				TOTAL 50
	1	Y PROGRESS SO FAR IS	brilli	iant! quite good. not great.

The chocolates were delicious!

- past simple of be
- past time expressions
- words for furniture
- prepositions (revision)

and then you can

- say where people were
- say where things are







Listen and read.

Leah is staying at Adam's house for a few nights while her parents are away. But, there is a problem...

Mum Adam, were you in the kitchen last night?

Adam No, I wasn't. Why?

Mum There were four chocolates in the fridge last night. They were in blue paper. Now there's only one left. Where were you last night?

Adam I was in bed, Mum! First I was here in the living room. You were with me, remember?

Mum Yes, that film was on TV. But it was over at 9.

Adam I was in the shower after that. Then it was bedtime. Maybe it was Dad.

He wasn't in the living room last night...

Leah I was on the computer last night at 8.30. There was an email from Celine. I was in my room at 9.

Well, there was some blue Mum paper next to the computer this morning. It was from the missing chocolates!

Adam Sorry, I was hungry, Mum. Mum Adam! The chocolates weren't for you!

Adam But they were delicious, Mum...

Dialogue work

Read the dialogue again and circle T (True) or F (False) below.

1	There was a film on TV last night.	T / F
2	Adam was in the living room from 8 to 9.	T / F
3	Leah was on the computer at 8.30.	T / F
4	There were four chocolates in the fridge this morning.	T / F
5	There was some blue paper next to the computer this morning.	T / F



🖰 Listen and repeat.

- **A** Where was Leah yesterday evening?
- **B** She was in the bedroom.

- A Where were Mum and Adam at 8.30?
- **B** They were in the living room.

Saying where people were



Listen and match the people to the correct places. Write the number next to the name.













- Mark
- Meg
- Paul
- Sally
- Zach
- Emma
- Work with a partner and check your answers.
- A Sally was at the cinema yesterday evening.
- **B** Correct. / No, she wasn't. She was at the ...
- Say where you were yesterday and at other times last week.
 - A I was in the park with my friends yesterday | on Saturday | last Sunday.





Vocabulary

Furniture (revision)





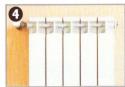
Write the correct names under the photos, then listen and check.

lamp cupboard armchair sink curtains wardrobe radiator bed cooker rug table fridge bedside table carpet chair sofa





























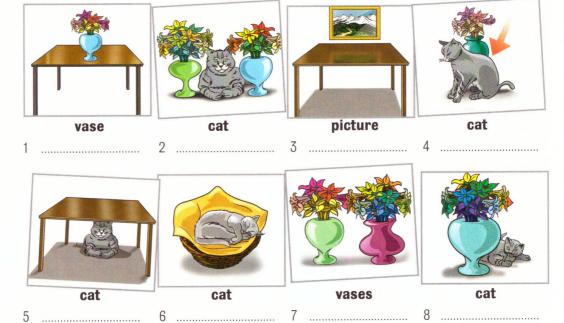




Prepositions (revision)

Where is the cat and the objects below? Write the correct preposition under the picture.

in above under behind on in front of between next to



Communication

Saying where things are

Work in pairs. Ask your partner questions about objects in his/her bedroom and write a list.

A Is there a clock on your bedside table?

B Yes, there is. / No, there isn't.

Sounds right was / were



Listen and repeat.

He was happy.

I wasn't happy.

I was sad.

She was happy.

They were happy.

I was not.

I was hot.

I was mad.

Was he happy? Yes, he was.

Were you happy?

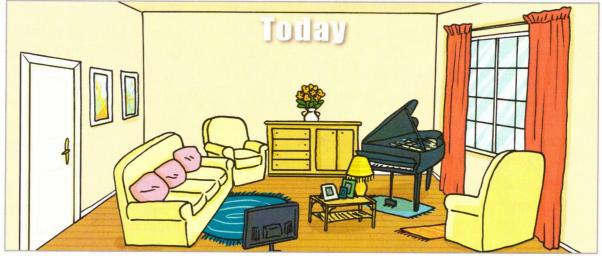
No, because...



Saying where things were

Look at the two photos of the room and talk about the differences between yesterday and today.





Grammar

Past simple of be Positive and negative

Look at the sentences from the dialogue on page 114.

Adam First, I was in the living room.

Mum There were four chocolates in the

fridge last night.

Adam He wasn't in the living room last

night.

Mum The chocolates weren't for you!

Now complete the table.

Positive	Negative
I ¹ in the living room.	I wasn't in the kitchen. (was not)
You were at home.	You weren't with him. (were not)
He was in his bedroom.	He ⁵ with us. (was not)
She ² with me.	She wasn't in her bedroom. (was not)
It was on the fridge.	It ⁶ in your bedroom. (was not)
We were in the living room.	We weren't at home. (were not)
You ³ in	You ⁷ at
the bedroom.	home. (were not)
They ⁴ in	They ⁸
the kitchen.	alone. (were not)

Complete the text with was or were.

Anna ¹	at home all day on
Sunday.	
At 2 o'clock, Anna	and her family
² i	n the kitchen, eating. They
3	nungry.
Anna and her bro	ther 4 in the
living room at 9 p	m. Anna ⁵
tired, so at 9.30 sl	he ⁶ in bed
- asleep!	

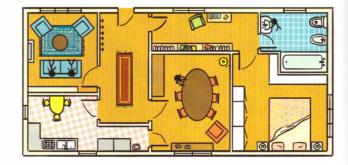
Where was Ken? Reorder the words to make sentences.

- 1 room / He / in / his / was / .
- 2 was / on / He / to / phone / Mike / the / .
- 3 the / park / were / Mike / at / He / and / .
- 4 Mike / were / He / at / and / cinema / the / .

Gircle the correct verb.

At 6 pm, I ¹ was / were at home with my sister. We ² weren't / wasn't alone — our mum ³ was / weren't there. Dad ⁴ wasn't / were there — he ⁵ was / were at work. My sister and I ⁶ were / was hungry!

Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the positive or the negative form.



- 1 Mrs Lodge(✓) with her sister in the sitting room.
- 2 Mr Lodge (X) in the library with his wife.
- 3 Mr Lodge (X) with his wife at 7 pm.
- 4 Mr Lodge(✓) in the dining room.
- 5 Bobby (X) with his dad.
- 6 Bobby(✓) in the bathroom.

Grammar

Past simple of be Questions and short answers

6 Look at the sentences below.

Adam, **were** you in the kitchen last night? No, I **wasn't**.

Was the football game on TV yesterday? Yes, it **was**.

Now complete the table.

Questions	Short answers		
	Positive	Negative	
Was I late?	Yes, I was.	No, I wasn't.	
Were you in my room?	Yes, you	No, you weren't.	
Was he in my room?	Yes, he was.	No, he	
Was she in my room?	Yes, she	No, she	
Was it cold?	Yes, it	No, it	
Were we late?	Yes, we were.	No, we weren't.	
Were you late?	Yes, you	No, you	
Were they late?	Yes, they	No, they	

(7)	Match	the	questions	and	answers.

1	Where were you at 9 pm?	
2	Was your mum in the kitchen?	
3	Where was your dad?	
4	Were you in the living room at 6 pm?	
5	Where were your sisters?	
6	Were you and Nick hungry?	
а	He was in the library.	
b	I was in my bedroom.	
С	Yes, we were.	
d	No, I wasn't.	
е	Yes, she was.	
f	They were in the dining room.	

8	Complete	the	questions	and
	answers.			

	A	Where you at 9 pm?
	B	I was in my bedroom.
)	A	Was your mum in the kitchen?
	B	Yes, she
5	A	was your dad?
	B	He was in the library.
1	A	Were you in the living room at
		6 pm?
	B	No, I
5	A	Where your sisters?
	B	They were in the dining room.
3	A	Were you and Nick hungry?
	В	No, we

Past time expressions

You were there yesterday evening .
Where were you at 5 o'clock?
Where were you from 6 to 9?
Last Sunday I was at a football game.
I was not at home yesterday .

Reorder the words to make sentences.

1	late/ I / morning / was / yesterday / .
2	They / at / last / Tuesday / were / school / .
3	We / at / gym / the / were / from 7 to 9 / .
4	He / there / wasn't / 8 o'clock / at / .

Listening





Listen and match the people to the correct rooms.

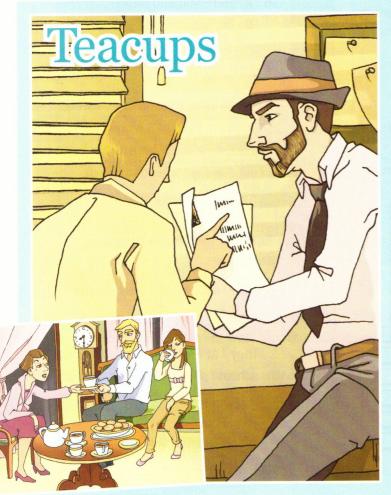
- 1 Lady Grant is in
- 2 The cook is in
- 3 Percy is in
- 4 Lucinda is in
- 5 Lord Grant is in
- 6 Tom Barrymore is in

- a the kitchen.
- b the living room.
- c the library.
- d the bathroom.
- e the bedroom.
- f the dining room.

Reading



Read the story *Teacups* and circle T (True) or F (False) for the sentences below. Correct the false sentences.



'Give me your notes, Jenkins.'

'Of course, Inspector.'

'Now let's look at these notes again. Hmmm. The butler was in the kitchen from 8.30 pm to 10 pm, but he wasn't in the living room. And he wasn't in his bedroom.

The maid was in the library from 8 pm to 10 pm, cleaning the fireplace for the next day.

The cook wasn't there at all. She was at home with her sick daughter.

Mr and Mrs Strong were in the living room drinking tea at 8.30 pm. And their daughter Sara was with them. Good. At 9 pm, Mrs Strong was in her bedroom. And, at 10 pm, she was dead. On the floor, there was a knife and a cup of tea.'

'All my notes are correct, Inspector.'

'Yes, I can see that, Jenkins. Very good. I think we can arrest the butler now.'

'But why the butler, sir?'

'I don't think he's telling the truth. All those teacups, Jenkins – and he was in the kitchen all the time? It's the butler's job to serve them tea. I don't believe him. Go and arrest him.'

T / F
- ,
T / F
T / F
T / F
T / F

Skills

Listening and speaking



3

Listen and read the dialogue, then interview three students in your class and compare answers.

Martin Hi, Nora, where were you yesterday?

Nora I was at the football match.

Martin Really? How was it?

Nora Brilliant. And where were you?

Martin I was at home, doing homework.

Nora Oh. Poor you!

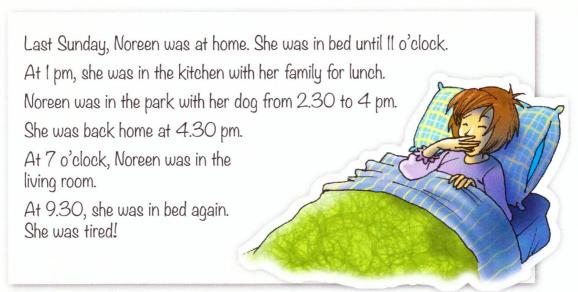
Writing Using time markers



Time prepositions

Use at with times (at 5 o'clock)
From and to with a period of time (from Monday to Friday)
On with days of the week (on Sunday)
Until about a length of time. (I was there until 10.00)

Read the text and circle the time prepositions.



Write a text about yourself.

0	Last Sund	ay, I was	
	Then,		
	From	to	, I was
	At	o'clock	
	At	o'clock	



Read the texts and match them to the correct photo.

The same of the sa

Hadrian's Wall is in the north of England. The Romans built it to keep the Scots out of Roman Britain. The Romans came to Britain in 43 AD and built many cities such as London, Bath and Chester. The suffixes—chester (Manchester) and—caster (Lancaster) come from the Latin word for camp (castra).

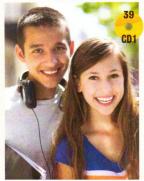
Westminster

Palace is the official name of the Houses of Parliament, where the British Government meets. It became a Royal Palace after The Norman Conquest of Britain in 1066. The Palace has a clock tower, with London's most famous bell: Big Ben.

of the most famous and mysterious places in Britain. No-one knows when it was built or who built it. Some experts think it dates to 4000 BC, when farmers built it for ceremonies.

Stratford-upon-Avon
was the home of Britain's
most famous author,
William Shakespeare. It is
a typical Elizabethan town.
Over 2 million tourists come
to the small town every
year to visit Shakespeare's
home. Shakespeare wrote
37 plays and 154 poems
before he died, aged 52,
in 1616. His most famous
plays include Romeo
and Juliet, Hamlet and
Macbeth.





Listen and say which places Anne and Paul are visiting.

They are visiting

MORE! Online Action Box

Listening and Quiz online.

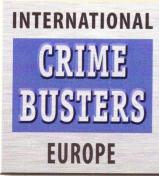
Write a text for the MORE! Online journal. Put it online for students from other countries to read.



Go to www.cambridge.org/elt/more for extra CULTURE

Extra Reading

Story time





Wow! The Northern lights!

















UNIT 12 Where were you last night?

You learn

- past simple
- places to go
- words for things to do

and then you can

- say when you were somewhere
- talk about shopping





Listen and read.

Hi, Dave! You weren't at the party Kelly on Saturday. Were you away?

Yes, I was on the Isle of Wight for Dave three days with Mum and Dad. There was a great music festival there. There were more than 50

thousand people!

Kelly Wow! What was it like?

Dave It was fantastic! Of course, it rained! You know what summer is like in England!

Kelly Dave

Of course!! Were you in a hostel? No, we camped in a field. It was fun. The campsite was very well organised. There was one site

where people put up your tent for you which was very helpful! I'm not very good with tents!

Kelly

No, neither am I! Were there places to eat?

Dave

Yes, of course, and there were different groups playing in all of them. It was cool. We danced a lot. It was amazing. I want to go again next year! Yeah, I'd like to go too. Can I come with you?

Dave

Sure!

Kelly

Dialogue work

Read the sentences and circle T (True) or F (False).

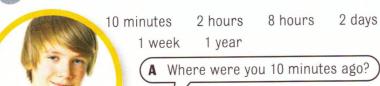
1	Dave was ill on Saturday.	T / F
2	He was with his uncle.	T / F
3	Dave was on the Isle of Wight for three days.	T / F
4	The weather was good.	T / F
5	They camped.	T / F
6	Dave wants to go again.	T / F
7	Kelly doesn't want to go to the festival.	T / F

Saying when you were somewhere

Look at the pictures and say where Enrique was. Use expressions like ... hours / months ago, yesterday evening, last year, etc.



a Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions with your partner.



B I was at lunch!

b Discuss your answers with the class. Were any of you in the same places at the same time?

Vocabulary

Things to do





Write the words under the correct photos, then listen and check.

caving snorkelling biking hiking camping scuba diving climbing kayaking

















Look at the equipment below and say which sport you use it for.

A You use a rope for climbing

bike and helmet kayak and paddle wetsuit, aqualung and fins tent and sleeping bag snorkel, mask

hiking boots and backpack

Places to go

Match the words to the photos.

1 theme park 2 restaurant

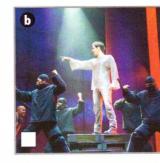
4 art gallery

theatre river

5 monument

show 3 museum

















Communication

Sounds right /t//d//Id/





Listen and repeat.

/t/ 1 She walked to the park.

2 We looked at the photos.

3 They danced all night.

d/

4 We listened to CDs.

5 I loved the music.

6 He played the piano.

/id/

7 He needed some money.

8 It started to rain.

9 She hated the film.



a Look at the pictures of this young boy and complete the sentences below.







When I was ten, I dancing.

I playing with my train.

I to school.



Now, I love dancing, I hate playing with my train and I drive to school!!

b Think of more sentences beginning with When I was ten, ... and tell the class.

Finding out information





Stephen wants to try scuba diving. Listen and complete the dialogue.

Stephen Hi. 1..... is a scuba diving lesson?

Assistant It's ²..... per hour.

Stephen OK. What do I need?

Assistant Just your swimming costume.

We provide the equipment and 3............................... Is it your first time?

Stephen Yes, it is. What time do the lessons 4.....?

Assistant Well, the beginner's course starts on ⁵...... at 8 pm in the swimming pool.

You need to complete this form. There are 6...... lessons in total.

Stephen OK, how much does it cost?

Assistant It's 7..... for the complete course.

Stephen OK, thank you!

b Work in pairs and invent similar dialogues for other sports courses.



Grammar

Past simple regular verbs Positive

Complete the sentences with these words.

	scored	played	finished	wanted
1	I		. for the sc	hool team
2	The gam	ie	a	about an
	hour ago	0.		
3	We reall	y	to	o win.
4	1		. a goal.	

Complete the rule.

Write the Past simple forms of these verbs.

walk	look
wait	open
love	like
relax	hate
watch	live
listen	play
surf	borrow
close	arrive
touch	happen
climb	dance
talk	phone
hurry	try
study	



Gircle the Past simple forms of the verbs in the text below then complete the table.

Yesterday I played football. At 6 o'clock it started to rain. So I phoned my friend Daniel. We listened to some CDs and then watched a great film on TV. At 10, Daniel's father arrived. Daniel wanted to see the ending of the film. He asked his father of that was OK. Fortunately, it was!

Present	Past

Complete the sentence with the Past simple form of the verbs.

1	Mr Miller's dog a cat. (chase)
2	Dad at 7 pm. (arrive)
3	The dog into the water. (jump)
4	I to music all evening. (listen)
5	Sarah me at 9. (phone)
6	Annie's schoolhag (carry)

6 Complete the text with the Past simple form of the verbs below.

be (x5) look (x3) turn show open (not) be

The alarm clock rang. I ' at it — it
² 5 am.
I ³ it off. A few minutes later, it
rang again. I 4 at it $-$ it 5
4.45 am! Then there $^{\rm 6}$ a strange
noise. Something 7 in the garden.
8 the window. I 9 out. This

Grammar

Complete the story with the Past simple of the verbs below.

to be (x3)
shout
rescue
walk
stay
happen
want



Last Saturday something bad 1
We 2 at the sea. The sea 3
warm that day. I can't swim but I 4 to
go into the water. I 5 into the sea alone
My friends ⁶ on the beach. Suddenly,
the water 7very deep. 'Help, help, l
can't swim,' I 8 Of course, my friends
9 me. Now I'm having swimming
lessons!

3 Circle the correct answers to complete the text.

Yesterday, ¹...... my birthday. My friends and I ²..... the morning. Then we ⁴..... some food so we ⁵..... to my house. Mum and Dad weren't there, so I ⁶..... them. 'Can you come home? My friends and I are hungry!' They ⁷..... home ten minutes later and ⁸..... us a great meal!



1	A	on	3	A	at	5	A	was	7	A	were
	B	is		В	in		B	were		B	is
	C	was		C	on		C	walked		C	arrived
2	A	was	4	A	wanted	6	A	those	8	A	cooked
	B	are		B	were		B	phoned		B	watched
	C	played		C	shouted		C	them		C	liked

Complete the text with the verbs below.



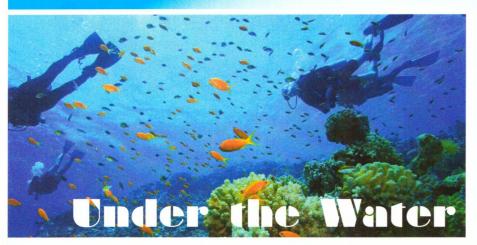
was	chased	watched	tried	jumped	were
My fri	iend and I	1	a DVE) yesterday	evening.
lt ²		about a bar	nk robbe	ery. The ro	bber
3	01	ut of the bai	nk wind	ow and 4	
to rur	n away. Bu	t the police	5	the	robber.
And tl	hey ⁶	sur	orised w	hen they f	ound out it
was a	child!!				

Skills

Reading



Read the story and circle T (True) or F (False) for the sentences below.



My name is Mark and I was on an adventure holiday last month. I love scuba diving so I decided to book a dive with the local diving school.

My instructor helped me to put on my aqualungs, my own old mask and fins and showed me the depth gauge where you can see how much oxygen is in the tanks.

I dived under the waves behind the instructor. It was incredible

- so many different fish and such beautiful colours! I was in another world! Suddenly, the instructor waved to me and pointed at his watch. It was difficult to see through my face mask as it is quite old but his signal looked like ten minutes more. I continued swimming around, looking at the fish and rocks and the strange creatures of the sea. Then, suddenly, I started to feel strange - dizzy and tired. There were black spots in front of my eyes and my body was heavy. That is all I remember...

The next thing I remember is I was on the beach, lying on the sand with my instructor. He looked angry.

'What happened?' he said. 'I signalled for you to come to the surface but when I looked back you weren't there. Where were you?'

'You signalled 10 minutes more,' I said. I was still very tired and it was difficult to speak.

'No way,' he said. 'There was fifteen minutes of oxygen in your tank so it was a very short dive. You looked at me, then disappeared. You nearly died. I pulled you to the surface!'

'My mask wasn't clear,' I said. 'It looked like ten minutes to me.'

'I think you need a new mask,' he replied. 'You were very lucky!'

1.	Mark wanted to go caving.	T / F
2.	The mask and fins were his own.	T / F
3.	The depth gauge shows you how much oxygen is in the tanks.	T / F
4.	The instructor signalled ten minutes more.	T / F
5.	Mark's instructor was angry with him after the dive.	T / F
6.	The instructor pulled him to the surface.	T / F
7.	There was twenty minutes of oxygen in the tank.	T / F
8.	Mark needs a new mask.	T / F

Skills

Listening





1	Mrs Smith worked in a shop.	T / F
2	She cleaned a room on the second floor.	T / F
3	The director checked on Mrs Smith.	T / F
4	The floor was still dirty.	T / F
5	Part of the modern sculpture wasn't there.	T / F
6	The jacket with five roses wasn't there.	T / F
7	The jacket with roses was part of a sculpture.	T / F
8	The sculpture was worth £ 40,000.	T / F

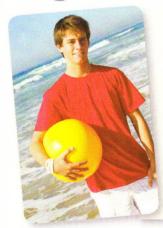


Writing Letter format



When writing a letter, use 'Dear' at the beginning and 'Love' or 'Best wishes' (if you don't know the person very well) at the end.

Read the letter and circle all the past verbs.



Dear Jo,

I was in Italy for two weeks this year with my family. We stayed for a week in Rome and for a week on the beach near Rome. We visited a lot of famous buildings and museums. I enjoyed it, but I was tired by the end. The beach was great. I played volleyball and relaxed. I wanted to speak Italian but I didn't. I was too shy! I loved my holidays.

What about you?

Love,

Pete



Reply to Pete's letter and describe your last holiday.



The Story of the Stones 6

Three stones to rule the universe!

Complete the dialogue. Watch Episode 6 again to check.

How dare you! You're welcome. That was close.

Daniel Phew!

Sunborn Thank you all very much. You were a great help.

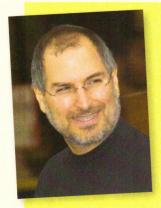
Emma



CLIL History

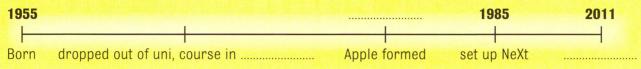
Biography Modern History Makers

Read about Steve Jobs and complete the timeline below.



STEVE JOBS - inventor and businessman

Steve Jobs was born in America in 1955. He was clever and good at electronics, but he dropped out of university. During this time, he did a course in font design. He started the Apple Company in 1976, with his school friend, Steve (Woz) Wozniak, who invented the first Apple computer. Apple computers were more 'user friendly' than other computers. They used images rather than commands – a pair of scissors to show 'Cut', a pen to show 'Colour', etc and clear and easy fonts. He stayed at Apple until 1985 then set up his own company NeXT and bought the animation company Pixar. His company won prizes for Toy Story and other films. In 1996, he went back to Apple as the CEO. He died of cancer in 2011.



Read about J.K. Rowling and complete the table below.

J.K. Rowling - author

Jo Rowling was born in England in 1965 and wrote her first story about a rabbit when she was six. She was on a long train journey when she had the ideas for all the Harry Potter books. When she wrote Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone she was divorced, had a baby girl and no job. She wrote most of the story in cafes in Edinburgh with her daughter asleep in a pushchair! Published in 1997, Harry Potter won the British Children's Book of the Year award. She wrote the next six 'H.P.' books between 1998 and 2007. So far there are more than 450 million copies of Harry Potter books in 72 languages and all the books are now films. Jo Rowling set up the

Volant Charitable Trust in 2000. This gives money from her books and films

to various charities.



Name:

Born:

Nationality:

Occupation:

History:

Achievements:

Why you think she is special:

WEBQUEST

Find out:

- Who invented the internet and the World Wide Web and why?
- Write a short biography or timeline of this man.



Check your progress 6

Units 11 and 12

1 afos	e / at
3 rahimrac	
4 pardcbuo	
5 rahic	
Complete the sentences with the Passimple form of the verbs. 1 m 4 r 2 t 5 t p 3 a g 6 m 1 My brother at the museum yesterday. 2 l hungry last night Complete the sentences with the Passimple form of the verbs. 1 They on holiday last summer. (relax) 2 We computer games evening. (play) 3 My friends and I	12)
Simple form of the verbs. They	
2 Write the names of the places. [½ point each] 1 They	
1 m 4 r	
2 t 5 t p 2 We	
evening. (play) 3 a _ g _ 6 m at the museum yesterday. 1 My brother at the museum yesterday. 2 L hungry last night	
3 My friends and I	all
Complete the sentences. 1 My brother at the museum yesterday. ✓ 2 Leading bungry last night ✓ 3 marty. (dance) 4 Ben and Dan for thre hours on Sunday. (walk) 5 My sister in London I.	
Complete the sentences. 1 My brother at the museum yesterday. 2 Lead hungry last night 2 Lead hungry last night 3 My sister in London L	е
1 My brother at the museum yesterday. 2 Leading bungry last night 3 My sister in London I.	
yesterday. yesterday. My sister in London I	е
2 I hungry last night 🗷 5 My sister in London i	
	ast
3 My mum and dad at the restaurant year. (live)	
on Saturday.)
minutes (Wait)	
4 We at the theme park last month.	6
5 late for the English lesson.	
Match the questions to the answers. A 1you at the party on Satu	rday?
R Yes 12	raay.
was nelate for the English lesson?	
Were your mum and dad at the theatre?	
3 Was your sister at nome on Saturday?	
4 Were we at the party last weekend? B Yes, they 6but Mark and	1
5 Was I at the art gallery yesterday? Katie 7 there.	
Katie there.	7
a Yes, I was. d Yes, they were. Translate the questions and sentence	200
p No. we weren t. e No. sne wash t.	63.
c Yes, he was. 1 Were you late for school yesterday?	
5	
Reorder the words to make sentences. 2 They weren't at the cinema on Sunda	ay.
Then write the questions. [2 points each]	
3 Maria watched TV last night. 1 yesterday / was / at 6 pm / park / My / at /	
bushban / tha /	
brother / the /. 4 John phoned me last week.	
2 Tom's / museum / was / class / the / on 5 My cousins stayed at the hotel at the	
o My obdomo otayou at the notor at the	;
Tuesday / at / . theme park.	
7 neatourant / friends / at / My / the / last C. The film finished at 10 nm	
3 restaurant / friends / at / My / the / last 6 The film finished at 10 pm.	
weekend / were / .	
A last midht / was / late / She /	6)
4 last night / was / late / She / .	50
MY PROGRESS SO FAR IS brilliant! ■ quite good. ■ not great. I	



WORDLIST

STARTER

birthday /'b3:θdeɪ/ black /blæk/ blue /blu:/ board /boid/ book /buk/ bus /bas/ bye /bai/ car /ka:/ chair /tsea/ chicken /'t(ikin/ child /tfaild/ colour /'kalə(r)/ classroom /'kla:srom/ computer /kəmˈpjuːtə(r)/ day /dei/ desk /desk/ to do /tə 'du:/ eight /eɪt/ eighteen / ei'ti:n/ eleven /I'levn/ English /'inglis/ exercise book /'eksəsaiz buk/

buk/
favourite /'feɪvərɪt/
fifteen /ˌfɪf'ti:n/
fine /faɪn/
fish /fɪʃ/
five /faɪv/
football /'fotbɔ:l/
food /fu:d/
four /fɔ:(r)/
fourteen /ˌfɔ:'ti:n/
Friday /'fraɪdeɪ/
friend /frend/
from /frem/

from /frəm/ good afternoon / gud

a:ftə'nu:n/
good evening / god 'i:vn:ŋ/

good morning / gud 'mɔ:nɪŋ/ goodnight / gud'naɪt/

goodbye /ˌgud'baɪ/ great /greɪt/ green /gri:n/ grey /greɪ/

hamburger /ˈhæmbɜːgə(r)/ hello /həˈləʊ/

hi /haɪ/

homework /houmwa:k/

hotel /həʊˈtel/
to know /tə ˈnəʊ/
laptop /ˈlæptop/
man /mæn/
Monday /ˈmʌndeɪ/

name /neim/ nine /nain/ nineteen /ˌnain¹ti:n/

number /'nam'ti:n/

old /əuld/

one /wan/ orange /brind3/ paper /'peipə(r)/ pen /pen/ pencil /'pensl/ pencil case /'pensl kers/ person /'ps:sn/ pink /piŋk/ pizza /ˈpiːtsə/ purple /'ps:pl/ to read /tə 'ri:d/ red /red/ repeat /rɪˈpiːt/ rubber /'rʌbə(r)/ rucksack /'raksæk/ ruler /'ru:lə(r)/ Saturday /'sætədeɪ/ seven /'sevn/ seventeen / sevn'ti:n/ six /siks/ sixteen / siks ti:n/ student / stju:dnt/ Sunday /'sʌndeɪ/ supermarket /'su:pəma:kit/ surname /'ss:neim/

sunday /'sandei/ supermarket /'su:j surname /'ss:neim tablet /'tæblət/ taxi /'tæksi/ teacher /'ti:tʃə(r)/ tell /tel/

ten /ten/ tennis /'tenɪs/ thanks /θæŋks/ thirteen /ˌθɜː'tiːn/ three /θriː/

Thursday /' θ 3:zdeI/Tuesday /'tju:zdeI/

twelve /twelv/
twenty /'twenti/

twenty-one / twenti wan/

understand /ˌʌndəˈstænd/ Wednesday /ˈwenzdeɪ/

week /wi:k/ where /weə(r)/ white /waɪt/ whiteboard /¹waɪtbɔ:d/

woman /'woman/ to work /ta 'ws:k/ to write /ta 'raɪt/

year /yɪə(r)/ yellow /'yeləu/

UNIT 1

act /ækt/
age /eɪdʒ/
agent /'eidʒənt/
angry /'æŋgri/
area /'eəriə/
back /bæk/
band /bænd/

big /big/ biggest /bigist/ bored /boid/ boy /boi/ building /bildin/ busy /bizi/ capital /'kæpɪtl/ capsule /'kæpsju:l/ cat /kæt/ clever /'klevə(r)/ clothes /klauðz/ cold /kəuld/ to come /tə 'kʌm/ copy /'kppi/ correct /kəˈrekt/ country /'kantri/ craft /kra:ft/ diary /'daɪəri/ dog /dog/ door /do:(r)/ England /'ingland/ excited /ik'saitid/ famous /'fermas/ to feel /tə 'fi:1/ feeling /'fi:lin/ to go /tə ˈgəu/ guest /gest/ happy /'hæpi/ here /hiə(r)/ history /'histri/ home /houm/ hot /hot/ house /haus/ hungry /hʌŋgri/ /ldeagq mr/ sldiazoqmi inside / in said/ Ireland / arələnd/ Irish /'airis//

late /leɪt/ look /lʊk/ manager /ˈmænɪdʒə(r)/

language /ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ/

market / ma:kit/ maths /mæθs/ meet /mi:t/ most /məust/

mountain /ˈmauntən/
nationality /ˌnæʃəˈnæləti/

nervous /'na:vəs /
new /nju:/

next /nekst/ nice /nais/ of course /əv 'kəis/ party /'paiti/

PE /pi: i:/
people /pi:pl/

photo /'fautau/ place /pleis/ police /pa'li:s/

population / popjə leifn/river / rivə(r)/

robbery /'roberi/
roof /ru:f/
round /raund/
royal guard /,roiel 'ga:d/
sad /sæd/

robber /'robə(r)/

sam /sæd/ same /seim/ scared /skead/ school /sku:l/ Scotland /'skptland/

servant /'ss:vent/ shop /fpp/ singer /'smpe(r)/

singer /'sɪŋə(r)/
slice /slaɪs/
sorry /'sɒri/
stalls /stɔːlz/
sure /ʃʋə(r)/
test /test/

theatre /ˈθɪətə(r) /
tired /ˈtaɪəd/
today /təˈdeɪ/

tomorrow /təˈmɒrəʊ/

very /'veri/
Wales /weilz/
watch /wbtʃ/
weekend /'wi:kend/
Welsh /welf/

wheel /wi:l/ who /hu:/ why /wai/

worried /'warid/

UNIT 2

chart /tʃaːt/
to clean /tə ˈkliːn/

to close /tə 'kləuz/
corner /'kɔ:nə(r)/
data /'deɪtə/

eye /aɪ/

Finland / finland/ floor /flo:(r)/

graph /gra:f/
hair /heə(r)/

headmaster / hed ma:stə(r)/

in /m/
information /mfə'meifn/
in front of /m 'frant əv/

to laugh /tə 'lɑ:f/ to look /tə 'lʊk/ mat /mæt/

next to /'neks tu:/
obviously /'pbviesli/
on /pn/

open /'aupn/

person (plural people)

/'ps:sn/ (/'pi:pl/) picture /'piktso(r)/ pie chart /'pai tsat/ poster /'pausta(r)/ quiet /'kwarət/ right /rait/ to run /tə 'rʌn/ to see /tə 'si:/ shop /spp/ to show /ta 'sou/ to sit /tə 'sɪt/ small /smo:1/ to stand /tə 'stænd/ strange /streind3/ to take /tə 'teik/ team /ti:m/ under /'Andə(r)/ window / windou/

accident / æksident/ armchair /'a:mtfeə(r)/ bath /ba:θ/ bathroom /'ba:θrum/ bed /bed/ bedroom /bedrom/ bedside table / bedsaid teibl/ bicycle /baisikl/ big /big/ bookcase /'bukkeis/ bookshelf (plural bookshelves) /bukself/ (/'buk(elvz/) bright /brait/ camel /'kæml/ camera /ˈkæmərə/ carpet /'ka:pit/ children /tsildren/ comfortable /'kamftəbl/ cooker /'kuka(r)/ cow /kau/ cupboard /'knbad/ curtain / ks:tn/ cushion /'kusn/ daughter /'do:tə(r)/

design /di'zain/

pleia(r)/

every /'evri/

felt /felt/

film /film/

DVD player / di: vi: 'di:

fantastic /fæn'tæstik/

furniture /'fa:nit(ə(r)/

garage / gæra:d3/

to float /tə 'fləut/

to fly /tə 'flaɪ/

frame /freim/

fridge /frid3/

grass /gras/ to get married /ta get mærid/ hall /ho:1/ hour /'auə(r)/ ideal /ar'di:l/ island / arland/ jacket /'dzækit/ joke /dʒəʊk/ kitchen / kitsən/ lake /leik/ lamp /læmp/ left /left/ light /lart/ living room /'livin rom/ long /lon/ medicine / medsn/ message / mesid3/ to miss /tə 'mis/ mobile phone /məubail faun/ motor boat / mouto bout/ often /bfn/ pedigree /'pedigri:/ pig /pig/ quickly /'kwikli/ radio station / reidiou ster(n/ recycled /ri: saikld/ reed /ri:d/ rug /rng/ sheep /firp/ sink /sink/ smartphone /'sma:tfəun/ sofa /ˈsəufə/ solar panel /səulə 'pænl/ south $/sau\theta/$ spell /spel/ steak /steik/ stereo / steriau/ suitcase /'su:tkeis/ table /'teibl/ tea /ti:/ toilet /'toilet/ trophy /'trəufi/ unfriendly /An'frendli/ wardrobe / wo:draub/ washbasin / wbsbeisn/ whose /hu:z/ wood /wud/ wooden /'wudn/ yak /jæk/ yurt /ja:t/

accent / æksent/ American /əˈmerɪkən/ Argentina /a:dʒənˈti:nə/ Argentinian / a:dʒən tıniən/ arm /g:m/

banana /bəˈna:nə/ basketball /'baskitbasl/ beard /biad/ before /bi'fo:(r)/ blonde /blond/ box /boks/ Brazil /brəˈzɪl/ Brazilian /brəˈzɪliən/ Britain /'britn/ British / britis/ brother /braðə(r)/ butterfly /bntəflai/ Canada / kænədə/ Canadian /kəˈneɪdiən/ China /'t∫aınə/ Chinese / tsar'ni:z/ clue /klu:/ continent / kontinent/ curly /'ks:li/ dark /da:k/ DVD drive / di: vi: di: draiv/ ear /ia(r)/ early /'s:li/ equator /I'kweitə(r)/ fair /feə(r)/ father /'fa:ðə(r)/ feet /fi:t/ finally /'faməli/ finger /'fingə(r)/ flag /flæg/ foot /fut/ football player /'futbo:l pleia(r)/ France /frains/ French /frents/ Geography /dʒi'pgrəfi/ German / dʒɜːmən/ Germany /dʒɜːməni/ glasses /ˈglɑ:sɪz/ hair /heə(r)/ hand /hænd/ head /hed/ hook /huk/ India /'india/ Indian / Indian/ interesting / intrestin/ Italian /I'tæliən/ Italy /'ɪtəli/ Jamaica /dʒəˈmeɪkə/ Jamaican /dʒəˈmeɪkən/

Nigeria /nai'dziəriə/ Nigerian / nai dziəriən/ nose /nəuz/ parrot /'pærət/ pet /pet/ phone /faun/ plump /plnmp/ shirt /sit/ short /so:t/ shoulder /ˈʃəʊldə(r)/ sister /'sistə(r)/ slim /slim/ Spain /spein/ Spanish / spænis/ sport /sport/ straight /streit/ Sweden /'swi:dn/ Swedish / swi:dif/ Swiss /swis/ Switzerland / switsələnd/ tall /to:1/ teeth /ti:θ/ toe /tau/ T-shirt / ti:∫3:t/ Turkey / ta:ki/ Turkish /ta:kif/ umbrella /nm'brelə/ the USA /ðə ju: es 'ei/ to wear /tə 'weə(r)/ to worry /tə 'wʌri/ young /jan/

UNIT 5

always /ˈɔːlweɪz/ apple /'æpl/ athletics /æθ'letiks/ beans /bi:nz/ beef /bi:f/ biscuit /'biskit/ boring /borrny/ bottle /'botl/ bread /bred/ breakfast / brekfast/ broccoli /'brokəli/ bus /bas/ butter /'bʌtə(r)/ to buy /tə 'baɪ/ cake /keik/ canteen /kæn'ti:n/ carrot /'kærət/ to carry /tə 'kæri/ to catch /to 'kæts/ cheeseburger /\t\sizb3:ga(r)/ cherry /'tseri/ chips /t(ips/ chocolate /'tfpklət/ cinema /'sɪnəmə/ coffee /'kpfi/

New Zealand /nju: 'zi:land/ New Zealander /nju: zi:ləndə(r)/

Japan /dʒəˈpæn/

leg /leg/

Japanese /dzæpə'ni:z/

Moroccan /məˈrɒkən/

mountain bike / mauntan

Morocco /məˈrɒkəu/

compulsory education

/kəm_pʌlsəri _edʒuˈkeɪʃn/ to cook /tə 'kuk/ to cry /tə 'kraı/ cup /kap/ curry /kari/ delicious /drlrfəs/

dinner /'dinə(r)/ drink /drink/

egg /eg/

encourage /in'karida/ expensive /ik'spensiv/

fee /fi:/ fish /fi(/ fizzy /'fizi/

fork /fo:k/ free /fri:/

fruit /fruit/ glass /glass/

grape /greip/ to hate /tə 'heɪt/ healthy /'helθi/

herbal tea /ˌhɜːbl ˈtiː/

hockey /'hoki/ holiday /'holidei/

ice cream /ais krim/ to kiss /tə 'kıs/

kiwi /'ki:wi:/ knife /naɪf/

to leave /tə 'li:v/

lunch /lants/ meal /mi:l/

meat /mi:t/ milk /mɪlk/

to mix /tə miks/ monster / monstə(r)/

month $/m_A n\theta/$

to move /tə 'mu:v/ mystery /'mistri/

napkin /'næpkin/ never /'nevə(r)/

noodle /'nu:dl/ to notice /tə 'nəutis/

once /wans/ onion /'Anjən/

orange /brind3/ orange juice / prind3

dzu:s/ park /pa:k/ to pass /tə 'paːs/ plate /pleit/

popcorn /'popko:n/ popular /'popjələ(r)/ potato /pa'tertau/

primary school / praimeri

sku:l/ pudding /'pudin/

quick /kwik/ to relax /tə rı'læks/

to remember

/tə rɪˈmembə(r)/

restaurant /'restront/

rice /rais/ rocket /'rpkit/ salad /'sæləd/

sandwich /'sænwits/ saucer /'soisə(r)/ sausage /'spsid3/

sea /si:/

secondary school

/ˈsekəndri sku:l/ ship //ip/ shopping /'sppin/

sometimes /'samtaimz/

soup /su:p/ spinach /'spinits/

spoon /spu:n/ to study /tə 'stʌdi/

submarine /sabməˈriːn/ sugar /\suga(r)/

tablecloth /'terblklpθ/ tea /ti:/

term /ts:m/ to tidy /tə 'taɪdi/ toast /təust/

treasure /'treʒə(r)/ underwater

/ˌʌndəˈwɔːtə(r)/ uniform /ˈjuːnɪfɔːm/ university /ju:nəˈvɜ:sɪti/ usually /ˈjuːʒəli/

vegetable /'vedztəbl/ to visit /tə 'vızıt/

warm /wo:m/ to wash /ta wps// to watch /tə wpts/ water /'wo:tə(r)/

yoghurt /'jpgət/

a lot /ə 'lot/ answer /'a:nsə(r)/ away /ə'wei/

balanced diet /bælenst

daıət/ body /bpdi/ brother-in-law

/braðərinlə:/ bus stop /bas stop/

cafeteria /kæfəˈtɪəriə/ carbohydrate

/.ka:bə haidreit/

cereal /'siarial/ clock /klpk/ cool /ku:1/

to drive /tə 'draiv/

end /end/ energy /enədzi/ **expensive** /ik'spensiv/

to explain /tu ik splein/ farm /fa:m/

fat /fæt/

to feed /tə 'fi:d/ fibre /'faibə(r)/

to finish /tə 'finis/

first /f3:st/

fishing / fishin/ fuel /'fjuəl/

fun /fan/

genetically modified food

/dʒəˌnetɪkli ˌmɒdɪfaɪd fu:d

to get up /tə get 'Ap/

to give /tə 'gɪv/ to hand out /tə hænd 'aut/ hard /ha:d/

to have breakfast /tə hæv

brekfəst/ horse /hois/

ill /Il/

instrument / instramant/ to interview /tu 'intəvju:/

life /laif/

to listen to /tə 'lısn tu:/

to live /tə 'lɪv/

to make fun of /tə ˌmeɪk

fan av/

mineral / mineral/ money /'mʌni/

mother / maðə(r)/

music /mju:zik/ northern /'no:ðən/

o'clock /ə'klpk/

oh dear /əu ˈdɪə(r)/ oil /oil/

parent /'pearant/

piano /pi'ænəu/ to play /tə 'pleɪ/

to practise /tə 'præktɪs/ protein / prauti:n/

to repair /tə rɪˈpeə(r)/ to ride a horse /tə raid ə

ho:s/

rollerblading

/'raulableidin/ routine /ru: ti:n/

to send /tə send/ to snore /tə 'sno:(r)/

to speak /tə 'spi:k/

specific /spəˈsɪfɪk/ to spend /tə 'spend/

sports centre /'sports senta(r)/

to start /tə 'sta:t/

to surf /tə 'sa:f/ Sunday / sander/

sweets /swi:ts/

to talk /tə 'tɔ:k/

thing $\theta \eta$ Thursday $/^{l}\theta$ 3:zdeI/

trainer / trema(r)/ vitamin / vitamin/

to wake up /tə weik 'Ap/ to walk /tə wo:k/ to want /tə 'wont/ way /wei/

UNIT 7

to argue /tu 'a:gju:/ balloon /bəˈluːn/ to bat /tə 'bæt/ to bowl /tə 'bəul/ cap /kæp/ card /ka:d/ casual /kæʒuəl/ clothes /klauðz/ coach /kəut(/ confused /kənˈfjuːzd/ denim / denim/ document /'dokjement/ dress /dres/ to dribble /tə 'dribl/

excuse me /ɪkˈskjuːz miː/ family /'fæməli/

goal /gəul/

goose (plural geese) /gu:s/

(/gi:s/) guitar /gi'ta:(r)/ gym /dzim/

hairband /heəbænd/ ham /hæm/ hat /hæt/

hen /hen/ to hold on /tə həuld 'pn/

hole /haul/ hood /hud/

how many / hao 'meni/ how much / hav 'mats/

jeans /dzi:nz/ key-ring /'ki:rɪŋ/

to lend /to 'lend/ magazine /mægə'zi:n/ match /mæts/

messy / mesi/ nail /neɪl/

MP3 player / em pi: 'tri: pleiə(r)/

to paint /tə 'peint/ pair /pea(r)/ pocket /'pokit/

present /'preznt/ price /prais/ problem / problem/

ready /'redi/ ring /rɪŋ/ sandal /'sændl/

to score /tə ˈskɔ:(r)/ shoe /ʃuː/ skirt /sk3:t/ smart /sma:t/

to smile /tə 'smail/ sock /spk/

spotted /'spotted/ stick /stik/ striker /straikə(r)/ sweater /'sweta(r)/ to tackle /tə 'tækl/ top /top/ tournament / to:nement/ to train /tə 'treɪn/ trousers /'trauzəz/ to try on /tə traɪ 'pn/ volleyball /'voliboil/ warm-up / wo:map/ to win /tə 'wɪn/

acrobat / ækrəbæt/ alphabet /'ælfəbet/ aunt /q:nt/ bell /bel/ to borrow /tə 'borəu/ cello /'tselau/ clarinet /klærə net/ to climb /tə 'klaım/ cousin /'kazn/ cymbal /'simbl/ to dance /tə 'da:ns/ difficult / difikalt/ to dive /tə 'daɪv/ drum /dram/ exercise /'eksəsaiz/ father-in-law / fa:ðərɪnlə:/ fit /fit/ flute /flu:t/ gong /gpn/ grandfather / grænfa:ðə(r)/ grandmother /ˈgrænmʌðə(r)/

grandparent /'grænpeərənt/ Greek /gri:k/ harp /ha:p/ harpsichord /harpsiko:d/ hear /hiə(r)/ hippo /hipəu/ horn /ho:n/ ice skating / ars skertin/ instrument /'instrement/ to juggle /tə 'dʒʌgl/ kilometre /'kıləmi:tə(r)/ length /leηθ/ luck /lnk/ lucky /'laki/ moment / maumant/ mother-in-law / maðərınlo:/ oboe /'aubau/ opera /'pprə/ orchestra /ˈɔːkestrə/ pool /pu:1/ recorder /ri'kɔ:də(r)/ to roller blade /tə 'rəulə bleɪd/ row /rəu/ safety net /'seifti net/ saxophone /'sæksəfəun/ show /ʃəʊ/ shower /'saua(r)/ to sing /tə 'sɪŋ/ skiing / ski:in/ surprise /səˈpraɪz/ to swim /tə 'swim/ tambourine / tæmbə ri:n/ tightrope-walking /taitrəupwo:kin/ tonight /tə'naɪt/ tree /tri:/ triangle /traiængl/ trombone /trom'baun/ trumpet /'trampit/ tuba / tju:bə/ uncle /'Ankl/ to unicycle /tə 'ju:nisaikl/ /nıl'eıav,/ niloiv

advertisement

/æd'v3:tismənt/ air /ea(r)/ April /'eiprəl/ August /'a:gast/ to calculate /tə 'kælkjuleɪt/ to call /tə 'kɔ:l/ to celebrate /tə 'selibreit/ credit /'kredit/ **December** /dr'sembə(r)/ to disturb /tə dı'sta:b/ eighth /eitθ/ embarrassing /im/bærəsin/ to enjoy /tu ɪn'dʒɔɪ/ essay /'esei/ event /I'vent/ fan /fæn/ February / februari/ fifth /fifθ/ formula /'fo:mjələ/ Hallowe'en /hæləu'i:n/ to happen /to hæpn/ information / info mei(n/ to invent /tu in vent/ invention /m'ven(n/ January /ˈdʒænjuəri/ July /dʒuˈlaɪ/ June /dzu:n/ to look after /tə luk 'a:ftə(r)/ marathon / mærəθən/ March /ma:ts/ May /mei/ newspaper /'nju:zpeipə(r)/ November /nə'vembə(r)/ October /pk'təubə(r)/ outside /aut'said/

pastime /'pastaim/

phone number /'faun namba(r)/ policeman /pəˈliːsmən/ police station /pəˈliːs ster[n/ potion /'pəu∫n/ probably /'probabli/ programme / praugræm/ to record /tə rɪˈkəːd/ second /'sekand/ security guard /sɪˈkjʊərəti ga:d/ September /sep'tembə(r)/ shopping centre /'spping sentə(r)/ skateboard /skeitboid/ to snow /tə ˈsnəu/ soap opera /'səup pprə/ soon /su:n/ stadium / sterdiam/ strong /stron/ teen /ti:n/ terrible /'terribl/ text message / tekst mesid3/ theme θ i:m/ thief /0i:f/ third $/\theta$ 3:d/ toy /toɪ/ to travel /tə 'trævl/

UNIT 10

TV presenter / ti: 'vi:

you're welcome /ja

prizenta(r)/

twelfth /twelfθ/

welkam/

art /a:t/ backup /bæknp/ beautiful /bju:trfl/ blog /blog/ bracelet /breislat/ to burn /tə 'ba:n/ cable /'keibl/ charity /'tsærəti/ to check /tə 'tfek/ to check out /tə tfek aut/ chemical /'kemikl/ to click /tə 'klık/ to collect /tə kəˈlekt/ to connect /tə kəˈnekt / to create /tə kri'eit / to download /tə daun'ləud/ drawer /dro:(r)/ file /fail/ to fill up /tə fil 'Ap/ to fix /tə 'fiks/ free time /,fri: 'taɪm/ graffiti /grə fi:ti/ hard disk / ha:d 'disk/

to interview /tu 'mtəvju:/ invitation / invitein/ landfill /'lændfil/ link /link/ lost /lpst/ mouse /maus/ mug /mag/ opposite /'ppazit/ owl /aul/ to print /tə 'print/ printer /'printə(r)/ program / praugræm/ rich /rits/ secret /'si:krət/ software /spftwea(r)/ square /skweə(r)/ trap /træp/ to upload /tu np'loud/ virus /'vairəs/ wrong /rpn/ zebra /ˈzebrə/

UNIT 11

above /ə'bʌv/ ago /əˈgəu/ to arrest /tu əˈrest/ attack /əˈtæk/ to believe /tə bɪˈliːv/ between /bi'twi:n/ brilliant /'briliant/ butler /batle(r)/ ceremony /'serəməni/ cook /kuk/ to date /tə 'deɪt/ to drill /tə 'dril/ expert /'eksps:t/ to fail /tə 'feɪl/ footprint /'futprint/ to found /tə 'faund/ human /hju:mən/ lamp /læmp/ landmark / lændma:k/ library /'laɪbrəri/ maid /meid/ play /plei/ to scare /tə 'skeə(r)/ sick /sik/ to stay /tə 'steɪ/ tourist / toerist/ tower /'tauə(r)/ typical /'tipikl/ truth /tru:θ/ village / vilid3/ yesterday /ˈjestədeɪ/

amazing /əˈmeɪzɪŋ/ art gallery / a:t gæleri/ aqualung /ˈækwəlʌŋ/

to arrive /tu əˈraɪv/ baby /'beɪbi/ backpack /bækpæk/ to book /tə 'buk/ boot /bu:t/ café /'kæfeɪ/ to camp /tə 'kæmp/ camping /ˈkæmpɪŋ/ campsite /'kæmpsaɪt/ cancer /'kænsə(r)/ caving /'keɪvɪŋ/ to chase /to 'tfeis/ church /tstf/ clear /kliə(r)/ to cut /tə 'kʌt/ to die /tə 'daɪ/ director /dar/rektə(r)/ dizzy /'dızi/ to drop out /tə drop aut/ electronics /I,lek'troniks/ exhibition / eksi bisn/ festival /'festivl/ fin /fin/ font /font/ form /fo:m/ heavy /'hevi/ helmet /helmit/ helpful /'helpfl/ hiking /haikin/ hostel /hostl/ to hurry /tə hari/ instructor /m'straktə(r)/ job /dzpb/ to jump /tə ˈdʒʌmp/ kayak /'karæk/ kayaking /ˈkaɪækɪŋ/ mask /mask/ monument / monjument/ museum /mju:'ziəm/ paddle /'pædl/ prize /praiz/ $\textbf{pushchair} \ / \text{puftfea}(r) /$ rabbit /'ræbit/ to rain /tə reɪn/ to reply /tə rɪ'plaɪ/ to rescue /tə 'reskju:/ to ring /tə ˈrɪŋ/ rock /rok/ rope /raup/ rose /rəuz/ rubbish /'rabis/ scissors /'sizəz/ scuba diving / sku:bə daivin/ sculpture / skalpt fo(r)/ to shout /tə 'ʃaut/ to signal /tə 'signəl/ to sleep /tə 'sli:p/ sleeping bag / sli:pin bæg/ snorkel /'sno:kl/ snorkelling /'sno:kəlɪŋ/

PRONUNCIATION GUIDE

Vowels	
/ix/	s ee
/I/	bit
/e/	b e d
/æ/	s a d
/aː/	f a ther
///	cut
\O/	c oo k
/uː/	t 00
/i/	happ y
/ə/	a bove
/p/	g o t
/31/	saw
/u/	act u al

Diphthongs /31/ circle /eɪ/ say /ai/ buy /JI/ boy /əʊ/ go /au/ n**ow** /I9/ hear /eə/ hair /və/ sure /juː/ few /aɪə/ fire /aʊə/ power

Consonants /p/ /3/ push mea**S**ure /b/ /h/ bank hot /t/ **t**ime /w/Water $/t\int/$ d/diary chair /k/Carpet d_{3} joke /g//m/big more /f/ /n/ snow surf /v/ $/\eta/$ sing Very $/\theta/$ /r/ thin ring /ð/ /1/ that small /s/ Sit /j/ **y**ou /z/Zero /ʃ/ **sh**ine

IRREGULAR VERB LIST

Past
became
began
broke
built
bought
came
cut
dug
did
drove
fell
fought
found
flew
forgot
got
got up
gave
went
had
heard
hit held

know

knew

Present	Past
leave	left
lose	lost
make	made
meet	met
put	put
read	read
ring	rang
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
stand	stood
steal	stole
take	took
take off	took off
teach	taught
tell	told
think	thought
wake	woke
win	won
write	wrote